

Converting Colors

RGB(104, 111, 109)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(104, 111, 109) contains.

RGB(104, 111, 109)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(104, 111, 109)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	686F6D
RGB	104, 111, 109
RGB Percent	41%, 44%, 43%
CMY	0.5922, 0.5647, 0.5725
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.02, 0.56
HSL	163°, 3%, 42%
HSV	163°, 6%, 44%
XYZ	14.1537, 15.4161, 16.6976
YIQ	108.6790, -3.5300, -2.1060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

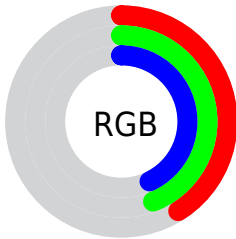
Format	Color
RYB	104, 108, 111
Decimal	6844269
CIELab	46.20, -3.08, 0.19
CIElCh	46, 3.083, 176.515
Yxy	15.4161, 0.3059, 0.3332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285034349 (0xFF686F6D)
YUV	108.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035
Hunter-Lab	39.2633, -4.3649, 2.2699

Details

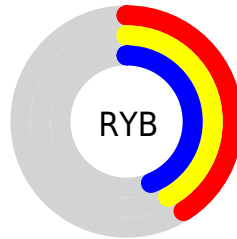
The RGB color **104, 111, 109** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **111, 104, 106**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 163, 160**, and **57, 63, 62** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 111, 106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **115, 111, 112**.

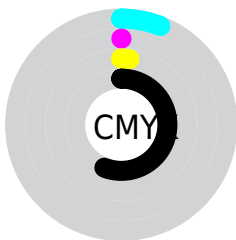
Distribution



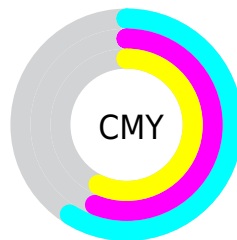
- Red (41%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 104, 111, 109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 104, 111, 109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 104, 111, 109

255, 255, 255

■ 155, 163, 160

■ 182, 190, 187

■ 210, 217, 215

■ 238, 246, 244

■ 104, 111, 109

■ 80, 87, 85

■ 57, 63, 62

■ 35, 41, 40

■ 14, 21, 19

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 104, 111, 109

■ 93, 111, 106

■ 82, 111, 103

■ 71, 111, 99

■ 104, 111, 109

■ 115, 111, 112

■ 126, 111, 115

■ 137, 111, 119

■ 60, 111, 96

■ 148, 111, 122

■ 49, 111, 93

■ 160, 111, 125

■ 37, 111, 90

■ 171, 111, 128

■ 26, 111, 87

■ 182, 111, 131

■ 15, 111, 84

■ 193, 111, 134

■ 4, 111, 80

■ 204, 111, 138

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106, 111, 107



104, 111, 109



103, 111, 112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 111, 109



110, 109, 114



114, 108, 105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 111, 109



111, 104, 106

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115, 108, 107



104, 111, 109



113, 108, 112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 111, 109



107, 110, 114



115, 108, 110



112, 109, 104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 111, 109



104, 111, 113



115, 108, 110



115, 108, 106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 111, 109



142, 145, 145



106, 111, 104



72, 74, 74



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 111, 109



134, 145, 142



104, 110, 111



50, 56, 54



0, 120, 86



0, 247, 177

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 104, 106



145, 134, 137



111, 105, 104



56, 50, 52



120, 0, 34



247, 0, 71

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 104, 111, 109 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 104, 111, 109 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

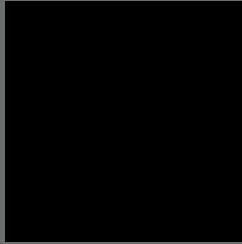
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

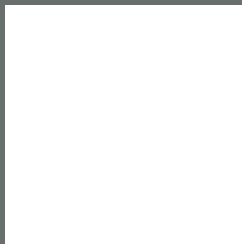
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 104, 111, 109 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 104, 111, 109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 104, 111, 109.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


104, 111, 109

Protanopia

112, 109, 108

Deuteranopia

119, 106, 110



Tritanopia
106, 110, 118

Trichromacy



Original Color

104, 111, 109

Protanomaly

109, 110, 108

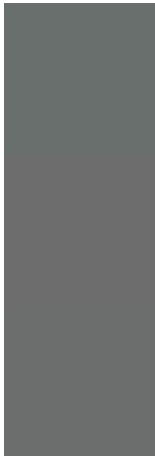
Deuteranomaly

114, 108, 110

Tritanomaly

105, 110, 115

Monochromacy



Original Color

104, 111, 109

Achromatopsia

109, 109, 109

Achromatomaly

107, 110, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 104, 111, 109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 111, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 111, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 111, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 111, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 104, 111, 109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 111, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 111, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 111, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 111, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 111, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 111,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 104, 111, 109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 111, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
111, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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