

Converting Colors

RGB(109, 165, 239)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(109, 165, 239) contains.

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Color

RGB(109, 165, 239)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DA5EF
RGB	109, 165, 239
RGB Percent	43%, 65%, 94%
CMY	0.5725, 0.3529, 0.0627
CMYK	0.54, 0.31, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	214°, 80%, 68%
HSV	214°, 54%, 94%
XYZ	35.3418, 36.3935, 86.8233
YIQ	156.6920, -57.1300, 11.1420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

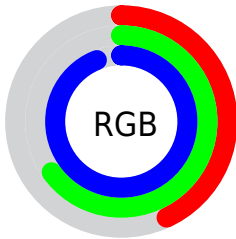
Format	Color
R _Y B	109, 148, 239
Decimal	7185903
CIE Lab	66.82, 2.56, -42.67
CIE LCh	67, 42.747, 273.440
Yxy	36.3935, 0.2229, 0.2295
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285375983 (0xFF6DA5EF)
YUV	156.6920, 40.5778, -41.8259
Hunter-Lab	60.3270, -1.0003, -43.1019

Details

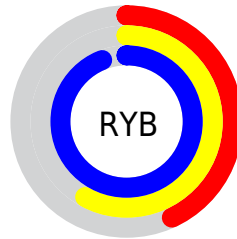
The RGB color **109, 165, 239** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **239, 183, 109**, and the grayscale version is **156, 156, 156**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **168, 220, 255**, and **44, 114, 183** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 151, 239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133, 179, 239**.

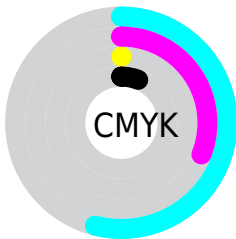
Distribution



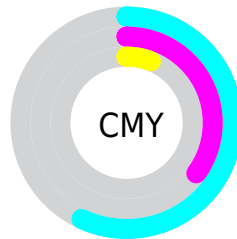
- Red (43%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 109, 165, 239 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 109, 165, 239 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 109, 165, 239


255, 255, 255


 168, 220, 255

 197, 248, 255

 227, 255, 255

 109, 165, 239

 79, 139, 210

 44, 114, 183

 0, 89, 155

 0, 66, 129

 0, 45, 104

 0, 25, 79

 0, 5, 56

 0, 2, 33

 0, 0, 7

■ 109, 165, 239

■ 109, 165, 239

■ 85, 151, 239

■ 133, 179, 239

■ 61, 138, 239

■ 157, 192, 239

■ 37, 124, 239

■ 181, 206, 239

■ 13, 111, 239

■ 205, 219, 239

■ 0, 103, 239

■ 228, 233, 239

■ 252, 247, 239

■ 255, 255, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 176, 231



109, 165, 239



172, 151, 227

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 165, 239



233, 136, 122



93, 180, 127

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 165, 239



239, 183, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 173, 97



109, 165, 239



214, 148, 94

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 165, 239



234, 131, 160



182, 162, 84



0, 183, 166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 165, 239



202, 141, 209



182, 162, 84



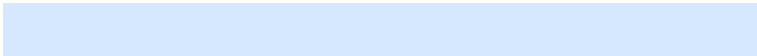
111, 178, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 165, 239



214, 232, 255



109, 239, 183



103, 114, 128



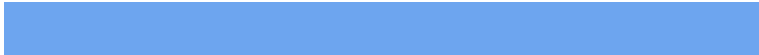
0, 0, 0



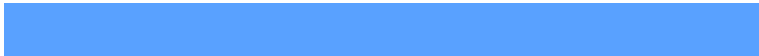
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 165, 239



89, 161, 255



118, 109, 239



108, 113, 120



0, 79, 184



0, 24, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



239, 109, 165



255, 89, 161



230, 239, 109



120, 108, 113



184, 0, 79



56, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 165, 239 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

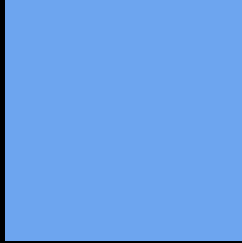
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 165, 239 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

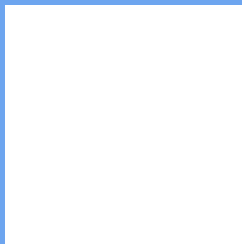
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 109, 165, 239 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 165, 239.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 165, 239.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
109, 165, 239

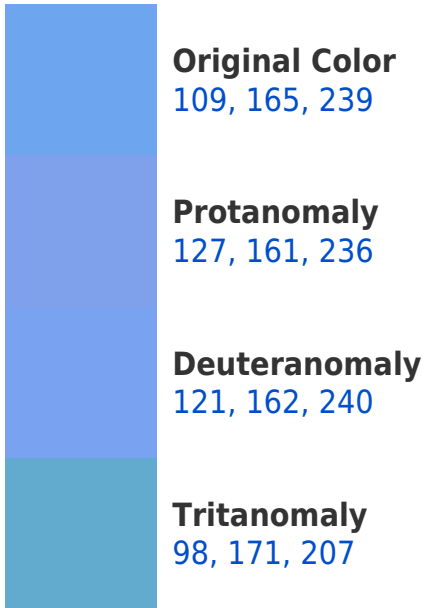
Protanopia
137, 159, 234

Deuteranopia
128, 161, 240

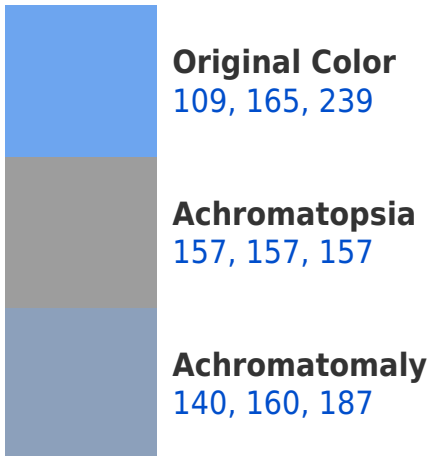


Tritanopia
91, 175, 189

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 109, 165, 239 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 165, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(109, 165, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 165, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 165, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 109, 165, 239 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 165, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 165, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 165, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 165, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 165, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 165,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 109, 165, 239 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 165, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
165, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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