

Converting Colors

RGB(108, 249, 135)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(108, 249, 135) contains.

RGB(108, 249, 135)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(108, 249, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CF987
RGB	108, 249, 135
RGB Percent	42%, 98%, 53%
CMY	0.5765, 0.0235, 0.4706
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.46, 0.02
HSL	131°, 92%, 70%
HSV	131°, 57%, 98%
XYZ	44.4332, 72.6888, 34.6101
YIQ	193.8450, -47.4420, -65.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

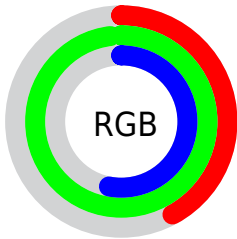
Format	Color
RYB	108, 226, 249
Decimal	7141767
CIELab	88.30, -61.51, 43.33
CIELCh	88, 75.241, 144.836
Yxy	72.6888, 0.2928, 0.4791
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285331847 (0xFF6CF987)
YUV	193.8450, -29.0106, -75.2861
Hunter-Lab	85.2577, -56.1733, 35.6118

Details

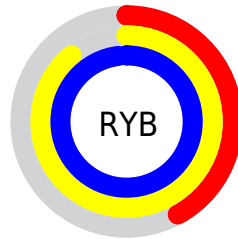
The RGB color **108, 249, 135** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **249, 108, 222**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169, 255, 190**, and **34, 191, 83** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 249, 115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133, 249, 155**.

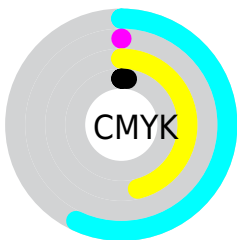
Distribution



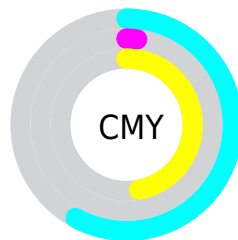
- Red (42%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 108, 249, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 108, 249, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 108, 249, 135

255, 255, 255


 169, 255, 190

 199, 255, 218


 230, 255, 247


 108, 249, 135

 75, 220, 109

 34, 191, 83

 0, 163, 57

 0, 136, 31

 0, 110, 0

 0, 84, 0

 0, 59, 0

 0, 36, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 108, 249, 135

■ 108, 249, 135

■ 83, 249, 115

■ 133, 249, 155

■ 58, 249, 95

■ 158, 249, 175

■ 33, 249, 75

■ 183, 249, 195

■ 8, 249, 54

■ 208, 249, 216

■ 0, 249, 48

■ 233, 249, 236

■ 255, 249, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 235, 81



108, 249, 135



0, 255, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 249, 135



0, 233, 255



255, 161, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 249, 135



249, 108, 222

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 157, 237



108, 249, 135



202, 208, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 249, 135



0, 249, 255



255, 178, 255



255, 186, 105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 249, 135



0, 255, 255



255, 178, 255



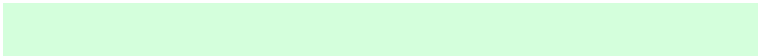
255, 157, 189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 249, 135



212, 255, 220



223, 249, 108



102, 128, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 249, 135



82, 255, 115



108, 249, 204



112, 125, 115



0, 189, 36



0, 61, 12

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 108, 222



255, 82, 222



249, 108, 153



125, 112, 123



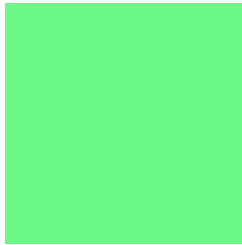
189, 0, 153



61, 0, 49

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 249, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 249, 135 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

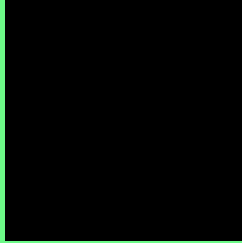
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

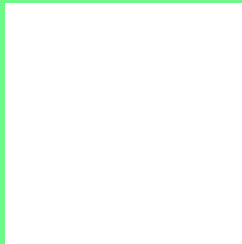
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 108, 249, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 249, 135.

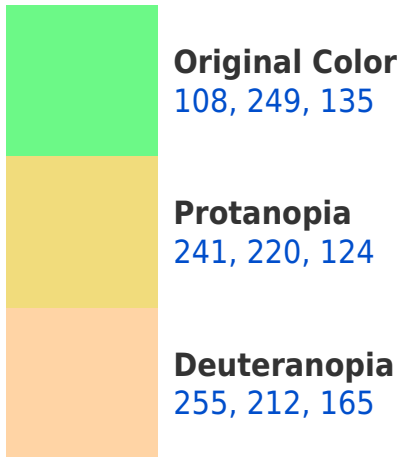


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 249, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





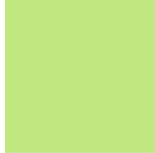
Tritanopia
138, 235, 254

Trichromacy



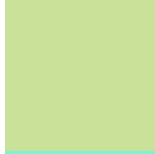
Original Color

108, 249, 135



Protanomaly

193, 231, 128



Deuteranomaly

202, 225, 154



Tritanomaly

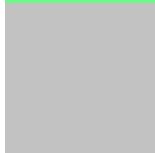
127, 240, 211

Monochromacy



Original Color

108, 249, 135



Achromatopsia

194, 194, 194



Achromatomaly

163, 214, 173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 108, 249, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 249, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 249, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 249, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 249, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 108, 249, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 249, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 249, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 249, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 249, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 249, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 249,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 108, 249, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 249, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
249, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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