

Converting Colors

RGB(108, 53, 254)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(108, 53, 254) contains.

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Color

RGB(108, 53, 254)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C35FE
RGB	108, 53, 254
RGB Percent	42%, 21%, 100%
CMY	0.5765, 0.7922, 0.0039
CMYK	0.57, 0.79, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	256°, 99%, 60%
HSV	256°, 79%, 100%
XYZ	25.3468, 12.8901, 94.9180
YIQ	92.3590, -31.7410, 74.1710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

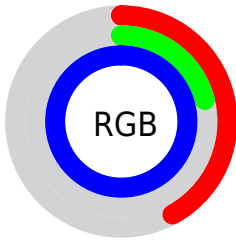
Format	Color
RYB	108, 53, 254
Decimal	7091710
CIELab	42.60, 69.26, -90.03
CIELCh	43, 113.585, 307.572
Yxy	12.8901, 0.1904, 0.0968
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285281790 (0xFF6C35FE)
YUV	92.3590, 79.6890, 13.7172
Hunter-Lab	35.9028, 63.1884, -131.6160

Details

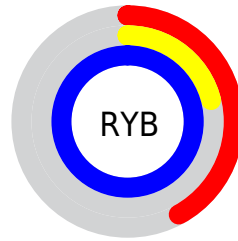
The RGB color **108, 53, 254** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633FF**. The color can be described as middle washed purple. A complement of this color would be **199, 254, 53**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173, 107, 255**, and **16, 0, 196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 28, 254**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126, 78, 254**.

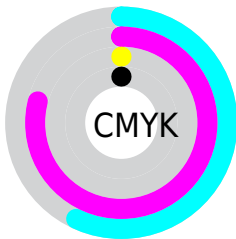
Distribution



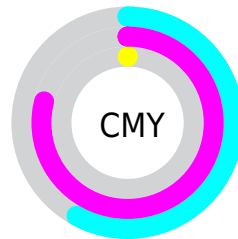
- Red (42%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 108, 53, 254 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 108, 53, 254 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



108, 53, 254



108, 53, 254

255, 255, 255



72, 22, 225



173, 107, 255



16, 0, 196



204, 134, 255



0, 0, 168



236, 162, 255



0, 0, 140



255, 190, 255



0, 0, 113



255, 219, 255



0, 12, 88



255, 248, 255



0, 6, 63



0, 3, 40



0, 1, 18

■ 108, 53, 254

■ 108, 53, 254

■ 90, 28, 254

■ 126, 78, 254

■ 71, 2, 254

■ 145, 104, 254

■ 70, 0, 254

■ 163, 129, 254

■ 182, 155, 254

■ 200, 180, 254

■ 219, 205, 254

■ 237, 231, 254

255, 255, 254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 110, 255



108, 53, 254



221, 0, 174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 53, 254



177, 64, 0



0, 132, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 53, 254



199, 254, 53

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 129, 9



108, 53, 254



102, 106, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 53, 254



230, 0, 0



0, 123, 0



0, 134, 216

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 53, 254



247, 0, 113



0, 123, 0



0, 131, 90

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 53, 254



211, 194, 255



53, 200, 254



101, 91, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 53, 254



79, 13, 255



207, 53, 254



118, 115, 128



52, 0, 191



17, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



254, 53, 199



255, 13, 189



100, 254, 53



128, 115, 124



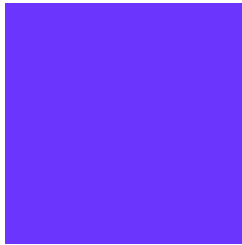
191, 0, 139



64, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 53, 254 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

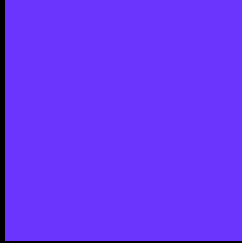
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 108, 53, 254 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 108, 53, 254 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 53, 254.

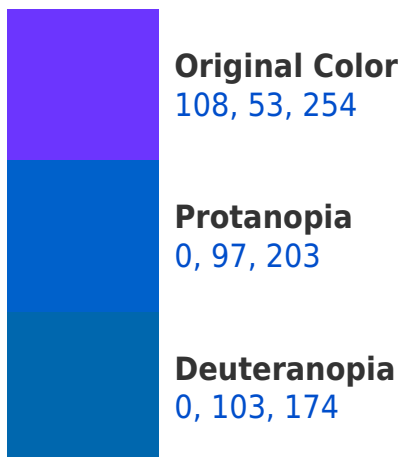


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 108, 53, 254.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
53, 108, 117

Trichromacy



Original Color

108, 53, 254



Protanomaly

39, 81, 222



Deuteranomaly

39, 85, 203



Tritanomaly

73, 88, 167

Monochromacy



Original Color

108, 53, 254



Achromatopsia

92, 92, 92



Achromatomaly

98, 78, 151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 108, 53, 254 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 53, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 53, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 53, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 53, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 108, 53, 254 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

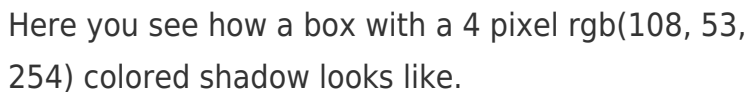
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 53, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 53, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 53, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 53, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 53, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 53,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 108, 53, 254 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 53, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 53,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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