

Converting Colors

RGB(109, 112, 104)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(109, 112, 104) contains.

RGB(109, 112, 104)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(109, 112, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D7068
RGB	109, 112, 104
RGB Percent	43%, 44%, 41%
CMY	0.5725, 0.5608, 0.5922
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.07, 0.56
HSL	83°, 4%, 42%
HSV	83°, 7%, 44%
XYZ	14.5995, 15.8390, 15.3845
YIQ	110.1910, 0.7800, -3.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

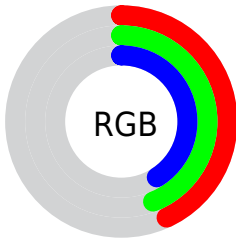
Format	Color
RYB	104, 112, 107
Decimal	7172200
CIELab	46.76, -2.75, 4.04
CIELCh	47, 4.891, 124.257
Yxy	15.8390, 0.3186, 0.3457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285362280 (0xFF6D7068)
YUV	110.1910, -3.0522, -1.0445
Hunter-Lab	39.7983, -4.1663, 4.9396

Details

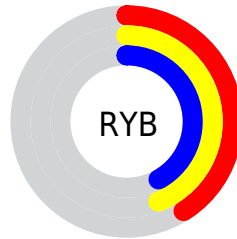
The RGB color **109, 112, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **107, 104, 112**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160, 164, 155**, and **62, 64, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 112, 93**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 112, 115**.

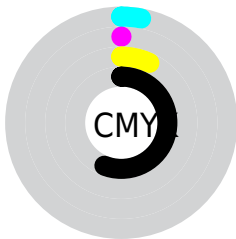
Distribution



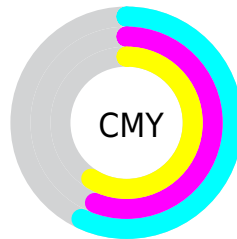
- Red (43%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 109, 112, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 109, 112, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 109, 112, 104

255, 255, 255

■ 160, 164, 155

■ 187, 191, 182

■ 215, 219, 209

■ 244, 247, 238

■ 109, 112, 104

■ 85, 88, 80

■ 62, 64, 57

■ 40, 42, 36

■ 19, 22, 14

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 109, 112, 104

■ 105, 112, 93

■ 101, 112, 82

■ 96, 112, 70

■ 109, 112, 104

■ 113, 112, 115

■ 117, 112, 126

■ 122, 112, 138

■ 92, 112, 59

■ 126, 112, 149

■ 88, 112, 48

■ 130, 112, 160

■ 84, 112, 37

■ 134, 112, 171

■ 80, 112, 26

■ 138, 112, 182

■ 75, 112, 14

■ 143, 112, 194

■ 71, 112, 3

■ 147, 112, 205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 111, 103



109, 112, 104



105, 113, 107

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 112, 104



103, 112, 118



119, 108, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 112, 104



107, 104, 112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



117, 109, 114



109, 112, 104



107, 111, 119

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 112, 104



101, 113, 115



112, 110, 118



120, 108, 106

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 112, 104



102, 113, 110



112, 110, 118



119, 108, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 112, 104



144, 145, 142



112, 107, 104



73, 74, 72



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 112, 104



140, 145, 132



105, 112, 104



54, 56, 50



75, 120, 0



155, 247, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 104, 112



137, 132, 145



111, 104, 112



53, 50, 56



45, 0, 120



93, 0, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 112, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 112, 104 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

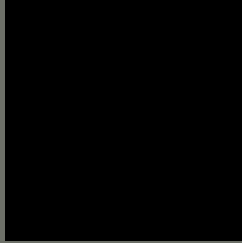
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

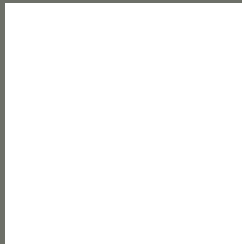
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 109, 112, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 112, 104.

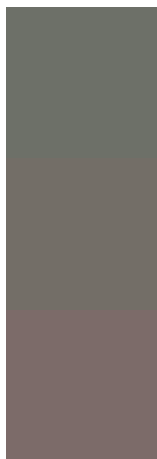


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 112, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


[109](#), [112](#), [104](#)

Protanopia

[115](#), [110](#), [103](#)

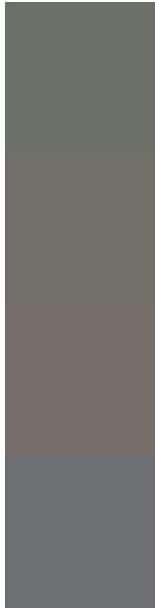
Deuteranopia

[124](#), [107](#), [105](#)



Tritanopia
111, 110, 119

Trichromacy



Original Color

109, 112, 104

Protanomaly

113, 111, 103

Deuteranomaly

119, 109, 105

Tritanomaly

110, 111, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

109, 112, 104

Achromatopsia

110, 110, 110

Achromatomaly

110, 111, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 109, 112, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(109, 112, 104) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 112, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 112, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 112, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 109, 112, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 112, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 112, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 112, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 112, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 112, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 112,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 109, 112, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 112, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
112, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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