

Converting Colors

RGB(109, 124, 219)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(109, 124, 219) contains.

RGB(109, 124, 219)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(109, 124, 219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D7CDB
RGB	109, 124, 219
RGB Percent	43%, 49%, 86%
CMY	0.5725, 0.5137, 0.1412
CMYK	0.50, 0.43, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	232°, 60%, 64%
HSV	232°, 50%, 86%
XYZ	26.3005, 22.7810, 70.0288
YIQ	130.3450, -39.4350, 26.3650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

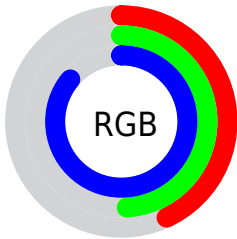
Format	Color
RYB	109, 122, 219
Decimal	7175387
CIELab	54.85, 20.45, -50.49
CIELCh	55, 54.474, 292.050
Yxy	22.7810, 0.2208, 0.1913
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285365467 (0xFF6D7CDB)
YUV	130.3450, 43.7069, -18.7196
Hunter-Lab	47.7294, 14.8329, -53.5799

Details

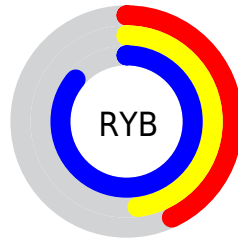
The RGB color **109, 124, 219** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **219, 204, 109**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166, 176, 255**, and **49, 76, 163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 105, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 143, 219**.

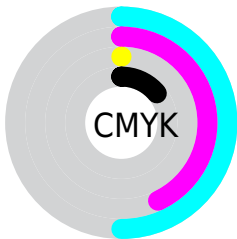
Distribution



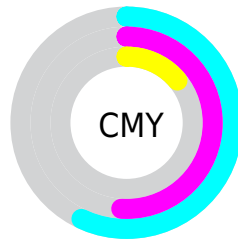
- Red (43%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 109, 124, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 109, 124, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 109, 124, 219


255, 255, 255


 166, 176, 255

 195, 204, 255

 225, 232, 255

254, 255, 255


 109, 124, 219

 80, 99, 191

 49, 76, 163

 0, 53, 137

 0, 33, 111

 0, 12, 86

 0, 6, 62

 0, 3, 39

 0, 1, 16

 0, 0, 0

■ 109, 124, 219

■ 109, 124, 219

■ 87, 105, 219

■ 131, 143, 219

■ 65, 86, 219

■ 153, 162, 219

■ 43, 67, 219

■ 175, 181, 219

■ 21, 48, 219

■ 197, 200, 219

■ 0, 30, 219

■ 219, 219, 219

■ 240, 237, 219

■ 255, 255, 219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 140, 225



109, 124, 219



176, 104, 190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 124, 219



200, 106, 57



0, 153, 117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 124, 219



219, 204, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62, 148, 70



109, 124, 219



166, 125, 29

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 124, 219



216, 90, 99



122, 139, 34



0, 154, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 124, 219



202, 92, 161



122, 139, 34



0, 152, 100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 124, 219



217, 222, 255



109, 219, 202



105, 108, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 124, 219



102, 123, 255



147, 109, 219



99, 100, 110



0, 24, 173



0, 6, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 109, 124



255, 102, 123



180, 219, 109



110, 99, 100



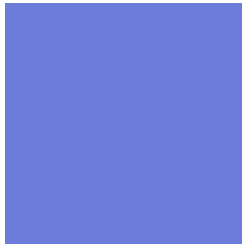
173, 0, 24



46, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 124, 219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

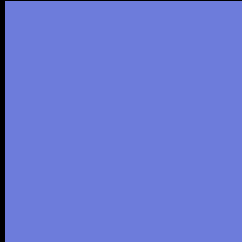
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 124, 219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

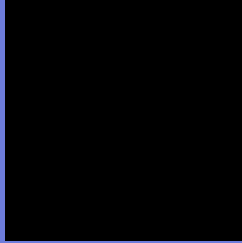
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 109, 124, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 124, 219.

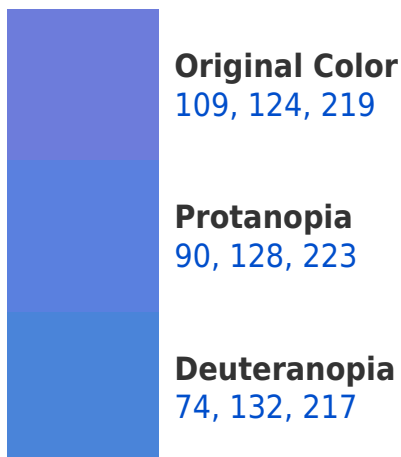


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 124, 219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 139, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color
109, 124, 219

Protanomaly
97, 127, 222

Deuteranomaly
87, 129, 218

Tritanomaly
95, 134, 175

Monochromacy



Original Color
109, 124, 219

Achromatopsia
130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly
122, 128, 162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 109, 124, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 124, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(109, 124, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 124, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 124, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 109, 124, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 124, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 124, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 124, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 124, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 124, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 124,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 109, 124, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 124, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
124, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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