

Converting Colors

RGB(107, 106, 114)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(107, 106, 114) contains.

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Color

RGB(107, 106, 114)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B6A72
RGB	107, 106, 114
RGB Percent	42%, 42%, 45%
CMY	0.5804, 0.5843, 0.5529
CMYK	0.06, 0.07, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	248°, 4%, 43%
HSV	248°, 7%, 45%
XYZ	14.2547, 14.6488, 17.9958
YIQ	107.2110, -1.9720, 2.7000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

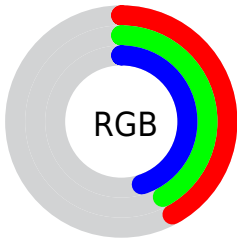
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 106, 114
Decimal	7039602
CIE Lab	45.15, 2.08, -4.33
CIE LCh	45, 4.799, 295.621
Yxy	14.6488, 0.3039, 0.3123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285229682 (0xFF6B6A72)
YUV	107.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850
Hunter-Lab	38.2737, -0.4983, -1.0858

Details

The RGB color **107, 106, 114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **113, 114, 106**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 157, 166**, and **60, 59, 66** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 95, 114**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117, 117, 114**.

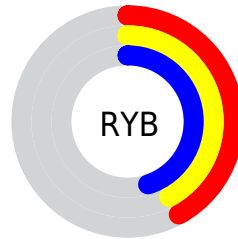
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (42%)

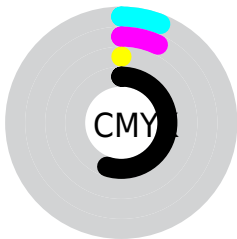
Blue (45%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (45%)

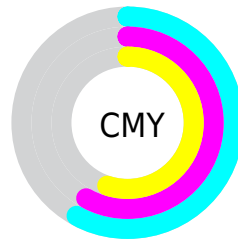


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 107, 106, 114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 107, 106, 114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 107, 106, 114

255, 255, 255

■ 158, 157, 166

■ 185, 184, 193

■ 213, 212, 221

■ 241, 240, 249

■ 107, 106, 114

■ 83, 82, 90

■ 60, 59, 66

■ 38, 37, 44

■ 18, 16, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 107, 106, 114

■ 97, 95, 114

■ 87, 83, 114

■ 77, 72, 114

■ 107, 106, 114

■ 117, 117, 114

■ 127, 129, 114

■ 137, 140, 114

■ 67, 60, 114

■ 147, 152, 114

■ 57, 49, 114

■ 157, 163, 114

■ 47, 38, 114

■ 167, 174, 114

■ 37, 26, 114

■ 177, 186, 114

■ 27, 15, 114

■ 187, 197, 114

■ 17, 3, 114

■ 197, 209, 114

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102, 107, 115



107, 106, 114



112, 105, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 106, 114



114, 105, 100



98, 109, 106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 106, 114



113, 114, 106

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102, 109, 102



107, 106, 114



111, 106, 99

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 106, 114



116, 104, 104



106, 108, 100



97, 109, 110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 106, 114



114, 104, 109



106, 108, 100



99, 109, 105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 106, 114



145, 145, 148



106, 113, 114



73, 72, 74



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 106, 114



138, 136, 148



111, 106, 114



51, 50, 56



15, 0, 120



31, 0, 247

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114, 106, 113



148, 136, 146



109, 114, 106



56, 50, 55



120, 0, 105



247, 0, 216

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 106, 114 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 106, 114 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

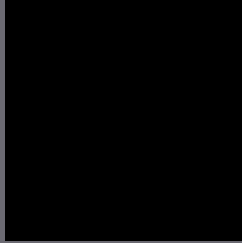
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

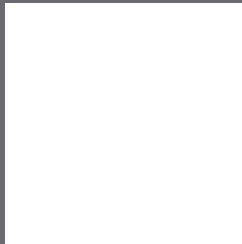
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 107, 106, 114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 106, 114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 106, 114.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
107, 106, 114

Protanopia
107, 106, 114

Deuteranopia
114, 104, 114



Tritanopia
107, 106, 114

Trichromacy



Original Color

107, 106, 114

Protanomaly

107, 106, 114

Deuteranomaly

111, 105, 114

Tritanomaly

107, 106, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

107, 106, 114

Achromatopsia

107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly

107, 107, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 107, 106, 114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(107, 106, 114) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 106, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 106, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 106, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 107, 106, 114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 106, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 106, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 106, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 106, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 106, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 106,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 107, 106, 114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 106, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
106, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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