

# Converting Colors

RGB(107, 162, 143)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(107, 162, 143) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(107, 162, 143)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BA28F
RGB	107, 162, 143
RGB Percent	42%, 64%, 56%
CMY	0.5804, 0.3647, 0.4392
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.12, 0.36
HSL	159°, 23%, 53%
HSV	159°, 34%, 64%
XYZ	23.9417, 30.9496, 30.6986
YIQ	143.3890, -26.6810, -17.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

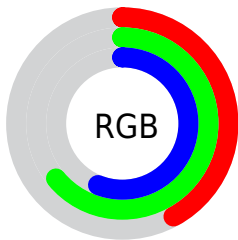
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	107, 140, 162
Decimal	7053967
CIELab	62.47, -22.44, 4.14
CIELCh	62, 22.817, 169.545
Yxy	30.9496, 0.2797, 0.3616
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285244047 (0xFF6BA28F)
YUV	143.3890, -0.1918, -31.9132
Hunter-Lab	55.6324, -20.5384, 6.2257

# Details

The RGB color **107, 162, 143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **162, 107, 126**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160, 217, 197**, and **56, 110, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 162, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123, 162, 149**.

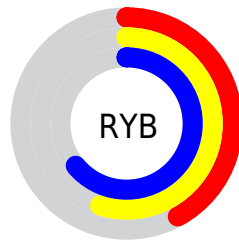
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (64%)

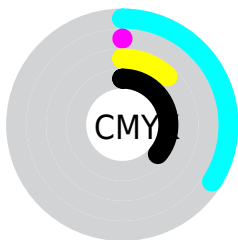
Blue (56%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (64%)

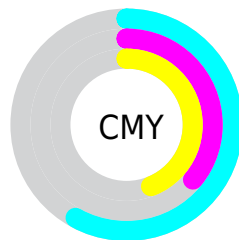


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 107, 162, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 107, 162, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 107, 162, 143

255, 255, 255


 160, 217, 197

 188, 246, 225

 216, 255, 253


 245, 255, 255

 107, 162, 143

 81, 136, 117

 56, 110, 93


 31, 85, 69


 1, 62, 47

 0, 40, 26

 0, 16, 0

 0, 0, 0

 107, 162, 143

 91, 162, 137

 107, 162, 143

 123, 162, 149

■ 75, 162, 132

■ 139, 162, 154

■ 58, 162, 126

■ 156, 162, 160

■ 42, 162, 121

■ 172, 162, 165

■ 26, 162, 115

■ 188, 162, 171

■ 10, 162, 109

■ 204, 162, 177

■ 0, 162, 106

■ 220, 162, 182

■ 237, 162, 188

■ 253, 162, 193

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



129, 159, 124



107, 162, 143



93, 162, 164

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 162, 143



145, 148, 189



187, 141, 121

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 162, 143



162, 107, 126

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192, 137, 138



107, 162, 143



170, 142, 177

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 162, 143



117, 155, 190



187, 137, 159



173, 147, 112

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 162, 143



92, 161, 176



187, 137, 159



190, 139, 126



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 162, 143



190, 212, 204



126, 162, 107



94, 107, 103



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 162, 143



125, 212, 182



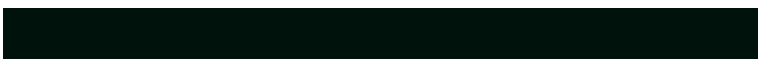
107, 154, 162



73, 82, 79



0, 145, 95



0, 18, 12



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162, 107, 126



212, 125, 155



162, 115, 107



82, 73, 76



145, 0, 50



18, 0, 6



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 162, 143 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 162, 143 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

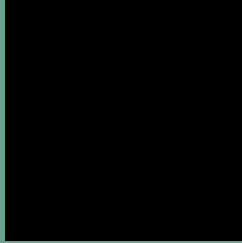
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 107, 162, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 162, 143.

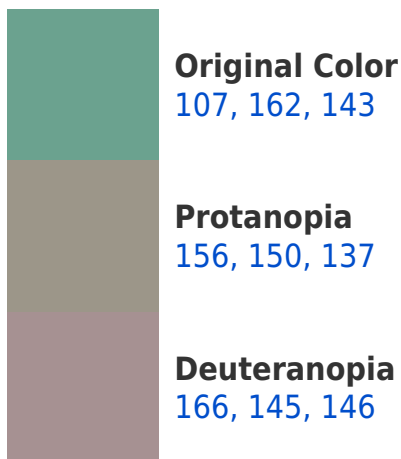


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 162, 143.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
113, 158, 171

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

107, 162, 143

**Protanomaly**

138, 154, 139

**Deuteranomaly**

145, 151, 145

**Tritanomaly**

111, 159, 161

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

107, 162, 143

**Achromatopsia**

143, 143, 143

**Achromatomaly**

130, 150, 143

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 107, 162, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 162, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 162, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 162, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 162, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 107, 162, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

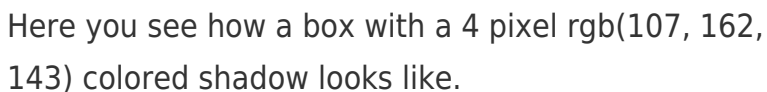
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 162, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 162, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 162, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 162, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 162, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 162,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 107, 162, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 162, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
162, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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