

Converting Colors

RGB(103, 119, 137)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(103, 119, 137) contains.

RGB(103, 119, 137)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(103, 119, 137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	677789
RGB	103, 119, 137
RGB Percent	40%, 47%, 54%
CMY	0.5961, 0.5333, 0.4627
CMYK	0.25, 0.13, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	212°, 14%, 47%
HSV	212°, 25%, 54%
XYZ	16.7057, 17.8834, 26.2383
YIQ	116.2680, -15.3140, 2.2060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

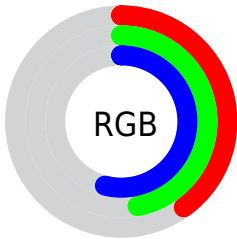
Format	Color
RYB	103, 114, 137
Decimal	6780809
CIELab	49.35, -1.62, -11.78
CIElCh	49, 11.889, 262.160
Yxy	17.8834, 0.2746, 0.2940
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284970889 (0xFF677789)
YUV	116.2680, 10.2209, -11.6360
Hunter-Lab	42.2887, -3.4908, -7.1847

Details

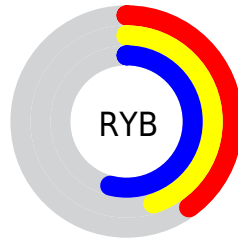
The RGB color **103, 119, 137** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **137, 121, 103**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 171, 190**, and **55, 71, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 112, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117, 126, 137**.

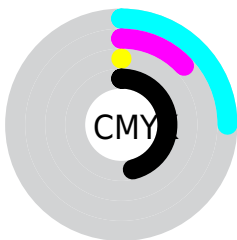
Distribution



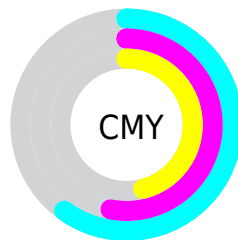
- Red (40%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 103, 119, 137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 103, 119, 137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 103, 119, 137

255, 255, 255

■ 155, 171, 190

■ 182, 198, 218

■ 209, 226, 247

■ 238, 255, 255

■ 103, 119, 137

■ 79, 94, 112

■ 55, 71, 87

■ 32, 48, 64

■ 10, 28, 42

■ 0, 1, 22

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 103, 119, 137

■ 89, 112, 137

■ 76, 104, 137

■ 103, 119, 137

■ 117, 126, 137

■ 130, 134, 137

■ 62, 97, 137

■ 144, 141, 137

■ 48, 90, 137

■ 158, 148, 137

■ 35, 83, 137

■ 172, 155, 137

■ 21, 75, 137

■ 185, 163, 137

■ 7, 68, 137

■ 199, 170, 137

■ 0, 64, 137

■ 213, 177, 137

■ 226, 184, 137

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94, 122, 133



103, 119, 137



116, 116, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103, 119, 137



139, 111, 110



106, 122, 105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103, 119, 137



137, 121, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



117, 119, 99



103, 119, 137



136, 113, 102

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103, 119, 137



136, 111, 120



128, 116, 98



96, 123, 114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103, 119, 137



124, 113, 132



128, 116, 98



109, 121, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103, 119, 137



166, 172, 179



103, 137, 121



82, 85, 89



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103, 119, 137



125, 150, 179



104, 103, 137



62, 65, 69



0, 62, 133



0, 2, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137, 103, 119



179, 125, 150



136, 137, 103



69, 62, 65



133, 0, 62



5, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 103, 119, 137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

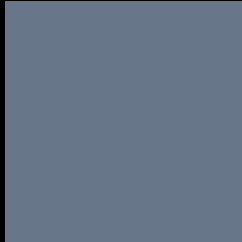
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 103, 119, 137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

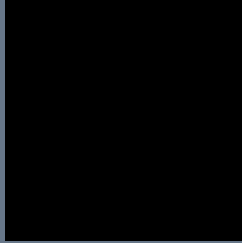
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

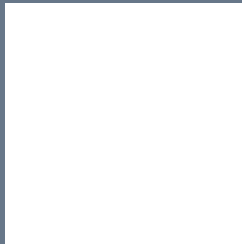
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 103, 119, 137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 103, 119, 137.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 103, 119, 137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[103](#), [119](#), [137](#)

Protanopia
[114](#), [116](#), [135](#)

Deuteranopia
[118](#), [114](#), [138](#)



Tritanopia
102, 120, 130

Trichromacy



Original Color

103, 119, 137

Protanomaly

110, 117, 136

Deuteranomaly

113, 116, 138

Tritanomaly

102, 120, 133

Monochromacy



Original Color

103, 119, 137

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

111, 117, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 103, 119, 137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 119, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 119, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 119, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 119, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 103, 119, 137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 119, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 119, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 119, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 119, 137); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 119, 137); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 119, 137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 103, 119, 137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 119, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
119, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor