

Converting Colors

RGB(108, 149, 249)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(108, 149, 249) contains.

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Color

RGB(108, 149, 249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C95F9
RGB	108, 149, 249
RGB Percent	42%, 58%, 98%
CMY	0.5765, 0.4157, 0.0235
CMYK	0.57, 0.40, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	223°, 92%, 70%
HSV	223°, 57%, 98%
XYZ	34.0307, 31.5226, 93.9134
YIQ	148.1410, -56.5360, 22.4080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

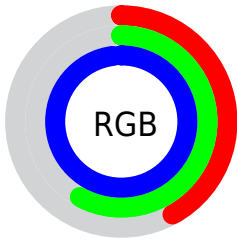
Format	Color
R _Y B	108, 140, 249
Decimal	7116281
CIE Lab	62.95, 14.76, -54.26
CIE LCh	63, 56.235, 285.213
Yxy	31.5226, 0.2134, 0.1977
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285306361 (0xFF6C95F9)
YUV	148.1410, 49.7235, -35.2037
Hunter-Lab	56.1450, 9.9389, -59.8726

Details

The RGB color **108, 149, 249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **249, 208, 108**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **168, 203, 255**, and **39, 99, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 131, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133, 167, 249**.

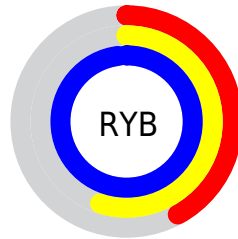
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (58%)

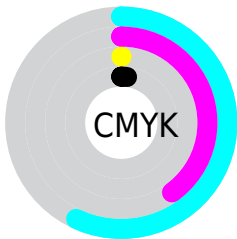
Blue (98%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (98%)

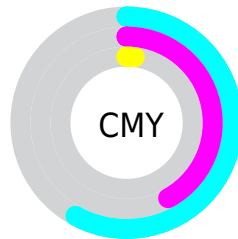


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 108, 149, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 108, 149, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 108, 149, 249


255, 255, 255

 168, 203, 255

 198, 231, 255

 228, 255, 255

 108, 149, 249


 76, 123, 220

 39, 99, 192

 0, 75, 164

 0, 53, 138

 0, 33, 112

 0, 11, 87

 0, 6, 62

 0, 3, 40

 0, 1, 17

■ 108, 149, 249

■ 108, 149, 249

■ 83, 131, 249

■ 133, 167, 249

■ 58, 114, 249

■ 158, 184, 249

■ 33, 96, 249

■ 183, 202, 249

■ 8, 78, 249

■ 208, 220, 249

■ 0, 72, 249

■ 233, 237, 249

■ 255, 255, 249

■ 255, 255, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 165, 249



108, 149, 249



188, 128, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 149, 249



232, 121, 83



0, 175, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 149, 249



249, 208, 108

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98, 169, 78



108, 149, 249



200, 141, 51

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 149, 249



244, 108, 129



155, 158, 48



0, 177, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 149, 249



220, 115, 195



155, 158, 48



33, 174, 108

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 149, 249



212, 224, 255



108, 249, 207



102, 109, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 149, 249



82, 132, 255



136, 108, 249



112, 116, 125



0, 55, 189



0, 18, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 108, 149



255, 82, 132



221, 249, 108



125, 112, 116



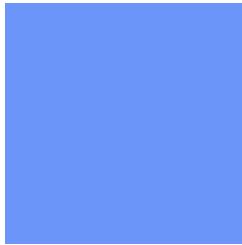
189, 0, 55



61, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 149, 249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

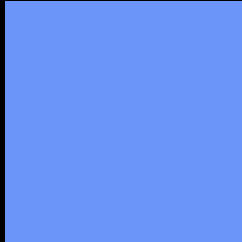
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 149, 249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 108, 149, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 149, 249.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 149, 249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

108, 149, 249

Protanopia

112, 148, 248

Deuteranopia

91, 152, 248



Tritanopia

80, 164, 178

Trichromacy



Original Color

108, 149, 249

Protanomaly

111, 148, 248

Deuteranomaly

97, 151, 248

Tritanomaly

90, 159, 204

Monochromacy



Original Color

108, 149, 249

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

133, 148, 185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 108, 149, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 149, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 149, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 149, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 149, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 108, 149, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 149, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 149, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 149, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 149, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 149, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 149,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 108, 149, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 149, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
149, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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