

Converting Colors

RGB(109, 204, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(109, 204, 129) contains.

RGB(109, 204, 129)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(109, 204, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DCC81
RGB	109, 204, 129
RGB Percent	43%, 80%, 51%
CMY	0.5725, 0.2000, 0.4941
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.37, 0.20
HSL	133°, 48%, 61%
HSV	133°, 47%, 80%
XYZ	31.8620, 48.0219, 28.3587
YIQ	167.0450, -32.5450, -43.4650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

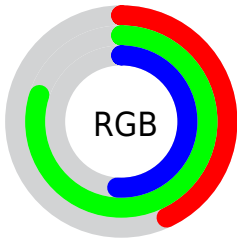
Format	Color
RYB	109, 187, 204
Decimal	7195777
CIELab	74.84, -44.21, 28.89
CIELCh	75, 52.816, 146.833
Yxy	48.0219, 0.2944, 0.4437
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285385857 (0xFF6DCC81)
YUV	167.0450, -18.7562, -50.9055
Hunter-Lab	69.2979, -39.1999, 24.2453

Details

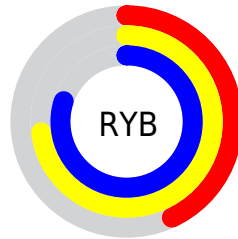
The RGB color **109, 204, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **204, 109, 184**, and the grayscale version is **167, 167, 167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165, 255, 182**, and **51, 149, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 204, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **129, 204, 145**.

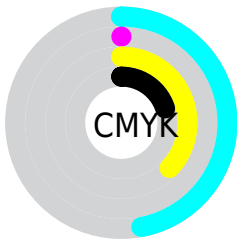
Distribution



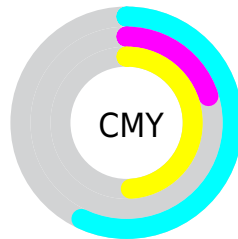
- Red (43%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 109, 204, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 109, 204, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 109, 204, 129

255, 255, 255


 165, 255, 182


 194, 255, 210

 223, 255, 239

253, 255, 255


 109, 204, 129

 81, 176, 103

 51, 149, 79

 12, 123, 55

 0, 97, 32

 0, 72, 8

 0, 49, 0

 0, 26, 0

 0, 0, 0

 109, 204, 129

 109, 204, 129

 89, 204, 113

 129, 204, 145


 68, 204, 97

 150, 204, 161

 48, 204, 81

 170, 204, 177

 27, 204, 65

 191, 204, 193

 7, 204, 48

 211, 204, 210

 0, 204, 43

 231, 204, 226

 252, 204, 242

 255, 204, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

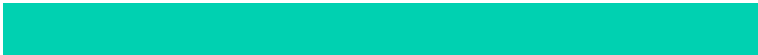
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169, 194, 94



109, 204, 129



0, 209, 177

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 204, 129



82, 191, 255



255, 147, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 204, 129



204, 109, 184

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 144, 191



109, 204, 129



180, 173, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 204, 129



0, 203, 255



240, 155, 238



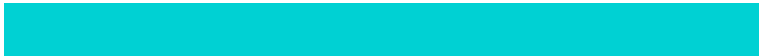
255, 162, 104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 204, 129



0, 209, 211



240, 155, 238



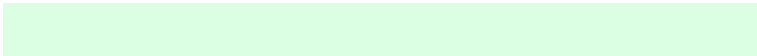
255, 144, 159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 204, 129



219, 255, 227



185, 204, 109



106, 128, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 204, 129



112, 255, 142



109, 204, 176



92, 102, 94



0, 166, 35



0, 38, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 109, 184



255, 112, 225



204, 109, 138



102, 92, 100



166, 0, 131



38, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 204, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

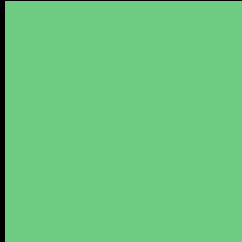
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 204, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 109, 204, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 204, 129.

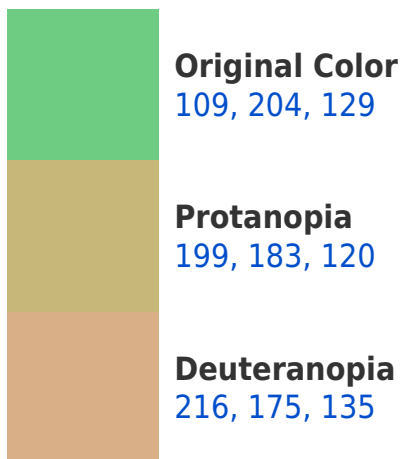


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 204, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
127, 194, 210

Trichromacy



Original Color

109, 204, 129



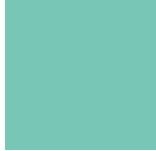
Protanomaly

166, 191, 123



Deuteranomaly

177, 186, 133



Tritanomaly

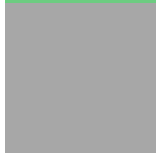
120, 198, 181

Monochromacy



Original Color

109, 204, 129



Achromatopsia

167, 167, 167



Achromatomaly

146, 180, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 109, 204, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 204, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 204, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 204, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 204, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 109, 204, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 204, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 204, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 204, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 204, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 204, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 204,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 109, 204, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 204, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
204, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor