

Converting Colors

RGB(108, 198, 188)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(108, 198, 188) contains.

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Color

RGB(108, 198, 188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CC6BC
RGB	108, 198, 188
RGB Percent	42%, 78%, 74%
CMY	0.5765, 0.2235, 0.2627
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.05, 0.22
HSL	173°, 44%, 60%
HSV	173°, 45%, 78%
XYZ	35.4555, 47.2072, 54.8201
YIQ	169.9500, -50.4300, -22.1900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

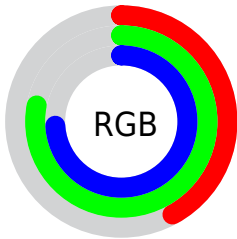
Format	Color
RYB	108, 156, 198
Decimal	7128764
CIELab	74.32, -29.39, -3.38
CIELCh	74, 29.583, 186.560
Yxy	47.2072, 0.2579, 0.3434
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285318844 (0xFF6CC6BC)
YUV	169.9500, 8.8987, -54.3301
Hunter-Lab	68.7075, -28.1256, 0.7891

Details

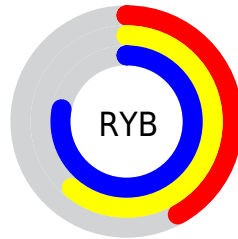
The RGB color **108, 198, 188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **198, 108, 118**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164, 255, 244**, and **50, 144, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 198, 186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128, 198, 190**.

Distribution



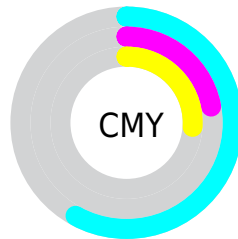
- Red (42%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 108, 198, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 108, 198, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 108, 198, 188

255, 255, 255


 164, 255, 244


 193, 255, 255

 222, 255, 255

 252, 255, 255

 108, 198, 188

 80, 170, 161

 50, 144, 135

 7, 118, 110

 0, 93, 85

 0, 69, 62

 0, 46, 40

 0, 24, 20

 0, 0, 0

 108, 198, 188

 108, 198, 188

■ 88, 198, 186

■ 128, 198, 190

■ 68, 198, 184

■ 148, 198, 192

■ 49, 198, 181

■ 167, 198, 195

■ 29, 198, 179

■ 187, 198, 197

■ 9, 198, 177

■ 207, 198, 199

■ 0, 198, 176

■ 227, 198, 201

■ 247, 198, 203

■ 255, 198, 206

■ 255, 198, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135, 196, 160



108, 198, 188



99, 196, 214

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 198, 188



194, 174, 226



221, 174, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 198, 188



198, 108, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



235, 166, 152



108, 198, 188



223, 166, 205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 198, 188



157, 183, 236



237, 163, 178



196, 183, 129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 198, 188



110, 193, 227



237, 163, 178



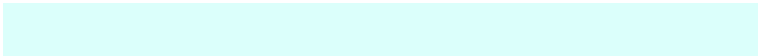
227, 171, 138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 198, 188



219, 255, 251



119, 198, 108



106, 128, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 198, 188



115, 255, 239



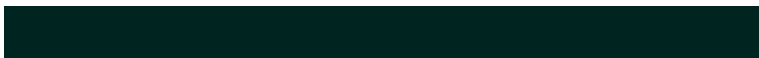
108, 164, 198



90, 99, 98



0, 163, 145



0, 36, 32

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 108, 118



255, 115, 130



198, 143, 108



99, 90, 91



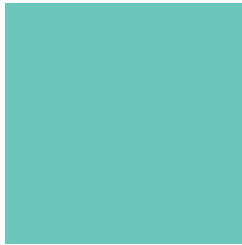
163, 0, 18



36, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 198, 188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

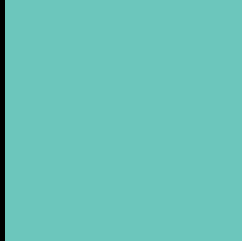
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 198, 188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

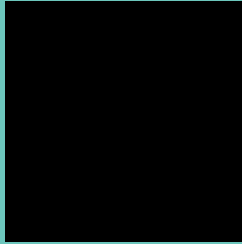
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 108, 198, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 198, 188.

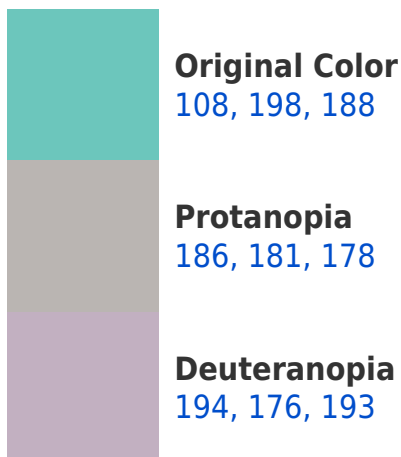


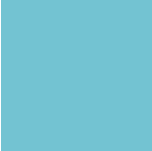
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 198, 188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





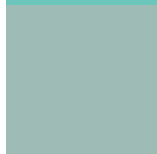
Tritanopia
115, 195, 210

Trichromacy



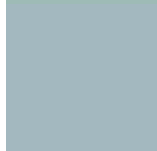
Original Color

108, 198, 188



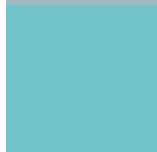
Protanomaly

158, 187, 182



Deuteranomaly

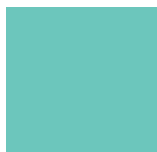
163, 184, 191



Tritanomaly

112, 196, 202

Monochromacy



Original Color

108, 198, 188



Achromatopsia

170, 170, 170



Achromatomaly

147, 180, 177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 108, 198, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 198, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 198, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 198, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 198, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 108, 198, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 198, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 198, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 198, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 198, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 198, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 198,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 108, 198, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 198, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
198, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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