

Converting Colors

RGB(104, 48, 105)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(104, 48, 105) contains.

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Color

RGB(104, 48, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	683069
RGB	104, 48, 105
RGB Percent	41%, 19%, 41%
CMY	0.5922, 0.8118, 0.5882
CMYK	0.01, 0.54, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	299°, 37%, 30%
HSV	299°, 54%, 41%
XYZ	9.3157, 6.0769, 14.0466
YIQ	71.2420, 15.0790, 29.5990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

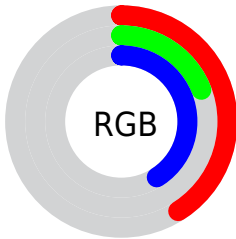
Format	Color
RYB	104, 48, 105
Decimal	6828137
CIELab	29.61, 33.95, -22.43
CIELCh	30, 40.693, 326.556
Yxy	6.0769, 0.3164, 0.2064
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285018217 (0xFF683069)
YUV	71.2420, 16.6427, 28.7288
Hunter-Lab	24.6513, 24.3149, -16.5281

Details

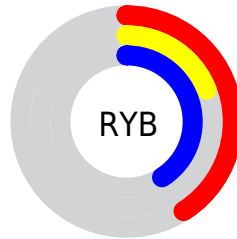
The RGB color **104, 48, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **49, 105, 48**, and the grayscale version is **71, 71, 71**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **157, 97, 156**, and **54, 0, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104, 38, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104, 59, 105**.

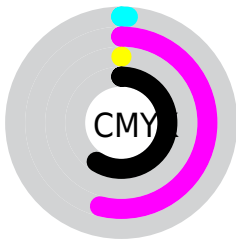
Distribution



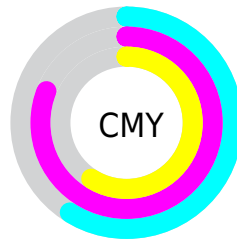
- Red (41%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 104, 48, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 104, 48, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



104, 48, 105



104, 48, 105

255, 255, 255



79, 24, 81



157, 97, 156



54, 0, 57



184, 122, 183



36, 0, 36



212, 149, 211



0, 0, 11



241, 176, 240



0, 0, 0



255, 204, 255



255, 232, 255



104, 48, 105



104, 48, 105



104, 38, 105



104, 59, 105

■ 104, 27, 105

■ 104, 69, 105

■ 103, 17, 105

■ 105, 79, 105

■ 103, 6, 105

■ 105, 90, 105

■ 103, 0, 105

■ 105, 101, 105

■ 105, 111, 105

■ 105, 121, 105

■ 105, 132, 105

■ 106, 143, 105

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61, 63, 127



104, 48, 105



123, 37, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 48, 105



88, 67, 0



0, 84, 97

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 48, 105



49, 105, 48

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 84, 65



104, 48, 105



57, 76, 3

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 48, 105



111, 54, 15



2, 81, 33



0, 81, 122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 48, 105



126, 38, 54



2, 81, 33



0, 84, 87

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 48, 105



137, 116, 138



48, 50, 105



69, 56, 69



196, 196, 196



69, 69, 69

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 48, 105



136, 48, 138



105, 48, 78



53, 48, 54



115, 0, 117



241, 0, 245

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105, 48, 49



138, 48, 50



48, 105, 75



54, 48, 48



117, 0, 2



245, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 104, 48, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

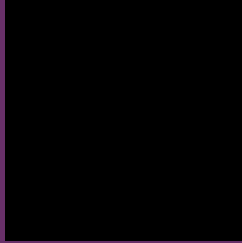
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 104, 48, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 104, 48, 105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 104, 48, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

104, 48, 105

Protanopia

46, 69, 123

Deuteranopia

59, 70, 101



Tritanopia

99, 59, 63

Trichromacy



Original Color

104, 48, 105

Protanomaly

67, 61, 116

Deuteranomaly

75, 62, 102

Tritanomaly

101, 55, 78

Monochromacy



Original Color

104, 48, 105

Achromatopsia

71, 71, 71

Achromatomaly

83, 63, 83

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 104, 48, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(104, 48, 105) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 48, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 48, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 48, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 104, 48, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 48, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 48, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 48, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 48, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 48, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 48,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 104, 48, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 48, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 48,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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