

Converting Colors

RGB(107, 165, 112)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(107, 165, 112) contains.

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Color

RGB(107, 165, 112)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BA570
RGB	107, 165, 112
RGB Percent	42%, 65%, 44%
CMY	0.5804, 0.3529, 0.5608
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.32, 0.35
HSL	125°, 24%, 53%
HSV	125°, 35%, 65%
XYZ	22.4432, 31.2059, 20.1697
YIQ	141.6160, -17.5550, -28.7790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

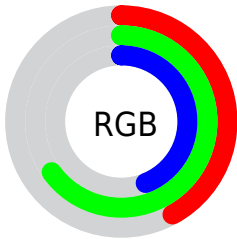
Format	Color
RYB	107, 160, 165
Decimal	7054704
CIELab	62.68, -30.10, 21.65
CIELCh	63, 37.075, 144.277
Yxy	31.2059, 0.3040, 0.4227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285244784 (0xFF6BA570)
YUV	141.6160, -14.6007, -30.3582
Hunter-Lab	55.8623, -26.0450, 17.6963

Details

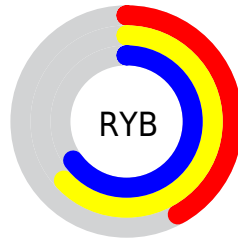
The RGB color **107, 165, 112** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **165, 107, 160**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160, 220, 164**, and **56, 113, 64** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 165, 97**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123, 165, 127**.

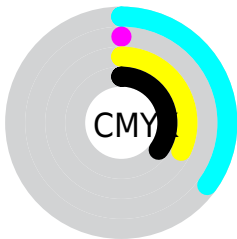
Distribution



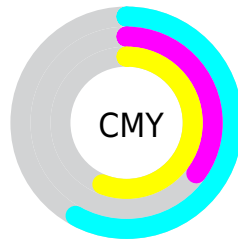
- Red (42%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 107, 165, 112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 107, 165, 112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 107, 165, 112


255, 255, 255


 160, 220, 164

 188, 249, 191

 216, 255, 219

 245, 255, 248

 107, 165, 112

 81, 138, 87

 56, 113, 64

 30, 88, 41

 0, 64, 19

 0, 41, 0

 0, 17, 0


 0, 0, 0


 107, 165, 112


 90, 165, 97


 107, 165, 112


 123, 165, 127

 74, 165, 82

 140, 165, 142

 57, 165, 67


 156, 165, 157


 41, 165, 52


 173, 165, 172


 24, 165, 37

 189, 165, 187

 8, 165, 22

 206, 165, 202

 0, 165, 14

 222, 165, 218

 239, 165, 233

 255, 165, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146, 158, 90



107, 165, 112



60, 169, 144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 165, 112



90, 157, 217



215, 127, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 165, 112



165, 107, 160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 126, 159



107, 165, 112



146, 145, 212

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 165, 112



0, 165, 204



187, 133, 190



203, 136, 99

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 165, 112



4, 169, 167



187, 133, 190



215, 126, 137

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 165, 112



191, 214, 193



160, 165, 107



93, 107, 94



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 165, 112



124, 214, 132



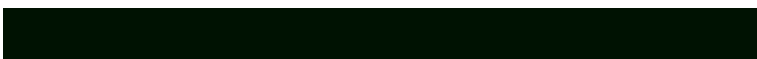
107, 165, 141



73, 82, 74



0, 145, 13



0, 18, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165, 107, 160



214, 124, 206



165, 107, 131



82, 73, 81



145, 0, 133



18, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 165, 112 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 165, 112 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

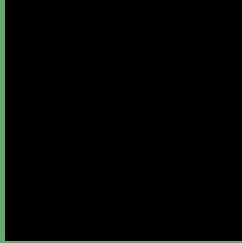
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 107, 165, 112 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 165, 112.

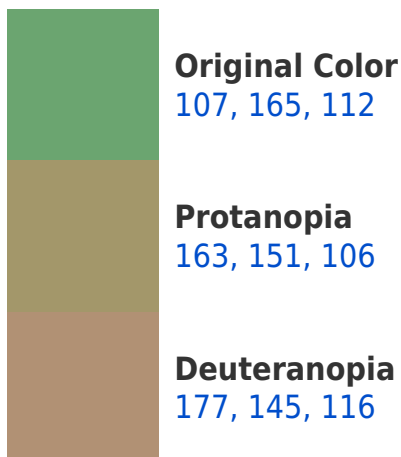



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 165, 112.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
118, 158, 170

Trichromacy



Original Color
107, 165, 112

Protanomaly
143, 156, 108

Deuteranomaly
152, 152, 115

Tritanomaly
114, 161, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color
107, 165, 112

Achromatopsia
142, 142, 142

Achromatomaly
129, 150, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 107, 165, 112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 165, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 165, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 165, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 165, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 107, 165, 112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 165, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 165, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 165, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 165, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 165, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 165,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 107, 165, 112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 165, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
165, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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