

Converting Colors

RGB(103, 199, 209)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(103, 199, 209) contains.

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Color

RGB(103, 199, 209)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	67C7D1
RGB	103, 199, 209
RGB Percent	40%, 78%, 82%
CMY	0.5961, 0.2196, 0.1804
CMYK	0.51, 0.05, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	186°, 54%, 61%
HSV	186°, 51%, 82%
XYZ	37.5256, 48.3339, 67.6732
YIQ	171.4360, -60.4260, -17.2420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

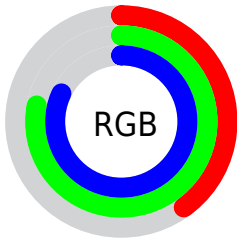
Format	Color
RYB	103, 153, 209
Decimal	6801361
CIELab	75.04, -25.59, -13.72
CIELCh	75, 29.037, 208.204
Yxy	48.3339, 0.2444, 0.3148
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284991441 (0xFF67C7D1)
YUV	171.4360, 18.5191, -60.0184
Hunter-Lab	69.5226, -25.3171, -9.0470

Details

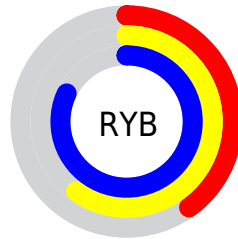
The RGB color **103, 199, 209** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **209, 113, 103**, and the grayscale version is **171, 171, 171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 255, 255**, and **39, 145, 155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 197, 209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124, 201, 209**.

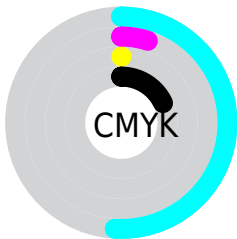
Distribution



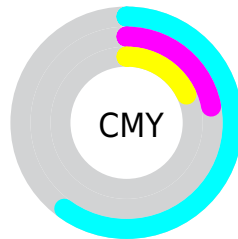
- Red (40%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



















- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 103, 199, 209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 103, 199, 209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 103, 199, 209	 103, 199, 209
 255, 255, 255	 73, 172, 181
 161, 255, 255	 39, 145, 155
 190, 255, 255	 0, 119, 129
 220, 255, 255	 0, 94, 104
 250, 255, 255	 0, 70, 79
	 0, 47, 57
	 0, 27, 35
	 0, 0, 12
	 0, 0, 0

■ 103, 199, 209

■ 103, 199, 209

■ 82, 197, 209

■ 124, 201, 209

■ 61, 195, 209

■ 145, 203, 209

■ 40, 193, 209

■ 166, 205, 209

■ 19, 191, 209

■ 187, 207, 209

■ 0, 189, 209

■ 208, 209, 209

■ 228, 211, 209

■ 249, 213, 209

■ 255, 215, 209

■ 255, 217, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118, 200, 182



103, 199, 209



115, 195, 229

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103, 199, 209



218, 170, 213



206, 182, 131

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103, 199, 209



209, 113, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



227, 173, 140



103, 199, 209



235, 165, 187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103, 199, 209



187, 178, 232



238, 167, 161



177, 191, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103, 199, 209



136, 190, 236



238, 167, 161



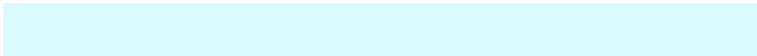
214, 179, 133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103, 199, 209



217, 251, 255



103, 209, 112



105, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103, 199, 209



99, 240, 255



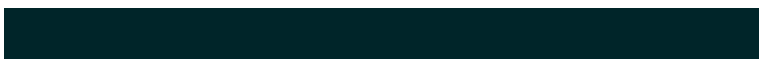
103, 147, 209



94, 104, 105



0, 152, 168



0, 37, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 103, 199



255, 99, 240



209, 165, 103



105, 94, 104



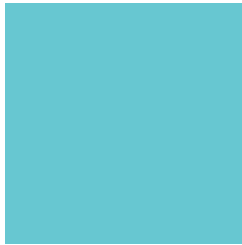
168, 0, 152



41, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 103, 199, 209 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

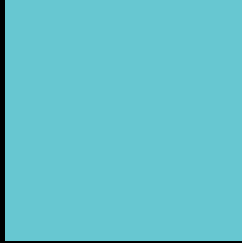
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 103, 199, 209 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

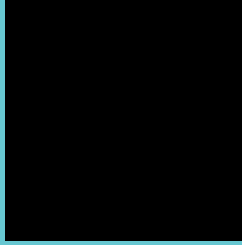
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 103, 199, 209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 103, 199, 209.

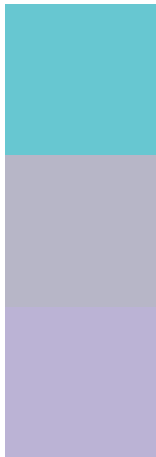


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 103, 199, 209.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

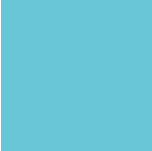
Dichromacy



Original Color
103, 199, 209

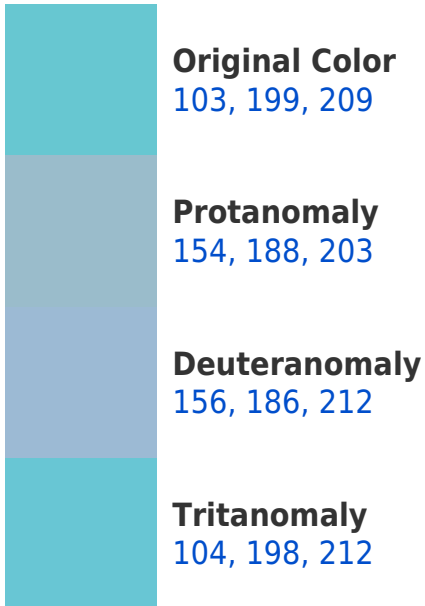
Protanopia
183, 182, 199

Deuteranopia
187, 179, 213

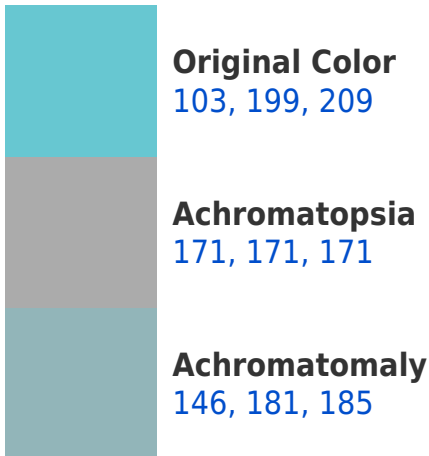


Tritanopia
105, 198, 214

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 103, 199, 209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 199, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 199, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 199, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 199, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 103, 199, 209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 199, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 199, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 199, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 199, 209); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 199, 209); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 199, 209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 103, 199, 209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 199, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
199, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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