

Converting Colors

RGB(108, 134, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(108, 134, 134) contains.

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Color

RGB(108, 134, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C8686
RGB	108, 134, 134
RGB Percent	42%, 53%, 53%
CMY	0.5765, 0.4745, 0.4745
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	180°, 11%, 47%
HSV	180°, 19%, 53%
XYZ	19.0125, 21.9596, 25.7908
YIQ	126.2260, -15.4960, -5.5120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

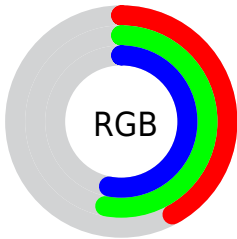
Format	Color
RYB	108, 121, 134
Decimal	7112326
CIELab	53.98, -9.24, -3.08
CIELCh	54, 9.739, 198.461
Yxy	21.9596, 0.2848, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285302406 (0xFF6C8686)
YUV	126.2260, 3.8326, -15.9842
Hunter-Lab	46.8610, -9.5856, 0.1714

Details

The RGB color `108, 134, 134` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `134, 108, 108`, and the grayscale version is `126, 126, 126`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `160, 187, 187`, and `60, 84, 84` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `95, 134, 134`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `121, 134, 134`.

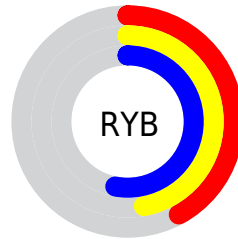
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (53%)

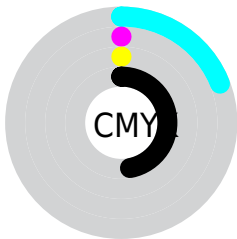
Blue (53%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (53%)

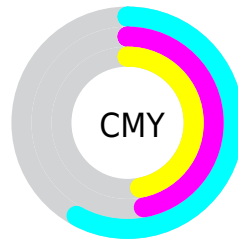


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 108, 134, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 108, 134, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 108, 134, 134

255, 255, 255

■ 160, 187, 187

■ 187, 215, 215

■ 215, 243, 243

■ 243, 255, 255

■ 108, 134, 134

■ 83, 109, 109

■ 60, 84, 84

■ 37, 61, 61

■ 15, 39, 40

■ 0, 19, 19

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 108, 134, 134

■ 95, 134, 134

■ 81, 134, 134

■ 108, 134, 134

■ 121, 134, 134

■ 135, 134, 134

■ 68, 134, 134

■ 148, 134, 134

■ 54, 134, 134

■ 162, 134, 134

■ 41, 134, 134

■ 175, 134, 134

■ 28, 134, 134

■ 188, 134, 134

■ 14, 134, 134

■ 202, 134, 134

■ 1, 134, 134

■ 215, 134, 134

■ 0, 134, 134

■ 229, 134, 134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112, 134, 125



108, 134, 134



109, 133, 141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 134, 134



137, 125, 140



139, 127, 113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 134, 134



134, 108, 108

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 125, 117



108, 134, 134



144, 124, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 134, 134



127, 128, 145



147, 123, 124



130, 130, 113

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 134, 134



114, 132, 144



147, 123, 124



142, 126, 114

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 134, 134



163, 173, 173



108, 134, 108



81, 87, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 134, 134



134, 173, 173



108, 121, 134



60, 66, 66



0, 130, 130



0, 3, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 108, 134



173, 134, 173



134, 121, 108



66, 60, 66



130, 0, 130



3, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 134, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 134, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

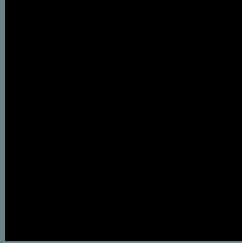
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 108, 134, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 134, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 134, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


108, 134, 134

Protanopia

130, 128, 131

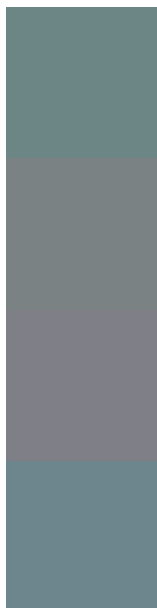
Deuteranopia

138, 125, 136



Tritanopia
110, 133, 143

Trichromacy



Original Color

108, 134, 134

Protanomaly

122, 130, 132

Deuteranomaly

127, 128, 135

Tritanomaly

109, 133, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color

108, 134, 134

Achromatopsia

126, 126, 126

Achromatomaly

119, 129, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 108, 134, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 134, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 134, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 134, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 134, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 108, 134, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 134, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 134, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 134, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 134, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 134, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 134,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 108, 134, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 134, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
134, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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