

Converting Colors

RGB(103, 70, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(103, 70, 134) contains.

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Color

RGB(103, 70, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	674686
RGB	103, 70, 134
RGB Percent	40%, 27%, 53%
CMY	0.5961, 0.7255, 0.4745
CMYK	0.23, 0.48, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	271°, 31%, 40%
HSV	271°, 48%, 53%
XYZ	12.0868, 8.9851, 23.6515
YIQ	87.1630, -0.8760, 26.9000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

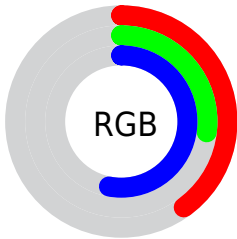
Format	Color
R _Y B	103, 70, 134
Decimal	6768262
CIE Lab	35.96, 27.49, -30.65
CIE LCh	36, 41.169, 311.891
Yxy	8.9851, 0.2703, 0.2009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284958342 (0xFF674686)
YUV	87.1630, 23.0906, 13.8890
Hunter-Lab	29.9752, 19.5192, -25.7994

Details

The RGB color **103, 70, 134** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **101, 134, 70**, and the grayscale version is **87, 87, 87**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **156, 119, 188**, and **53, 25, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 57, 134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **109, 83, 134**.

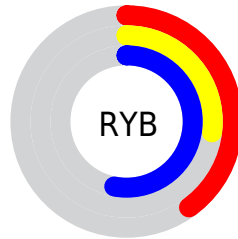
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (27%)

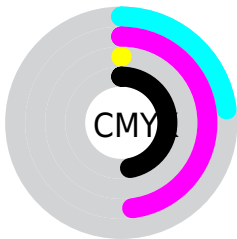
Blue (53%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (53%)

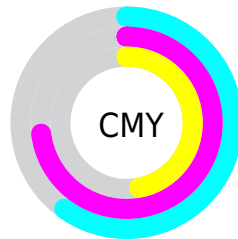


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 103, 70, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 103, 70, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



103, 70, 134



103, 70, 134

255, 255, 255



78, 47, 108



156, 119, 188



53, 25, 84



183, 145, 215



30, 3, 60



211, 172, 244



0, 0, 38



240, 199, 255



0, 1, 15



255, 227, 255



0, 0, 0



103, 70, 134



103, 70, 134



97, 57, 134



109, 83, 134



90, 43, 134



116, 97, 134

■ 84, 30, 134

■ 122, 110, 134

■ 77, 16, 134

■ 129, 124, 134

■ 71, 3, 134

■ 135, 137, 134

■ 69, 0, 134

■ 142, 150, 134

■ 148, 164, 134

■ 155, 177, 134

■ 161, 191, 134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42, 84, 149



103, 70, 134



134, 57, 106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103, 70, 134



118, 76, 17



0, 100, 97

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103, 70, 134



101, 134, 70

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 99, 63



103, 70, 134



89, 87, 10

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103, 70, 134



138, 62, 42



52, 95, 32



0, 99, 128

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103, 70, 134



143, 53, 84



52, 95, 32



0, 100, 86

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103, 70, 134



162, 149, 173



70, 102, 134



80, 72, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103, 70, 134



126, 75, 173



134, 70, 134



63, 60, 66



67, 0, 130



1, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 70, 101



173, 75, 122



70, 134, 70



66, 60, 63



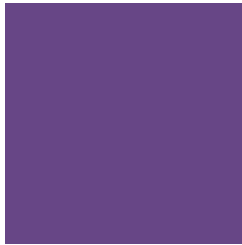
130, 0, 63



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 103, 70, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 103, 70, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

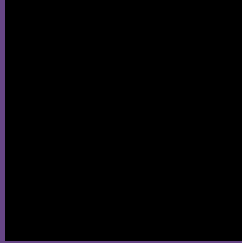
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 103, 70, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 103, 70, 134.

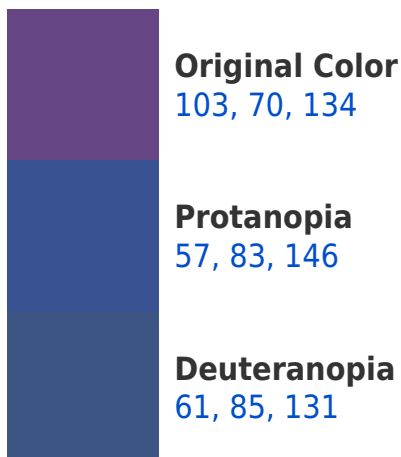



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 103, 70, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

95, 81, 87

Trichromacy



Original Color
103, 70, 134

Protanomaly
74, 78, 142

Deuteranomaly
76, 80, 132

Tritanomaly
98, 77, 104

Monochromacy



Original Color
103, 70, 134

Achromatopsia
87, 87, 87

Achromatomaly
93, 81, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 103, 70, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(103, 70, 134) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 70, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 70, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 70, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 103, 70, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 70, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 70, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 70, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 70, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 70, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 70,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 103, 70, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 70, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103, 70,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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