

Converting Colors

RGB(103, 173, 197)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(103, 173, 197) contains.

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Color

RGB(103, 173, 197)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	67ADC5
RGB	103, 173, 197
RGB Percent	40%, 68%, 77%
CMY	0.5961, 0.3216, 0.2275
CMYK	0.48, 0.12, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	195°, 45%, 59%
HSV	195°, 48%, 77%
XYZ	30.6151, 36.8019, 58.3132
YIQ	154.8060, -49.4240, -7.3760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

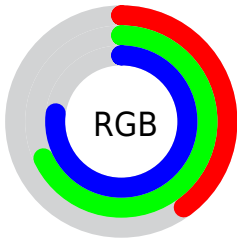
Format	Color
RYB	103, 143, 197
Decimal	6794693
CIELab	67.13, -15.57, -19.09
CIELCh	67, 24.635, 230.808
Yxy	36.8019, 0.2435, 0.2927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284984773 (0xFF67ADC5)
YUV	154.8060, 20.8016, -45.4339
Hunter-Lab	60.6646, -16.0808, -14.5267

Details

The RGB color **103, 173, 197** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **197, 127, 103**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **159, 229, 254**, and **45, 121, 143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 168, 197**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123, 178, 197**.

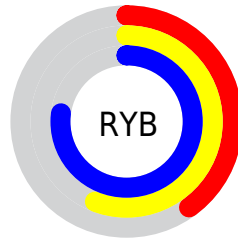
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (68%)

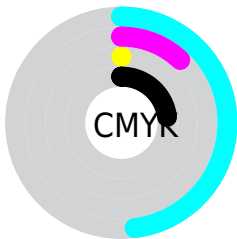
Blue (77%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (77%)

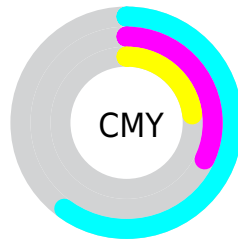


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 103, 173, 197 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 103, 173, 197 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 103, 173, 197


255, 255, 255


 159, 229, 254


 187, 255, 255

 216, 255, 255

 246, 255, 255

 103, 173, 197

 75, 146, 170

 45, 121, 143

 0, 96, 118

 0, 72, 93


 0, 49, 69

 0, 29, 47

 0, 1, 26

 0, 0, 0

 103, 173, 197

 103, 173, 197

■ 83, 168, 197

■ 123, 178, 197

■ 64, 163, 197

■ 142, 183, 197

■ 44, 158, 197

■ 162, 188, 197

■ 24, 153, 197

■ 182, 193, 197

■ 5, 148, 197

■ 202, 198, 197

■ 0, 147, 197

■ 221, 203, 197

■ 241, 208, 197

■ 255, 213, 197

■ 255, 218, 197

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99, 176, 178



103, 173, 197



127, 168, 207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103, 173, 197



203, 148, 171



163, 167, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103, 173, 197



197, 127, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186, 160, 120



103, 173, 197



209, 148, 149

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103, 173, 197



185, 153, 192



202, 152, 130



138, 172, 135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103, 173, 197



147, 163, 207



202, 152, 130



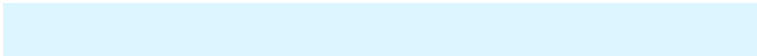
171, 165, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103, 173, 197



219, 246, 255



103, 197, 127



106, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



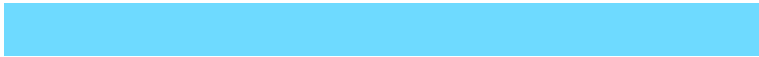
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103, 173, 197



110, 218, 255



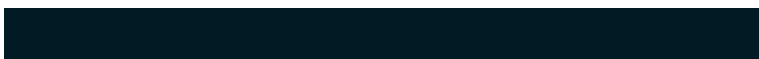
103, 127, 197



90, 97, 99



0, 122, 163



0, 27, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197, 103, 173



255, 110, 218



197, 174, 103



99, 90, 97



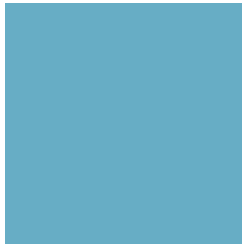
163, 0, 122



36, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 103, 173, 197 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

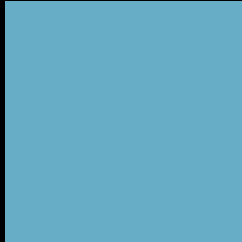
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 103, 173, 197 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

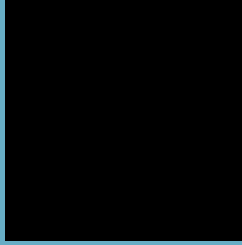
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 103, 173, 197 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 103, 173, 197.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 103, 173, 197.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
103, 173, 197

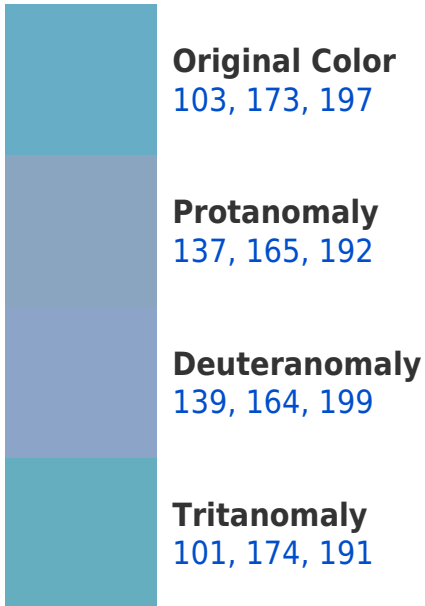
Protanopia
157, 161, 189

Deuteranopia
160, 159, 200

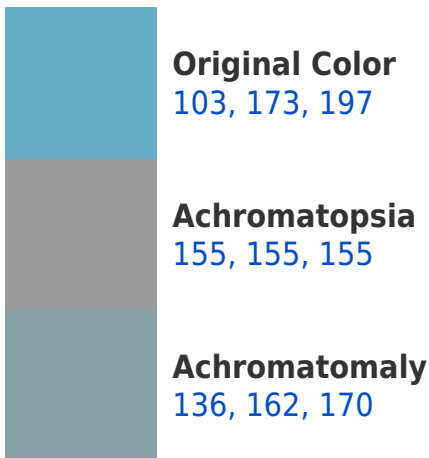


Tritanopia
100, 174, 188

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 103, 173, 197 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 173, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 173, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 173, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 173, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 103, 173, 197 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 173, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 173, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 173, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 173, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 173, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 173,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 103, 173, 197 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 173, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
173, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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