

Converting Colors

RGB(108, 25, 158)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(108, 25, 158) contains.

RGB(108, 25, 158)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	28

Color

RGB(108, 25, 158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C199E
RGB	108, 25, 158
RGB Percent	42%, 10%, 62%
CMY	0.5765, 0.9020, 0.3804
CMYK	0.32, 0.84, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	277°, 73%, 36%
HSV	277°, 84%, 62%
XYZ	12.7035, 6.3520, 32.9043
YIQ	64.9790, 6.7750, 58.9590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

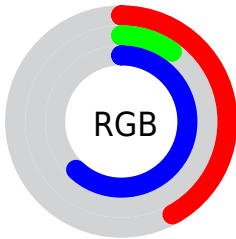
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 25, 158
Decimal	7084446
CIE _{Lab}	30.28, 56.14, -54.41
CIE _{LCh}	30, 78.184, 315.896
Yxy	6.3520, 0.2445, 0.1222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285274526 (0xFF6C199E)
YUV	64.9790, 45.8594, 37.7294
Hunter-Lab	25.2032, 45.8661, -59.7642

Details

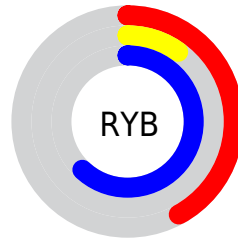
The RGB color **108, 25, 158** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **75, 158, 25**, and the grayscale version is **65, 65, 65**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164, 81, 214**, and **52, 0, 105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **102, 9, 158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114, 41, 158**.

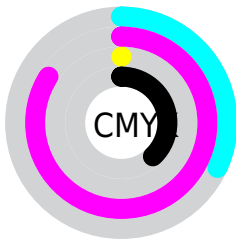
Distribution



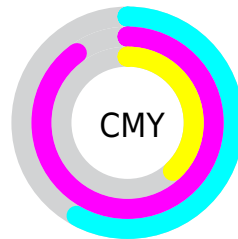
- Red (42%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 108, 25, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 108, 25, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 108, 25, 158

 108, 25, 158

255, 255, 255

 80, 0, 131

 164, 81, 214

 52, 0, 105

 193, 108, 242

 27, 0, 81

 222, 135, 255

 0, 0, 56

 252, 162, 255

 0, 2, 34

 255, 190, 255

 0, 0, 8

 255, 219, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 248, 255

 108, 25, 158

 108, 25, 158

■ 102, 9, 158

■ 114, 41, 158

■ 99, 0, 158

■ 120, 57, 158

■ 126, 72, 158

■ 132, 88, 158

■ 138, 104, 158

■ 144, 120, 158

■ 150, 136, 158

■ 156, 151, 158

■ 161, 167, 158

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 70, 192



108, 25, 158



160, 0, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 25, 158



111, 58, 0



0, 94, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 25, 158



75, 158, 25

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 92, 39



108, 25, 158



57, 79, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 25, 158



150, 0, 0



0, 88, 0



0, 94, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 25, 158



170, 0, 63



0, 88, 0



0, 93, 82

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 25, 158



187, 155, 207



25, 76, 158



93, 73, 105



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 25, 158



129, 0, 207



158, 25, 142



76, 71, 79



89, 0, 143



10, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



158, 25, 75



207, 0, 78



25, 158, 41



79, 71, 74



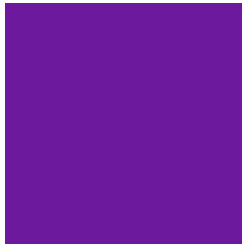
143, 0, 54



15, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 25, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

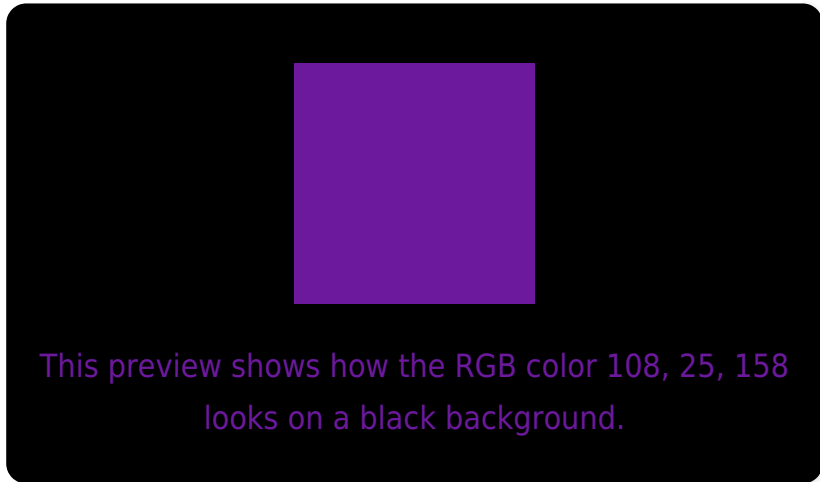
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

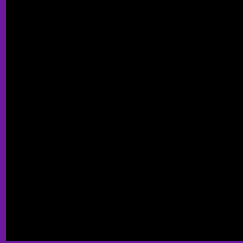
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 108, 25, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 25, 158.

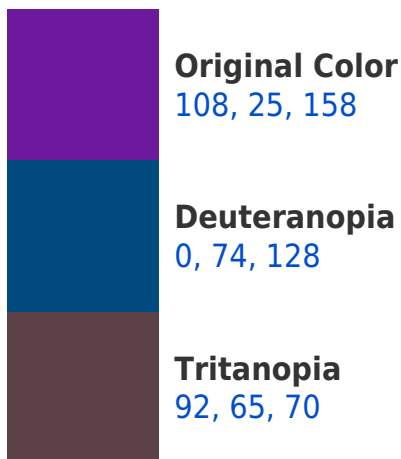


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 25, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color

108, 25, 158

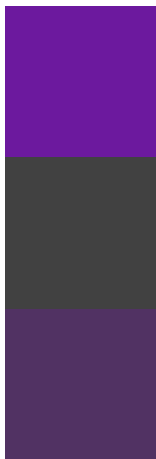
Deuteranomaly

39, 56, 139

Tritanomaly

98, 50, 102

Monochromacy



Original Color

108, 25, 158

Achromatopsia

65, 65, 65

Achromatomaly

81, 50, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 108, 25, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 25, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 25, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 25, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 25, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 108, 25, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 25, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 25, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 25, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 25, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 25, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 25,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 108, 25, 158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 25, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 25,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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