

Converting Colors

RGB(105, 130, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(105, 130, 134) contains.

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Color

RGB(105, 130, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	698286
RGB	105, 130, 134
RGB Percent	41%, 51%, 53%
CMY	0.5882, 0.4902, 0.4745
CMYK	0.22, 0.03, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	188°, 12%, 47%
HSV	188°, 22%, 53%
XYZ	18.1114, 20.6898, 25.5932
YIQ	122.9810, -16.1840, -4.0560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

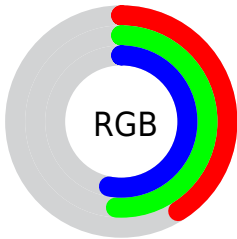
Format	Color
R _Y B	105, 118, 134
Decimal	6914694
CIE Lab	52.61, -8.00, -5.14
CIE LCh	53, 9.510, 212.709
Yxy	20.6898, 0.2813, 0.3213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285104774 (0xFF698286)
YUV	122.9810, 5.4324, -15.7693
Hunter-Lab	45.4860, -8.5262, -1.5200

Details

The RGB color **105, 130, 134** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **134, 109, 105**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **157, 183, 187**, and **57, 81, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 128, 134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 132, 134**.

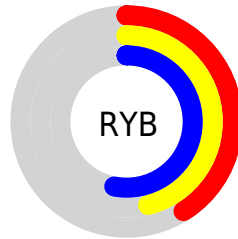
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (51%)

Blue (53%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (53%)

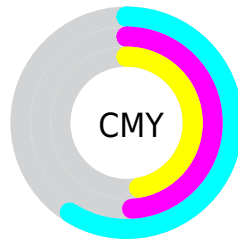


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 105, 130, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 105, 130, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 105, 130, 134

255, 255, 255


 157, 183, 187

 184, 211, 215

 212, 239, 243

 240, 255, 255

 105, 130, 134

 80, 105, 109

 57, 81, 84


 34, 58, 61


 12, 36, 40

 0, 15, 19

 0, 0, 0


 105, 130, 134

 92, 128, 134

 78, 126, 134

 105, 130, 134

 118, 132, 134

 132, 134, 134

■ 65, 124, 134

■ 145, 136, 134

■ 51, 123, 134

■ 159, 137, 134

■ 38, 121, 134

■ 172, 139, 134

■ 25, 119, 134

■ 185, 141, 134

■ 11, 117, 134

■ 199, 143, 134

■ 0, 116, 134

■ 212, 145, 134

■ 226, 147, 134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107, 130, 126



105, 130, 134



109, 128, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



105, 130, 134



137, 121, 133



132, 125, 109

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



105, 130, 134



134, 109, 105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139, 123, 111



105, 130, 134



142, 120, 125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



105, 130, 134



128, 123, 139



143, 121, 117



122, 128, 112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



105, 130, 134



115, 127, 141



143, 121, 117



134, 124, 110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



105, 130, 134



163, 172, 173



105, 134, 109



81, 86, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



105, 130, 134



128, 167, 173



105, 116, 134



60, 65, 66



0, 112, 130



0, 2, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 105, 130



173, 128, 167



134, 123, 105



66, 60, 65



130, 0, 112



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 105, 130, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 105, 130, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

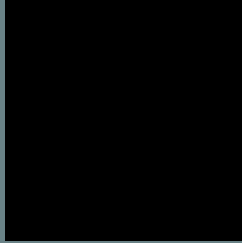
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 105, 130, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 105, 130, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 105, 130, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

105, 130, 134

Protanopia

126, 125, 131

Deuteranopia

133, 122, 136



Tritanopia
106, 129, 139

Trichromacy



Original Color

105, 130, 134

Protanomaly

118, 127, 132

Deuteranomaly

123, 125, 135

Tritanomaly

106, 129, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color

105, 130, 134

Achromatopsia

123, 123, 123

Achromatomaly

116, 126, 127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 105, 130, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 130, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 130, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 130, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 130, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 105, 130, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 130, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 130, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 130, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 130, 134); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 130, 134); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 130, 134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 105, 130, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 130, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
130, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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