

Converting Colors

RGB(107, 168, 184)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(107, 168, 184) contains.

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Color

RGB(107, 168, 184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BA8B8
RGB	107, 168, 184
RGB Percent	42%, 66%, 72%
CMY	0.5804, 0.3412, 0.2784
CMYK	0.42, 0.09, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	192°, 35%, 57%
HSV	192°, 42%, 72%
XYZ	28.7178, 34.5918, 50.5107
YIQ	151.5850, -41.4920, -7.9560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

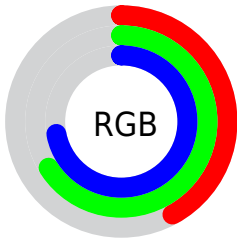
Format	Color
R _Y B	107, 141, 184
Decimal	7055544
CIE Lab	65.43, -15.48, -14.43
CIE LCh	65, 21.160, 222.989
Yxy	34.5918, 0.2523, 0.3039
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285245624 (0xFF6BA8B8)
YUV	151.5850, 15.9806, -39.1010
Hunter-Lab	58.8148, -15.7688, -9.7485

Details

The RGB color **107, 168, 184** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **184, 123, 107**, and the grayscale version is **151, 151, 151**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162, 223, 240**, and **53, 116, 131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 164, 184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125, 172, 184**.

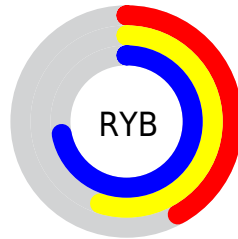
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (66%)

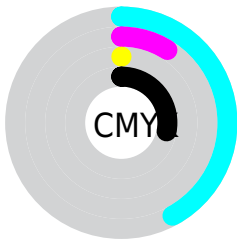
Blue (72%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (72%)

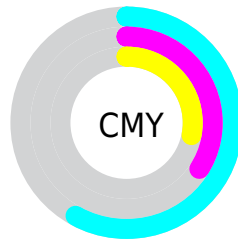


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (58%)


Magenta (34%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 107, 168, 184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 107, 168, 184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 107, 168, 184

255, 255, 255


 162, 223, 240


 190, 252, 255


 219, 255, 255

 248, 255, 255

 107, 168, 184

 80, 142, 157

 53, 116, 131

 21, 91, 106


 0, 68, 82


 0, 45, 59

 0, 26, 37

 0, 1, 15

 0, 0, 0

 107, 168, 184

 107, 168, 184

■ 89, 164, 184

■ 125, 172, 184

■ 70, 160, 184

■ 144, 176, 184

■ 52, 157, 184

■ 162, 179, 184

■ 33, 153, 184

■ 181, 183, 184

■ 15, 149, 184

■ 199, 187, 184

■ 0, 146, 184

■ 217, 191, 184

■ 236, 195, 184

■ 254, 199, 184

■ 255, 202, 184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108, 170, 167



107, 168, 184



123, 164, 195

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 168, 184



190, 147, 170



165, 160, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 168, 184



184, 123, 107

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183, 154, 123



107, 168, 184



198, 145, 151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 168, 184



172, 151, 187



195, 148, 134



143, 166, 131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 168, 184



139, 160, 196



195, 148, 134



171, 158, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 168, 184



209, 233, 240



107, 184, 122



101, 116, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 168, 184



120, 215, 240



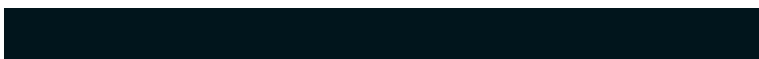
107, 130, 184



83, 90, 92



0, 123, 156



0, 22, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



184, 107, 168



240, 120, 215



184, 161, 107



92, 83, 90



156, 0, 123



28, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 168, 184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

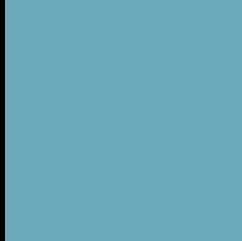
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 168, 184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

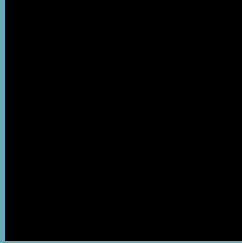
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 107, 168, 184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 168, 184.

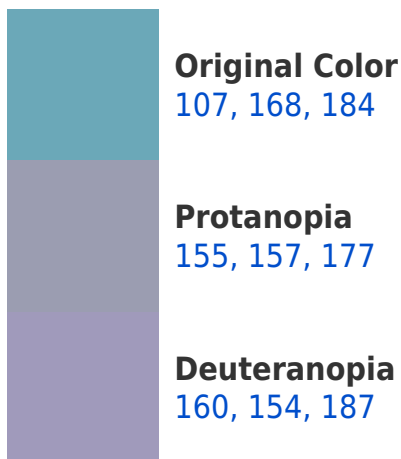



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 168, 184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
106, 168, 182

Trichromacy



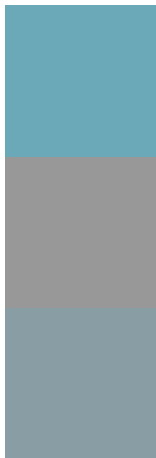
Original Color
107, 168, 184

Protanomaly
138, 161, 180

Deuteranomaly
141, 159, 186

Tritanomaly
106, 168, 183

Monochromacy



Original Color
107, 168, 184

Achromatopsia
152, 152, 152

Achromatomaly
136, 158, 164

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 107, 168, 184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 168, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 168, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 168, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 168, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 107, 168, 184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 168, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 168, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 168, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 168, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 168, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 168,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 107, 168, 184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 168, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
168, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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