

Converting Colors

RGB(102, 250, 132)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(102, 250, 132) contains.

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Color

RGB(102, 250, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66FA84
RGB	102, 250, 132
RGB Percent	40%, 98%, 52%
CMY	0.6000, 0.0196, 0.4824
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.47, 0.02
HSL	132°, 94%, 69%
HSV	132°, 59%, 98%
XYZ	43.8300, 72.8619, 33.5835
YIQ	192.2960, -50.3300, -68.0740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

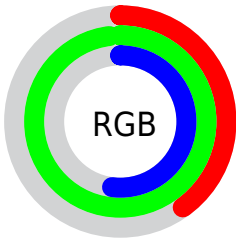
Format	Color
RYB	102, 225, 250
Decimal	6748804
CIELab	88.38, -63.63, 44.84
CIELCh	88, 77.842, 144.829
Yxy	72.8619, 0.2917, 0.4849
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284938884 (0xFF66FA84)
YUV	192.2960, -29.7259, -79.1896
Hunter-Lab	85.3592, -57.7230, 36.4246

Details

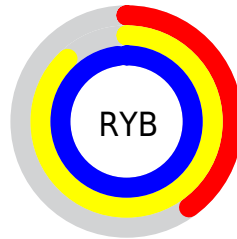
The RGB color **102, 250, 132** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **250, 102, 220**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164, 255, 187**, and **15, 192, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 250, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127, 250, 152**.

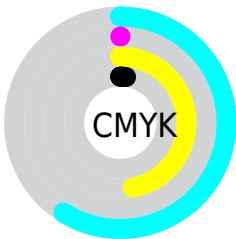
Distribution



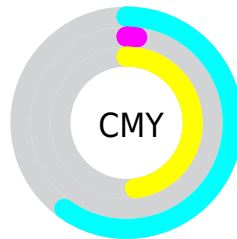
- Red (40%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 102, 250, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 102, 250, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 102, 250, 132

255, 255, 255

 164, 255, 187


 195, 255, 215


 225, 255, 244


 102, 250, 132

 67, 221, 106

 15, 192, 80

 0, 164, 54

 0, 137, 27

 0, 110, 0

 0, 85, 0

 0, 60, 0

 0, 36, 0

 0, 0, 0

 102, 250, 132

 102, 250, 132

 77, 250, 112

 127, 250, 152

 52, 250, 92

 152, 250, 172

 27, 250, 72

 177, 250, 192

 2, 250, 52

 202, 250, 212

 0, 250, 51

 227, 250, 232

 252, 250, 252

 255, 250, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201, 236, 75



102, 250, 132



0, 255, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102, 250, 132



0, 234, 255



255, 159, 164

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102, 250, 132



250, 102, 220

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 154, 238



102, 250, 132



201, 208, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102, 250, 132



0, 250, 255



255, 176, 255



255, 185, 101

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102, 250, 132



0, 255, 255



255, 176, 255



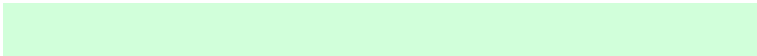
255, 154, 188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102, 250, 132



209, 255, 218



220, 250, 102



99, 128, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102, 250, 132



74, 255, 111



102, 250, 206



112, 125, 115



0, 189, 38



0, 61, 12

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



250, 102, 220



255, 74, 218



250, 102, 146



125, 112, 122



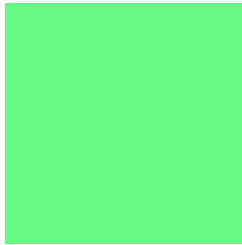
189, 0, 150



61, 0, 49

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 102, 250, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

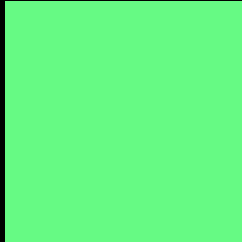
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 102, 250, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 102, 250, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 102, 250, 132.

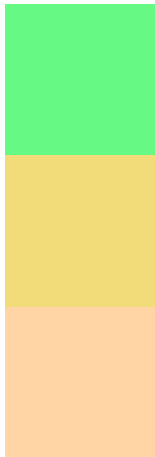


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 102, 250, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
102, 250, 132

Protanopia
242, 220, 121

Deuteranopia
255, 213, 165



Tritanopia
136, 236, 255

Trichromacy



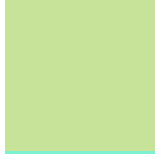
Original Color

102, 250, 132



Protanomaly

191, 231, 125



Deuteranomaly

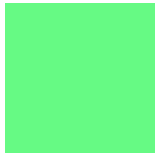
199, 226, 153



Tritanomaly

124, 241, 210

Monochromacy



Original Color

102, 250, 132



Achromatopsia

192, 192, 192



Achromatomaly

159, 213, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 102, 250, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 250, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 250, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 250, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 250, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 102, 250, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 250, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 250, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 250, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 250, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 250, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 250,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 102, 250, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 250, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
250, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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