

Converting Colors

RGB(106, 181, 207)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(106, 181, 207) contains.

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Color

RGB(106, 181, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6AB5CF
RGB	106, 181, 207
RGB Percent	42%, 71%, 81%
CMY	0.5843, 0.2902, 0.1882
CMYK	0.49, 0.13, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	195°, 51%, 61%
HSV	195°, 49%, 81%
XYZ	33.7302, 40.6169, 65.0936
YIQ	161.5390, -53.0460, -7.8140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

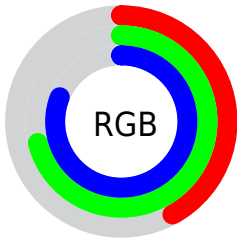
Format	Color
RYB	106, 149, 207
Decimal	6993359
CIELab	69.91, -16.29, -20.37
CIELCh	70, 26.083, 231.343
Yxy	40.6169, 0.2419, 0.2913
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285183439 (0xFF6AB5CF)
YUV	161.5390, 22.4123, -48.7077
Hunter-Lab	63.7314, -17.0578, -15.9453

Details

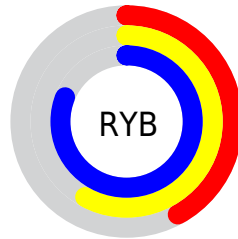
The RGB color **106, 181, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **207, 132, 106**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163, 237, 255**, and **47, 128, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 176, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127, 186, 207**.

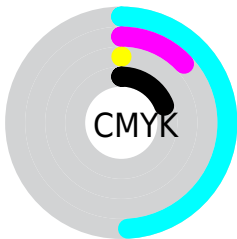
Distribution



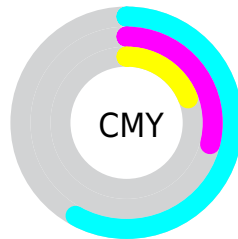
- Red (42%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 106, 181, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 106, 181, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 106, 181, 207

255, 255, 255


 163, 237, 255


 191, 255, 255


 221, 255, 255

 250, 255, 255

 106, 181, 207


 77, 154, 179

 47, 128, 153

 0, 103, 127

 0, 79, 102

 0, 56, 78

 0, 34, 55

 0, 2, 34

 0, 0, 7

 0, 0, 0

■ 106, 181, 207

■ 106, 181, 207

■ 85, 176, 207

■ 127, 186, 207

■ 65, 170, 207

■ 147, 192, 207

■ 44, 165, 207

■ 168, 197, 207

■ 23, 160, 207

■ 189, 202, 207

■ 3, 154, 207

■ 210, 208, 207

■ 0, 154, 207

■ 230, 213, 207

■ 251, 218, 207

■ 255, 224, 207

■ 255, 229, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101, 184, 187



106, 181, 207



132, 175, 217

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



106, 181, 207



213, 154, 179



170, 175, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



106, 181, 207



207, 132, 106

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 167, 124



106, 181, 207



219, 154, 155

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



106, 181, 207



195, 159, 201



212, 159, 135



143, 180, 141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



106, 181, 207



154, 170, 217



212, 159, 135



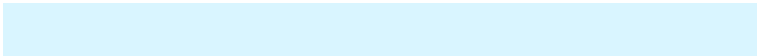
179, 172, 124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



106, 181, 207



217, 245, 255



106, 207, 131



105, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



106, 181, 207



105, 216, 255



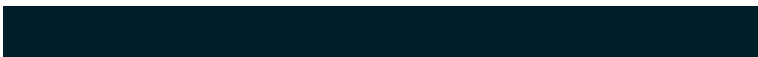
106, 131, 207



94, 102, 105



0, 125, 168



0, 30, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 106, 181



255, 105, 216



207, 182, 106



105, 94, 102



168, 0, 125



41, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 106, 181, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

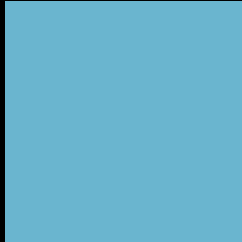
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 106, 181, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 106, 181, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 106, 181, 207.



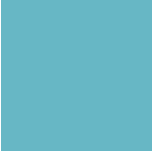
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 106, 181, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
103, 183, 197

Trichromacy



Original Color

106, 181, 207



Protanomaly

143, 173, 202



Deuteranomaly

144, 171, 209



Tritanomaly

104, 182, 201

Monochromacy



Original Color

106, 181, 207



Achromatopsia

162, 162, 162



Achromatomaly

142, 169, 178

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 106, 181, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 181, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 181, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 181, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 181, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 106, 181, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 181, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 181, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 181, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 181, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 181, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 181,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 106, 181, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 181, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
181, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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