

Converting Colors

RGB(107, 194, 10)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(107, 194, 10) contains.

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Color

RGB(107, 194, 10)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BC20A
RGB	107, 194, 10
RGB Percent	42%, 76%, 4%
CMY	0.5804, 0.2392, 0.9608
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.95, 0.24
HSL	88°, 90%, 40%
HSV	88°, 95%, 76%
XYZ	25.4100, 41.7313, 7.0029
YIQ	147.0110, 7.2120, -75.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

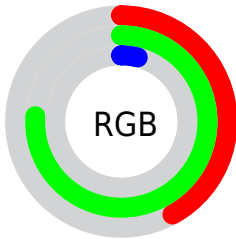
Format	Color
RYB	10, 194, 97
Decimal	7062026
CIELab	70.69, -51.54, 69.33
CIELCh	71, 86.387, 126.630
Yxy	41.7313, 0.3427, 0.5628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285252106 (0xFF6BC20A)
YUV	147.0110, -67.5464, -35.0896
Hunter-Lab	64.5998, -42.8375, 38.7926

Details

The RGB color **107, 194, 10** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **97, 10, 194**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166, 251, 83**, and **44, 139, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **102, 194, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116, 194, 29**.

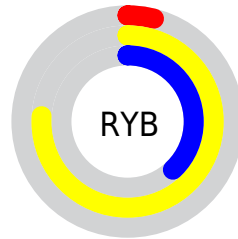
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (76%)

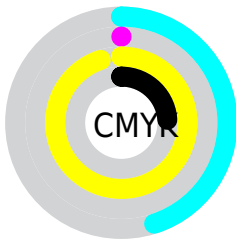
Blue (4%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (38%)

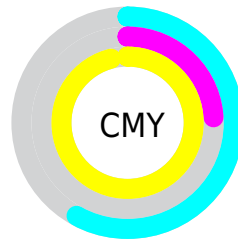


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 107, 194, 10 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 107, 194, 10 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 107, 194, 10

 107, 194, 10


255, 255, 255

 77, 166, 0

 166, 251, 83

 44, 139, 0

 195, 255, 112

 0, 113, 0

 225, 255, 140

 0, 88, 0

 255, 255, 168

 0, 63, 0

 255, 255, 197

 0, 42, 0

 255, 255, 227

 0, 5, 0

 0, 0, 0

 107, 194, 10

 107, 194, 10

■ 102, 194, 0

■ 116, 194, 29

■ 125, 194, 49

■ 135, 194, 68

■ 144, 194, 88

■ 153, 194, 107

■ 162, 194, 126

■ 171, 194, 146

■ 180, 194, 165

■ 190, 194, 185

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192, 175, 0



107, 194, 10



0, 204, 106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 194, 10



0, 198, 255



255, 82, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 194, 10



97, 10, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 102, 237



107, 194, 10



0, 177, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 194, 10



0, 207, 255



194, 143, 255



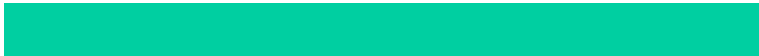
255, 107, 83

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 194, 10



0, 207, 161



194, 143, 255



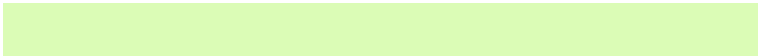
255, 83, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 194, 10



219, 252, 182



194, 96, 10



107, 128, 84



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 194, 10



133, 252, 0



16, 194, 10



92, 97, 87



85, 161, 0



17, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 10, 194



119, 0, 252



188, 10, 194



92, 87, 97



76, 0, 161



16, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 194, 10 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 194, 10 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 107, 194, 10 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 194, 10.

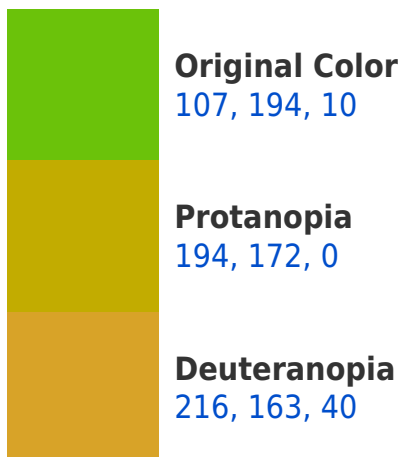


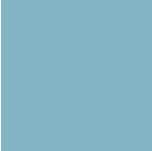
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 194, 10.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
131, 180, 195

Trichromacy



Original Color

107, 194, 10



Protanomaly

162, 180, 4



Deuteranomaly

176, 174, 29



Tritanomaly

122, 185, 128

Monochromacy



Original Color

107, 194, 10



Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147



Achromatomaly

132, 164, 97

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 107, 194, 10 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 194, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 194, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 194, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 194, 10) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 107, 194, 10 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 194, 10) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 194, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 194, 10)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 194, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 194, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 194,  
10) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 107, 194, 10 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 194, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
194, 10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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