

Converting Colors

RGB(105, 202, 230)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(105, 202, 230) contains.

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Color

RGB(105, 202, 230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	69CAE6
RGB	105, 202, 230
RGB Percent	41%, 79%, 90%
CMY	0.5882, 0.2078, 0.0980
CMYK	0.54, 0.12, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	193°, 71%, 66%
HSV	193°, 54%, 90%
XYZ	41.2292, 50.9575, 82.5257
YIQ	176.1890, -66.8000, -11.8560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

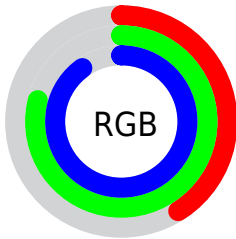
Format	Color
RYB	105, 160, 230
Decimal	6933222
CIELab	76.65, -20.87, -22.60
CIELCh	77, 30.767, 227.278
Yxy	50.9575, 0.2360, 0.2917
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285123302 (0xFF69CAE6)
YUV	176.1890, 26.5288, -62.4328
Hunter-Lab	71.3845, -21.8276, -18.5744

Details

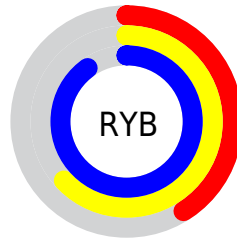
The RGB color **105, 202, 230** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **230, 133, 105**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164, 255, 255**, and **37, 148, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 197, 230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128, 207, 230**.

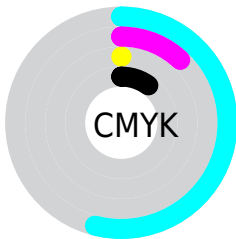
Distribution



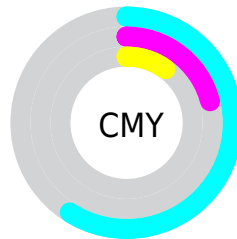
- Red (41%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 105, 202, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 105, 202, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 105, 202, 230

 105, 202, 230

255, 255, 255

 74, 175, 202

 164, 255, 255

 37, 148, 174

 194, 255, 255

 0, 122, 148

 224, 255, 255

 0, 97, 122

254, 255, 255

 0, 73, 97

 0, 50, 73

 0, 30, 50

 0, 2, 29

 0, 0, 0

■ 105, 202, 230

■ 105, 202, 230

■ 82, 197, 230

■ 128, 207, 230

■ 59, 192, 230

■ 151, 212, 230

■ 36, 187, 230

■ 174, 217, 230

■ 13, 181, 230

■ 197, 223, 230

■ 0, 178, 230

■ 220, 228, 230

■ 243, 233, 230

■ 255, 238, 230

■ 255, 243, 230

■ 255, 248, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



104, 205, 205



105, 202, 230



135, 195, 244

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



105, 202, 230



238, 169, 202



193, 193, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



105, 202, 230



230, 133, 105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



220, 183, 134



105, 202, 230



247, 169, 174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



105, 202, 230



213, 176, 228



240, 174, 149



160, 200, 150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



105, 202, 230



163, 189, 245



240, 174, 149



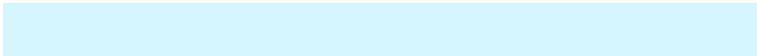
203, 190, 133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



105, 202, 230



214, 246, 255



105, 230, 132



103, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



105, 202, 230



89, 218, 255



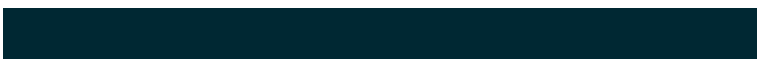
105, 140, 230



103, 112, 115



0, 139, 179



0, 40, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 105, 202



255, 89, 218



230, 195, 105



115, 103, 112



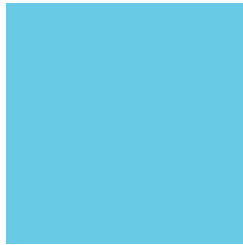
179, 0, 139



51, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 105, 202, 230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

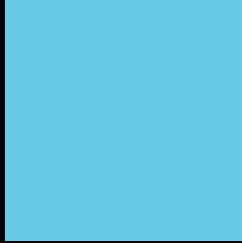
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 105, 202, 230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

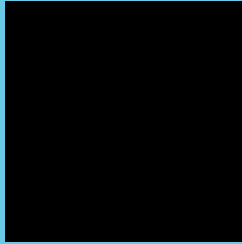
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 105, 202, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 105, 202, 230.

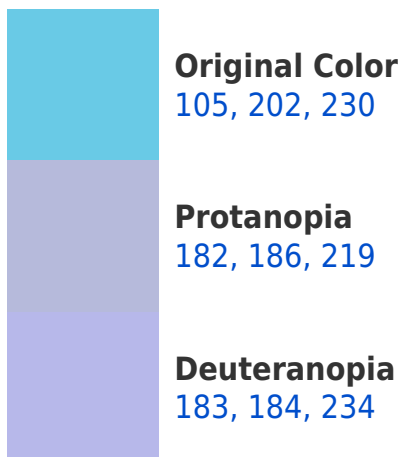


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 105, 202, 230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





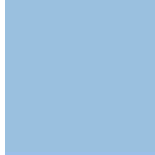
Tritanopia
101, 204, 220

Trichromacy



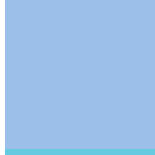
Original Color

105, 202, 230



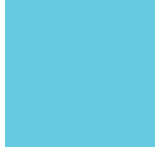
Protanomaly

154, 192, 223



Deuteranomaly

155, 191, 233



Tritanomaly

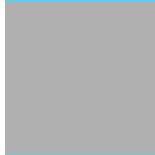
102, 203, 224

Monochromacy



Original Color

105, 202, 230



Achromatopsia

176, 176, 176



Achromatomaly

150, 185, 196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 105, 202, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 202, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 202, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 202, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 202, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 105, 202, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

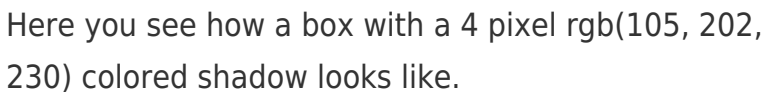
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 202, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 202, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 202, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 202, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 202, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 202,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 105, 202, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 202, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
202, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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