

Converting Colors

RGB(106, 179, 184)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(106, 179, 184) contains.

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Color

RGB(106, 179, 184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6AB3B8
RGB	106, 179, 184
RGB Percent	42%, 70%, 72%
CMY	0.5843, 0.2980, 0.2784
CMYK	0.42, 0.03, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	184°, 35%, 57%
HSV	184°, 42%, 72%
XYZ	30.7157, 38.7651, 51.2109
YIQ	157.7430, -45.1130, -13.9210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

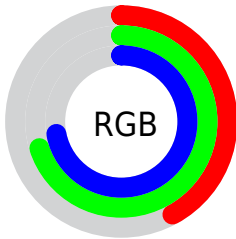
Format	Color
RYB	106, 144, 184
Decimal	6992824
CIELab	68.58, -21.45, -9.71
CIELCh	69, 23.548, 204.345
Yxy	38.7651, 0.2545, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285182904 (0xFF6AB3B8)
YUV	157.7430, 12.9447, -45.3786
Hunter-Lab	62.2616, -20.8979, -5.1836

Details

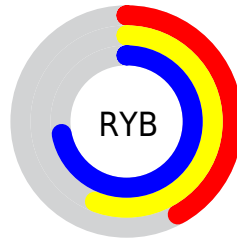
The RGB color **106, 179, 184** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **184, 111, 106**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 235, 240**, and **50, 126, 131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 178, 184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124, 180, 184**.

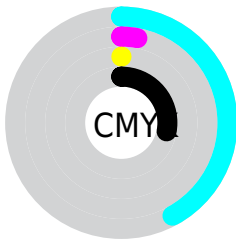
Distribution



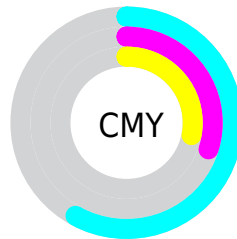
- Red (42%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 106, 179, 184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 106, 179, 184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 106, 179, 184


255, 255, 255


 161, 235, 240


 190, 255, 255


 218, 255, 255

 248, 255, 255

 106, 179, 184

 79, 152, 157

 50, 126, 131

 15, 101, 106

 0, 77, 82


 0, 54, 59

 0, 33, 37

 0, 1, 16

 0, 0, 0

 106, 179, 184

 106, 179, 184

■ 88, 178, 184

■ 124, 180, 184

■ 69, 177, 184

■ 143, 181, 184

■ 51, 175, 184

■ 161, 183, 184

■ 32, 174, 184

■ 180, 184, 184

■ 14, 173, 184

■ 198, 185, 184

■ 0, 172, 184

■ 216, 186, 184

■ 235, 187, 184

■ 253, 188, 184

■ 255, 190, 184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118, 179, 162



106, 179, 184



113, 176, 201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



106, 179, 184



191, 156, 192



187, 164, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



106, 179, 184



184, 111, 106

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 158, 133



106, 179, 184



207, 152, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



106, 179, 184



165, 163, 206



211, 153, 151



165, 171, 128

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



106, 179, 184



127, 173, 208



211, 153, 151



193, 162, 127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



106, 179, 184



209, 238, 240



106, 184, 110



101, 119, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



106, 179, 184



117, 232, 240



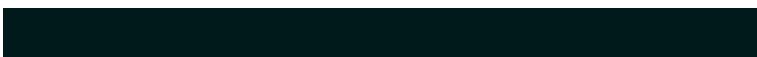
106, 141, 184



83, 91, 92



0, 146, 156



0, 26, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



184, 106, 179



240, 117, 232



184, 149, 106



92, 83, 91



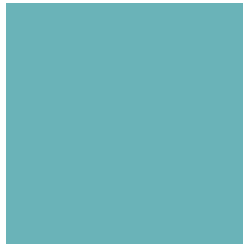
156, 0, 146



28, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 106, 179, 184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

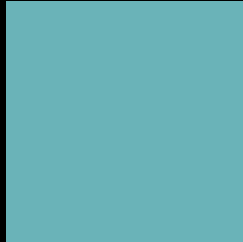
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 106, 179, 184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

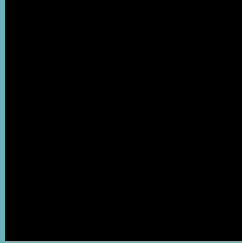
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 106, 179, 184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 106, 179, 184.

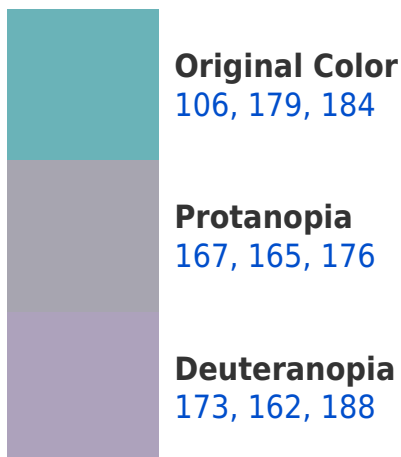


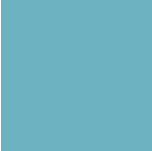
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 106, 179, 184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
108, 178, 192

Trichromacy



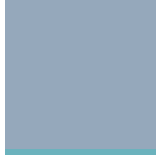
Original Color

106, 179, 184



Protanomaly

145, 170, 179



Deuteranomaly

149, 168, 187



Tritanomaly

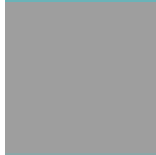
107, 178, 189

Monochromacy



Original Color

106, 179, 184



Achromatopsia

158, 158, 158



Achromatomaly

139, 166, 167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 106, 179, 184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 179, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 179, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 179, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 179, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 106, 179, 184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 179, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 179, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 179, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 179, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 179, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 179,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 106, 179, 184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 179, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
179, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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