

Converting Colors

RGB(105, 56, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(105, 56, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(105, 56, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	6938FF
RGB	105, 56, 255
RGB Percent	41%, 22%, 100%
CMY	0.5882, 0.7804, 0.0000
CMYK	0.59, 0.78, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	255°, 100%, 61%
HSV	255°, 78%, 100%
XYZ	25.2899, 13.0516, 95.7940
YIQ	93.3370, -34.6750, 72.2770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

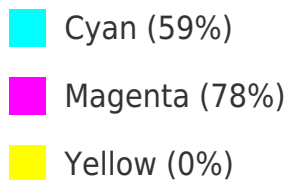
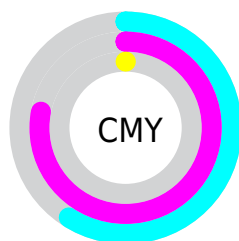
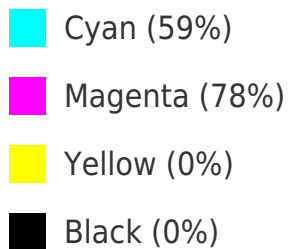
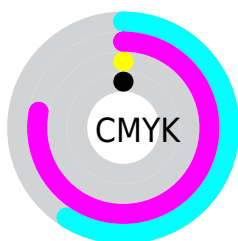
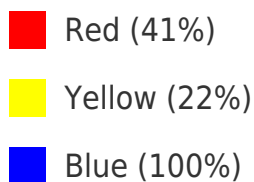
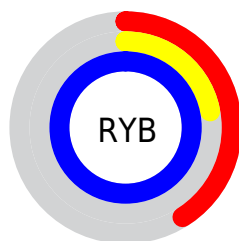
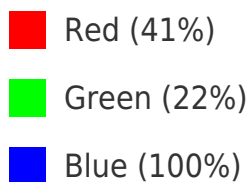
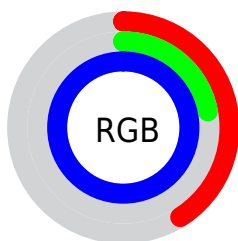
Format	Color
RYB	105, 56, 255
Decimal	6895871
CIELab	42.84, 67.97, -90.19
CIELCh	43, 112.934, 307.002
Yxy	13.0516, 0.1885, 0.0973
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285085951 (0xFF6938FF)
YUV	93.3370, 79.6999, 10.2285
Hunter-Lab	36.1270, 61.7325, -131.9239

Details

The RGB color **105, 56, 255** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633FF**. The color can be described as middle washed purple. A complement of this color would be **206, 255, 56**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170, 110, 255**, and **1, 0, 197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 30, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124, 82, 255**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 105, 56, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 105, 56, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



105, 56, 255



105, 56, 255

255, 255, 255



68, 27, 226



170, 110, 255



1, 0, 197



202, 137, 255



0, 0, 168



233, 164, 255



0, 0, 141



255, 192, 255



0, 0, 114



255, 221, 255



0, 13, 88



255, 250, 255



0, 7, 64




0, 3, 41



0, 1, 19


 105, 56, 255


 105, 56, 255


 86, 30, 255

 124, 82, 255


 67, 5, 255

 143, 107, 255

 63, 0, 255

 163, 132, 255

 182, 158, 255

 201, 183, 255

 220, 209, 255

 240, 235, 255

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 111, 255



105, 56, 255



220, 0, 176

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



105, 56, 255



179, 63, 0



0, 132, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



105, 56, 255



206, 255, 56

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 129, 6



105, 56, 255



104, 106, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



105, 56, 255



231, 0, 0



0, 123, 0



0, 134, 214

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



105, 56, 255



247, 0, 115



0, 123, 0



0, 132, 89

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



105, 56, 255



211, 196, 255



56, 209, 255



101, 92, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



105, 56, 255



74, 15, 255



202, 56, 255



118, 115, 128



47, 0, 191



16, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 56, 206



255, 15, 196



109, 255, 56



128, 115, 124



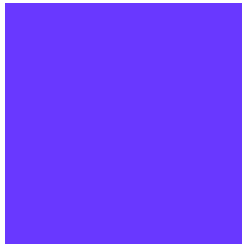
191, 0, 144



64, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 105, 56, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

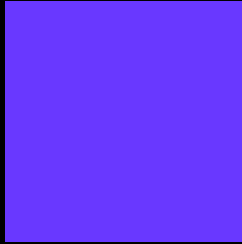
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 105, 56, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 105, 56, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 105, 56, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 105, 56, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

105, 56, 255

Protanopia

0, 97, 204

Deuteranopia

0, 103, 175



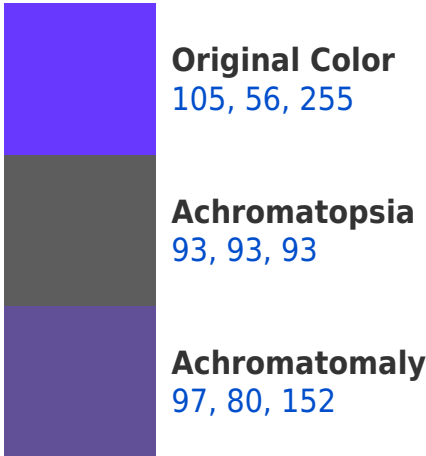
Tritanopia

46, 109, 118

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 105, 56, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 56, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 56, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 56, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 56, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 105, 56, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 56, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 56, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 56, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 56, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 56, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 56,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 105, 56, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 56, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 56,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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