

Converting Colors

RGB(107, 107, 120)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(107, 107, 120) contains.

RGB(107, 107, 120)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(107, 107, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B6B78
RGB	107, 107, 120
RGB Percent	42%, 42%, 47%
CMY	0.5804, 0.5804, 0.5294
CMYK	0.11, 0.11, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	240°, 6%, 45%
HSV	240°, 11%, 47%
XYZ	14.7113, 14.9973, 19.8887
YIQ	108.4820, -4.1730, 4.0430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

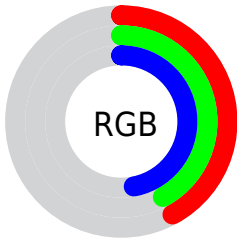
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 107, 120
Decimal	7039864
CIE Lab	45.63, 2.81, -7.22
CIE LCh	46, 7.746, 291.256
Yxy	14.9973, 0.2966, 0.3024
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285229944 (0xFF6B6B78)
YUV	108.4820, 5.6784, -1.2997
Hunter-Lab	38.7263, 0.0372, -3.3412

Details

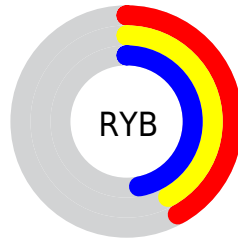
The RGB color **107, 107, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **120, 120, 107**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 158, 172**, and **60, 60, 72** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 95, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119, 119, 120**.

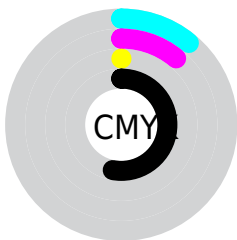
Distribution



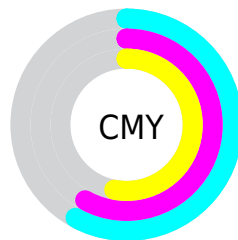
- Red (42%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 107, 107, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 107, 107, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 107, 107, 120

255, 255, 255

■ 158, 158, 172

■ 185, 185, 200

■ 213, 213, 228

■ 241, 241, 255

■ 107, 107, 120

■ 83, 83, 95

■ 60, 60, 72

■ 38, 38, 49

■ 18, 17, 28

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 107, 107, 120

■ 95, 95, 120

■ 83, 83, 120

■ 71, 71, 120

■ 107, 107, 120

■ 119, 119, 120

■ 131, 131, 120

■ 143, 143, 120

■ 59, 59, 120

■ 155, 155, 120

■ 47, 47, 120

■ 167, 167, 120

■ 35, 35, 120

■ 179, 179, 120

■ 23, 23, 120

■ 191, 191, 120

■ 11, 11, 120

■ 203, 203, 120

■ 0, 0, 120

■ 215, 215, 120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99, 109, 121



107, 107, 120



115, 105, 116

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 107, 120



120, 105, 98



95, 112, 106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 107, 120



120, 120, 107

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101, 111, 100



107, 107, 120



115, 107, 95

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 107, 120



122, 104, 104



108, 109, 96



92, 112, 112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 107, 120



119, 104, 112



108, 109, 96



97, 112, 104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 107, 120



151, 151, 156



107, 120, 120



76, 76, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 107, 120



135, 135, 156



113, 107, 120



55, 55, 61



0, 0, 125



0, 0, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 107, 120



156, 135, 156



113, 120, 107



61, 55, 61



125, 0, 125



252, 0, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 107, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 107, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

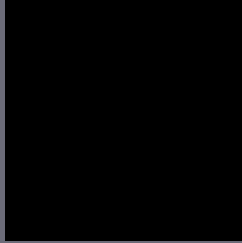
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

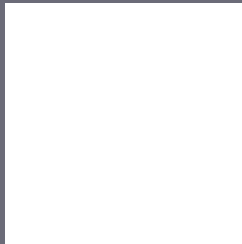
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 107, 107, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 107, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 107, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


107, 107, 120

Protanopia

106, 107, 120

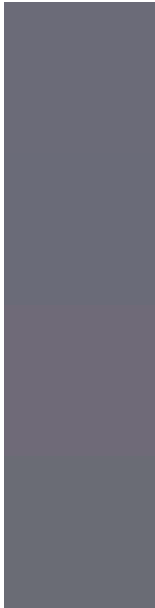
Deuteranopia

113, 105, 120



Tritanopia
106, 108, 116

Trichromacy



Original Color

107, 107, 120

Protanomaly

106, 107, 120

Deuteranomaly

111, 106, 120

Tritanomaly

106, 108, 117

Monochromacy



Original Color

107, 107, 120

Achromatopsia

108, 108, 108

Achromatomaly

108, 108, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 107, 107, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 107, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 107, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 107, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 107, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 107, 107, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 107, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 107, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 107, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 107, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 107, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 107,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 107, 107, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 107, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
107, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor