

Converting Colors

RGB(104, 84, 120)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(104, 84, 120) contains.

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Color

RGB(104, 84, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	685478
RGB	104, 84, 120
RGB Percent	41%, 33%, 47%
CMY	0.5922, 0.6706, 0.5294
CMYK	0.13, 0.30, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	273°, 18%, 40%
HSV	273°, 30%, 47%
XYZ	12.2694, 10.6398, 19.1763
YIQ	94.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

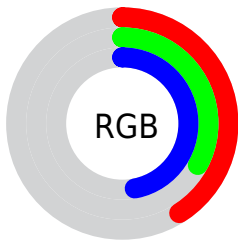
Format	Color
RYB	104, 84, 120
Decimal	6837368
CIELab	38.97, 15.77, -17.34
CIElCh	39, 23.435, 312.290
Yxy	10.6398, 0.2915, 0.2528
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285027448 (0xFF685478)
YUV	94.0840, 12.7766, 8.6963
Hunter-Lab	32.6187, 10.0596, -12.0232

Details

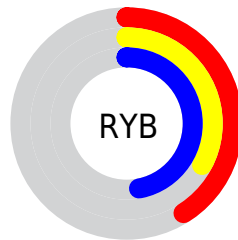
The RGB color **104, 84, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **100, 120, 84**, and the grayscale version is **94, 94, 94**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **156, 134, 172**, and **56, 39, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **99, 72, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **109, 96, 120**.

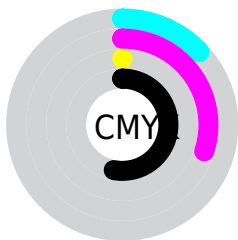
Distribution



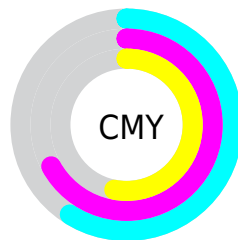
- Red (41%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 104, 84, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 104, 84, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



104, 84, 120



104, 84, 120

255, 255, 255



80, 61, 95



156, 134, 172



56, 39, 71



183, 160, 200



34, 18, 49



210, 187, 228



11, 0, 28



239, 215, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 243, 255



104, 84, 120



104, 84, 120



99, 72, 120



109, 96, 120



93, 60, 120



115, 108, 120

88, 48, 120

120, 120, 120

83, 36, 120

125, 132, 120

77, 24, 120

131, 144, 120

72, 12, 120

136, 156, 120

67, 0, 120

141, 168, 120

147, 180, 120

152, 192, 120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77, 91, 129



104, 84, 120



122, 79, 104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 84, 120



114, 87, 56



27, 102, 99

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 84, 120



100, 120, 84

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52, 101, 80



104, 84, 120



97, 93, 54

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 84, 120



126, 81, 67



76, 98, 63



17, 101, 117

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 84, 120



128, 77, 91



76, 98, 63



35, 102, 93

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 84, 120



149, 142, 156



84, 100, 120



75, 70, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 84, 120



131, 100, 156



120, 84, 118



58, 55, 61



69, 0, 125



140, 0, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 84, 100



156, 100, 124



84, 120, 86



61, 55, 58



125, 0, 56



252, 0, 112

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 104, 84, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 104, 84, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

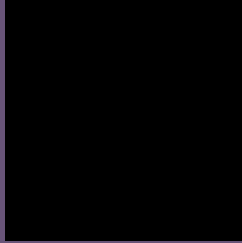
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 104, 84, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 104, 84, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 104, 84, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

104, 84, 120

Protanopia

82, 91, 125

Deuteranopia

87, 90, 119



Tritanopia
100, 89, 96

Trichromacy



Original Color

104, 84, 120

Protanomaly

90, 88, 123

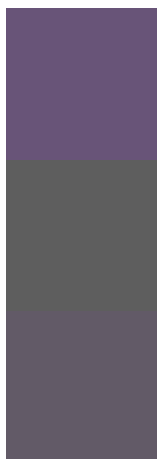
Deuteranomaly

93, 88, 119

Tritanomaly

101, 87, 105

Monochromacy



Original Color

104, 84, 120

Achromatopsia

94, 94, 94

Achromatomaly

98, 90, 103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 104, 84, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(104, 84, 120) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 84, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 84, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 84, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 104, 84, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 84, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 84, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 84, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 84, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 84, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 84,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 104, 84, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 84, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 84,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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