

Converting Colors

RGB(107, 107, 112)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(107, 107, 112) contains.

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Color

RGB(107, 107, 112)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B6B70
RGB	107, 107, 112
RGB Percent	42%, 42%, 44%
CMY	0.5804, 0.5804, 0.5608
CMYK	0.04, 0.04, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	240°, 2%, 43%
HSV	240°, 4%, 44%
XYZ	14.2457, 14.8110, 17.4372
YIQ	107.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

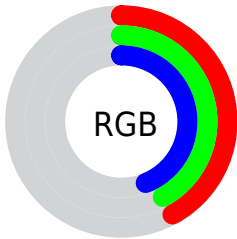
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 107, 112
Decimal	7039856
CIE Lab	45.37, 1.05, -2.79
CIE LCh	45, 2.983, 290.608
Yxy	14.8110, 0.3064, 0.3186
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285229936 (0xFF6B6B70)
YUV	107.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999
Hunter-Lab	38.4851, -1.2750, 0.0759

Details

The RGB color **107, 107, 112** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **112, 112, 107**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 158, 164**, and **60, 60, 64** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 96, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 118, 112**.

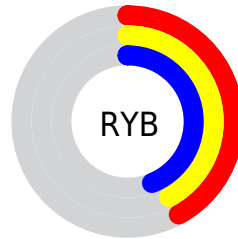
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (42%)

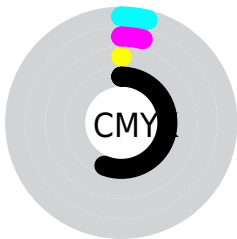
Blue (44%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (44%)

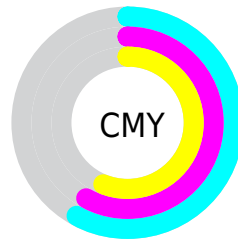


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 107, 107, 112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 107, 107, 112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 107, 107, 112

255, 255, 255

■ 158, 158, 164

■ 185, 185, 191

■ 213, 213, 219

■ 241, 241, 247

■ 107, 107, 112

■ 83, 83, 88

■ 60, 60, 64

■ 38, 38, 42

■ 17, 17, 22

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 107, 107, 112

■ 96, 96, 112

■ 85, 85, 112

■ 73, 73, 112

■ 107, 107, 112

■ 118, 118, 112

■ 129, 129, 112

■ 141, 141, 112

■ 62, 62, 112

■ 152, 152, 112

■ 51, 51, 112

■ 163, 163, 112

■ 40, 40, 112

■ 174, 174, 112

■ 29, 29, 112

■ 185, 185, 112

■ 17, 17, 112

■ 197, 197, 112

■ 6, 6, 112

■ 208, 208, 112

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



104, 108, 112



107, 107, 112



110, 106, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 107, 112



112, 106, 104



102, 109, 106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 107, 112



112, 112, 107

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105, 108, 104



107, 107, 112



110, 107, 103

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 107, 112



113, 106, 106



108, 108, 103



101, 109, 109

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 107, 112



112, 106, 109



108, 108, 103



103, 109, 106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 107, 112



144, 144, 145



107, 112, 112



73, 73, 74



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 107, 112



138, 138, 145



110, 107, 112



53, 53, 56



0, 0, 120



0, 0, 247

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112, 107, 112



145, 138, 145



110, 112, 107



56, 53, 56



120, 0, 120



247, 0, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 107, 112 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 107, 112 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

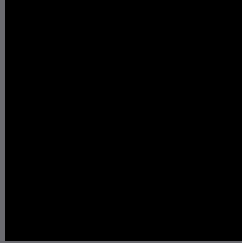
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

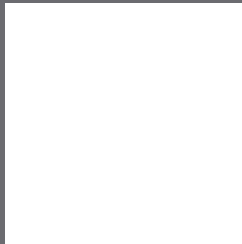
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 107, 107, 112 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 107, 112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 107, 112.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[107, 107, 112](#)

Protanopia
[108, 107, 112](#)

Deuteranopia
[115, 104, 113](#)



Tritanopia
107, 107, 115

Trichromacy



Original Color

107, 107, 112

Protanomaly

108, 107, 112

Deuteranomaly

112, 105, 113

Tritanomaly

107, 107, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

107, 107, 112

Achromatopsia

108, 108, 108

Achromatomaly

108, 108, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 107, 107, 112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(107, 107, 112) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 107, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 107, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 107, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 107, 107, 112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 107, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 107, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 107, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 107, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 107, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 107,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 107, 107, 112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 107, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
107, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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