

Converting Colors

RGB(109, 144, 182)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(109, 144, 182) contains.

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Color

RGB(109, 144, 182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D90B6
RGB	109, 144, 182
RGB Percent	43%, 56%, 71%
CMY	0.5725, 0.4353, 0.2863
CMYK	0.40, 0.21, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	211°, 33%, 57%
HSV	211°, 40%, 71%
XYZ	24.7234, 26.5751, 48.0824
YIQ	137.8670, -33.0580, 4.3980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

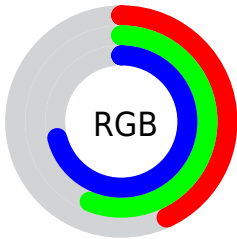
Format	Color
R _Y B	109, 133, 182
Decimal	7180470
CIE Lab	58.58, -2.29, -23.72
CIE LCh	59, 23.828, 264.491
Yxy	26.5751, 0.2488, 0.2674
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285370550 (0xFF6D90B6)
YUV	137.8670, 21.7576, -25.3164
Hunter-Lab	51.5511, -4.6074, -19.2149

Details

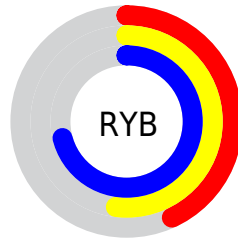
The RGB color **109, 144, 182** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **182, 147, 109**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163, 198, 238**, and **57, 94, 129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 135, 182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127, 153, 182**.

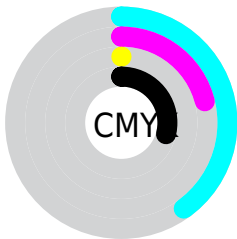
Distribution



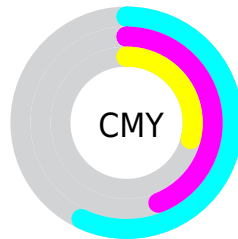
- Red (43%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 109, 144, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 109, 144, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 109, 144, 182

255, 255, 255

■ 163, 198, 238

■ 191, 226, 255

■ 219, 254, 255

■ 248, 255, 255

■ 109, 144, 182

■ 83, 118, 155

■ 57, 94, 129

■ 29, 70, 104

■ 0, 48, 79

■ 0, 27, 56

■ 0, 2, 35

■ 0, 0, 10

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 109, 144, 182

■ 109, 144, 182

■ 91, 135, 182

■ 127, 153, 182

■ 73, 125, 182

■ 145, 163, 182

■ 54, 116, 182

■ 164, 172, 182

■ 36, 106, 182

■ 182, 182, 182

■ 18, 97, 182

■ 200, 191, 182

■ 0, 87, 182

■ 218, 201, 182

■ 236, 210, 182

■ 255, 220, 182

■ 255, 229, 182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84, 149, 174



109, 144, 182



139, 137, 179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 144, 182



183, 126, 125



114, 150, 116

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 144, 182



182, 147, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 145, 103



109, 144, 182



176, 131, 108

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 144, 182



179, 126, 146



160, 138, 99



91, 152, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 144, 182



157, 132, 171



160, 138, 99



122, 148, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 144, 182



209, 222, 237



109, 182, 147



103, 111, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 144, 182



123, 178, 237



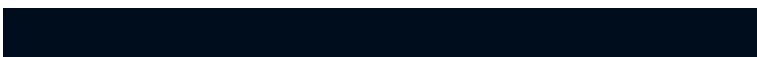
110, 109, 182



83, 87, 92



0, 75, 156



0, 13, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 109, 144



237, 123, 178



181, 182, 109



92, 83, 87



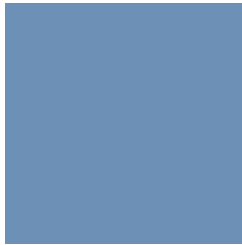
156, 0, 75



28, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 144, 182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 144, 182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

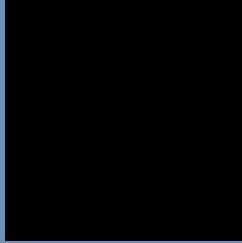
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

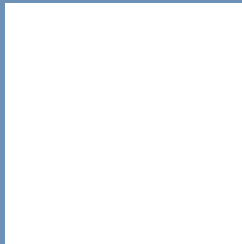
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 109, 144, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 144, 182.

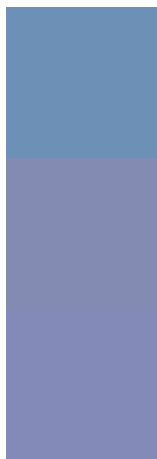


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 144, 182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

109, 144, 182

Protanopia

131, 139, 178

Deuteranopia

131, 138, 183



Tritanopia
103, 148, 160

Trichromacy



Original Color

109, 144, 182

Protanomaly

123, 141, 179

Deuteranomaly

123, 140, 183

Tritanomaly

105, 147, 168

Monochromacy



Original Color

109, 144, 182

Achromatopsia

138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly

127, 140, 154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 109, 144, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 144, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 144, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 144, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 144, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 109, 144, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 144, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 144, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 144, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 144, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 144, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 144,  
182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 109, 144, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 144, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
144, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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