

Converting Colors

RGB(102, 131, 104)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(102, 131, 104) contains.

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Color

RGB(102, 131, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	668368
RGB	102, 131, 104
RGB Percent	40%, 51%, 41%
CMY	0.6000, 0.4863, 0.5922
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.21, 0.49
HSL	124°, 12%, 46%
HSV	124°, 22%, 51%
XYZ	16.0945, 20.0569, 16.1198
YIQ	119.2510, -8.6170, -14.5450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

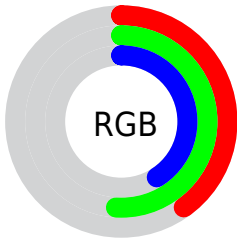
Format	Color
RYB	102, 129, 131
Decimal	6718312
CIELab	51.90, -16.06, 11.27
CIELCh	52, 19.618, 144.942
Yxy	20.0569, 0.3079, 0.3837
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284908392 (0xFF668368)
YUV	119.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291
Hunter-Lab	44.7849, -14.2255, 10.0087

Details

The RGB color **102, 131, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **131, 102, 129**, and the grayscale version is **119, 119, 119**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153, 184, 155**, and **54, 81, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 131, 92**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **115, 131, 116**.

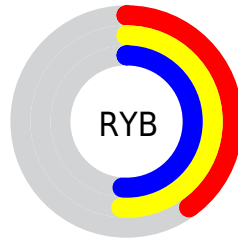
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (51%)

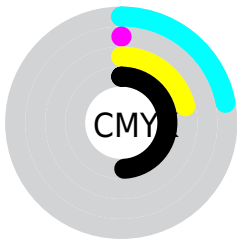
Blue (41%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (51%)

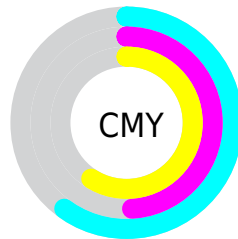


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 102, 131, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 102, 131, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 102, 131, 104

255, 255, 255

■ 153, 184, 155

■ 180, 212, 182

■ 208, 240, 210

■ 236, 255, 238

■ 102, 131, 104

■ 78, 106, 80

■ 54, 81, 57

■ 32, 58, 35

■ 11, 36, 14

■ 0, 13, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 102, 131, 104

■ 89, 131, 92

■ 76, 131, 80

■ 102, 131, 104

■ 115, 131, 116

■ 128, 131, 128

■ 63, 131, 67

■ 141, 131, 141

■ 50, 131, 55

■ 154, 131, 153

■ 37, 131, 43

■ 168, 131, 165

■ 23, 131, 31

■ 181, 131, 177

■ 10, 131, 19

■ 194, 131, 189

■ 0, 131, 9

■ 207, 131, 202

■ 220, 131, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 127, 93



102, 131, 104



84, 133, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102, 131, 104



99, 126, 157



158, 112, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102, 131, 104



131, 102, 129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



155, 112, 127



102, 131, 104



123, 120, 154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102, 131, 104



80, 131, 151



143, 115, 143



152, 116, 97

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102, 131, 104



77, 133, 132



143, 115, 143



158, 112, 116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102, 131, 104



159, 171, 160



129, 131, 102



80, 87, 80



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102, 131, 104



125, 171, 128



102, 131, 118



60, 66, 60



0, 130, 9



0, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 102, 129



171, 125, 168



131, 102, 115



66, 60, 66



130, 0, 121



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 102, 131, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

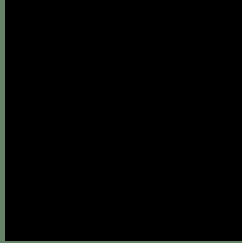
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 102, 131, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 102, 131, 104.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 102, 131, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
102, 131, 104

Protanopia
131, 123, 100

Deuteranopia
141, 119, 107



Tritanopia
108, 127, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color

102, 131, 104

Protanomaly

120, 126, 101

Deuteranomaly

127, 123, 106

Tritanomaly

106, 128, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color

102, 131, 104

Achromatopsia

119, 119, 119

Achromatomaly

113, 123, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 102, 131, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 131, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 131, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 131, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 131, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 102, 131, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 131, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 131, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 131, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 131, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 131, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 131,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 102, 131, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 131, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
131, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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