

Converting Colors

RGB(107, 82, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(107, 82, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(107, 82, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B527D
RGB	107, 82, 125
RGB Percent	42%, 32%, 49%
CMY	0.5804, 0.6784, 0.5098
CMYK	0.14, 0.34, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	275°, 21%, 41%
HSV	275°, 34%, 49%
XYZ	12.7824, 10.6411, 20.7823
YIQ	94.3770, 1.0970, 18.6730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

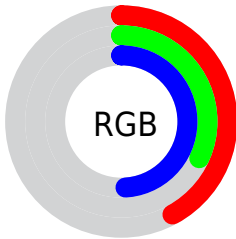
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 82, 125
Decimal	7033469
CIE _{Lab}	38.97, 19.23, -20.38
CIE _{LCh}	39, 28.021, 313.344
Yxy	10.6411, 0.2892, 0.2407
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285223549 (0xFF6B527D)
YUV	94.3770, 15.0971, 11.0704
Hunter-Lab	32.6206, 12.8590, -14.9386

Details

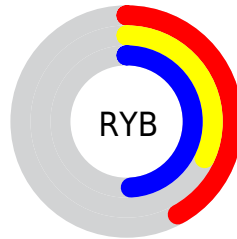
The RGB color **107, 82, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **100, 125, 82**, and the grayscale version is **94, 94, 94**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **159, 132, 178**, and **59, 37, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **102, 70, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 95, 125**.

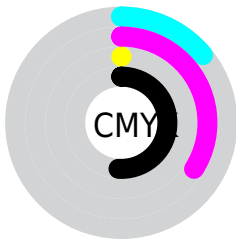
Distribution



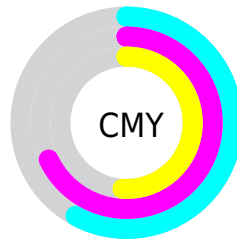
- Red (42%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 107, 82, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 107, 82, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



107, 82, 125



107, 82, 125

255, 255, 255



82, 59, 100



159, 132, 178



59, 37, 76



186, 158, 205



36, 16, 53



214, 185, 234



16, 0, 32



243, 213, 255



0, 0, 3



255, 241, 255



0, 0, 0



107, 82, 125



107, 82, 125



102, 70, 125



112, 95, 125



97, 57, 125



117, 107, 125

91, 45, 125

123, 120, 125

86, 32, 125

128, 132, 125

81, 20, 125

133, 145, 125

76, 7, 125

138, 157, 125

73, 0, 125

144, 170, 125

149, 182, 125

154, 195, 125

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74, 91, 136



107, 82, 125



128, 75, 105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 82, 125



117, 86, 48



0, 104, 101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 82, 125



100, 125, 82

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39, 103, 78



107, 82, 125



96, 94, 46

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 82, 125



131, 78, 62



71, 99, 58



0, 102, 122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 82, 125



134, 73, 90



71, 99, 58



1, 104, 94

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 82, 125



156, 147, 163



82, 101, 125



78, 72, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 82, 125



135, 96, 163



125, 82, 122



61, 57, 64



74, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 82, 100



163, 96, 124



82, 125, 85



64, 57, 60



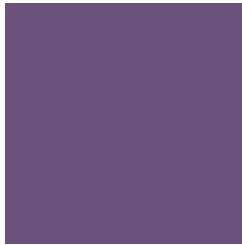
128, 0, 53



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 82, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 107, 82, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

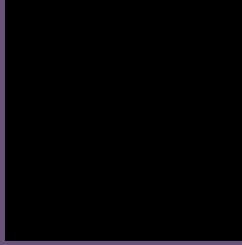
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 107, 82, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 82, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 107, 82, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

107, 82, 125

Protanopia

79, 91, 132

Deuteranopia

83, 91, 123



Tritanopia

102, 88, 95

Trichromacy



Original Color

107, 82, 125

Protanomaly

89, 88, 129

Deuteranomaly

92, 88, 124

Tritanomaly

104, 86, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

107, 82, 125

Achromatopsia

94, 94, 94

Achromatomaly

99, 90, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 107, 82, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(107, 82, 125) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 82, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 82, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 82, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 107, 82, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 82, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 82, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 82, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 82, 125); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 82, 125); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 82, 125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 107, 82, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 82, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 82,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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