

Converting Colors

RGB(104, 144, 152)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(104, 144, 152) contains.

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Color

RGB(104, 144, 152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	689098
RGB	104, 144, 152
RGB Percent	41%, 56%, 60%
CMY	0.5922, 0.4353, 0.4039
CMYK	0.32, 0.05, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	190°, 19%, 50%
HSV	190°, 32%, 60%
XYZ	21.3497, 25.1566, 33.4362
YIQ	132.9520, -26.4080, -5.9920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

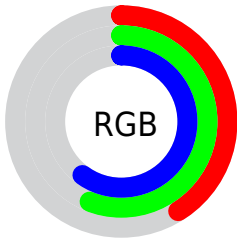
Format	Color
RYB	104, 126, 152
Decimal	6852760
CIELab	57.23, -11.70, -8.68
CIElCh	57, 14.564, 216.571
Yxy	25.1566, 0.2671, 0.3147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285042840 (0xFF689098)
YUV	132.9520, 9.3907, -25.3909
Hunter-Lab	50.1563, -11.7928, -4.4157

Details

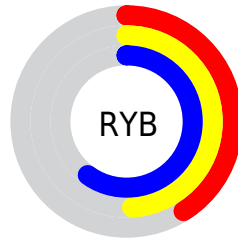
The RGB color `104, 144, 152` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `152, 112, 104`, and the grayscale version is `133, 133, 133`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `157, 198, 206`, and `54, 94, 101` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `89, 141, 152`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `119, 147, 152`.

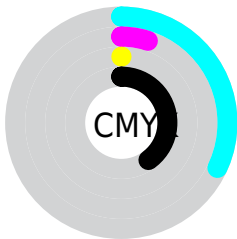
Distribution



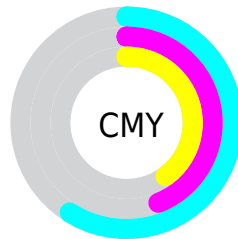
- Red (41%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 104, 144, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 104, 144, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 104, 144, 152


255, 255, 255


 157, 198, 206

 184, 226, 234

 212, 255, 255

 241, 255, 255

 104, 144, 152

 79, 118, 126

 54, 94, 101


 29, 70, 77


 2, 47, 54


 0, 27, 33

 0, 0, 9

 0, 0, 0

 104, 144, 152

 89, 141, 152

 104, 144, 152

 119, 147, 152

■ 74, 139, 152

■ 134, 149, 152

■ 58, 136, 152

■ 150, 152, 152

■ 43, 134, 152

■ 165, 154, 152

■ 28, 131, 152

■ 180, 157, 152

■ 13, 129, 152

■ 195, 159, 152

■ 0, 127, 152

■ 210, 162, 152

■ 226, 164, 152

■ 241, 167, 152

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106, 145, 140



104, 144, 152



112, 141, 160

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 144, 152



156, 130, 148



145, 137, 112

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 144, 152



152, 112, 104

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 133, 114



104, 144, 152



163, 129, 135

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 144, 152



143, 133, 158



163, 130, 123



130, 141, 117

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 144, 152



121, 139, 162



163, 130, 123



149, 136, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 144, 152



179, 193, 196



104, 152, 112



89, 98, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 144, 152



122, 184, 196



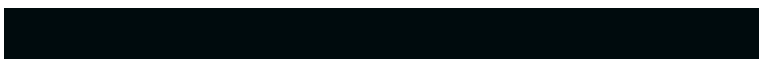
104, 120, 152



69, 75, 77



0, 117, 140



0, 11, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 104, 144



196, 122, 184



152, 136, 104



77, 69, 75



140, 0, 117



13, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 104, 144, 152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

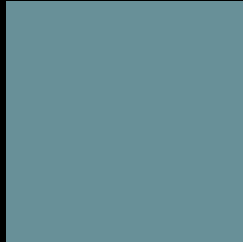
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 104, 144, 152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

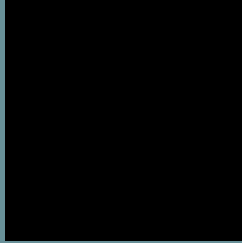
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

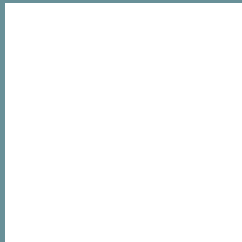
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 104, 144, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 104, 144, 152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 104, 144, 152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

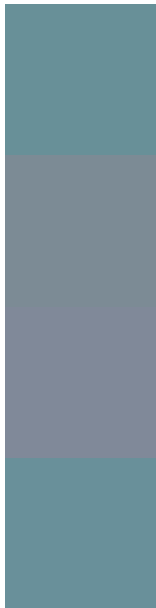
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
105, 144, 155

Trichromacy



Original Color

104, 144, 152

Protanomaly

124, 139, 149

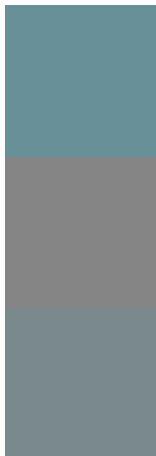
Deuteranomaly

128, 137, 153

Tritanomaly

105, 144, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color

104, 144, 152

Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly

122, 137, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 104, 144, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 144, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 144, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 144, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 144, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 104, 144, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 144, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 144, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 144, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 144, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 144, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 144,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 104, 144, 152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 144, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
144, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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