

Converting Colors

RGB(109, 242, 165)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(109, 242, 165) contains.

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Color

RGB(109, 242, 165)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DF2A5
RGB	109, 242, 165
RGB Percent	43%, 95%, 65%
CMY	0.5725, 0.0510, 0.3529
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.32, 0.05
HSL	145°, 84%, 69%
HSV	145°, 55%, 95%
XYZ	44.8503, 69.4721, 46.6429
YIQ	193.4550, -54.5510, -52.1430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

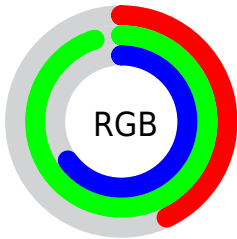
Format	Color
RYB	109, 203, 242
Decimal	7205541
CIELab	86.74, -53.57, 26.37
CIElCh	87, 59.705, 153.793
Yxy	69.4721, 0.2786, 0.4316
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285395621 (0xFF6DF2A5)
YUV	193.4550, -14.0283, -74.0670
Hunter-Lab	83.3499, -49.8120, 25.1660

Details

The RGB color **109, 242, 165** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **242, 109, 186**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169, 255, 220**, and **40, 185, 113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 242, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133, 242, 179**.

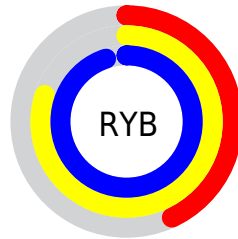
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (95%)

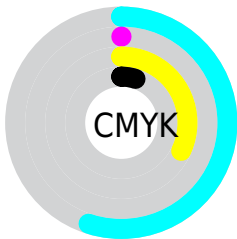
Blue (65%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (95%)

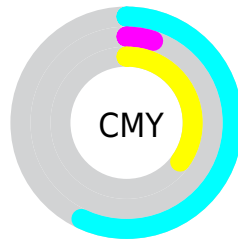


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 109, 242, 165 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 109, 242, 165 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 109, 242, 165

255, 255, 255


 169, 255, 220


 199, 255, 249


 229, 255, 255

 109, 242, 165

 77, 213, 138

 40, 185, 113

 0, 157, 88

 0, 130, 64

 0, 104, 41

 0, 79, 18

 0, 55, 0

 0, 31, 0

 0, 0, 0

 109, 242, 165

 109, 242, 165

 85, 242, 151

 133, 242, 179

 61, 242, 137

 157, 242, 193

 36, 242, 123

 182, 242, 207

 12, 242, 109

 206, 242, 221

 0, 242, 102

 230, 242, 235

 254, 242, 249

 255, 242, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 232, 119



109, 242, 165



0, 246, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 242, 165



132, 221, 255



255, 177, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 242, 165



242, 109, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 169, 212



109, 242, 165



231, 199, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 242, 165



0, 236, 255



255, 179, 255



255, 196, 116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 242, 165



0, 246, 255



255, 179, 255



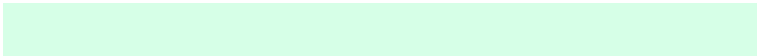
255, 173, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 242, 165



214, 255, 231



187, 242, 109



103, 128, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 242, 165



87, 255, 158



109, 242, 231



108, 120, 113



0, 184, 77



0, 56, 24

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 109, 186



255, 87, 184



242, 109, 120



120, 108, 115



184, 0, 106



56, 0, 32

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 242, 165 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 109, 242, 165 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

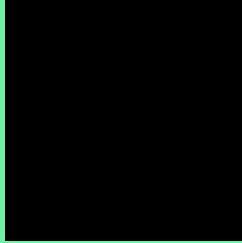
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 109, 242, 165 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 242, 165.

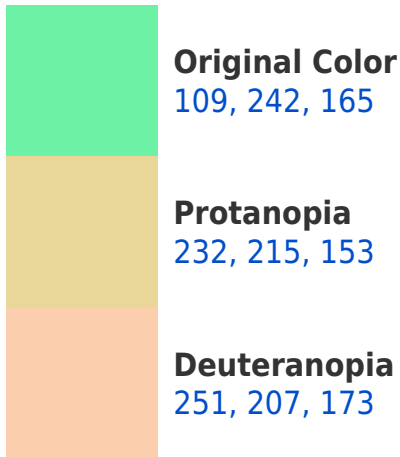



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 109, 242, 165.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
133, 231, 250

Trichromacy



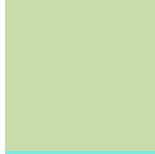
Original Color

109, 242, 165



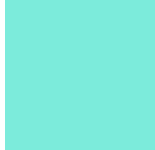
Protanomaly

187, 225, 157



Deuteranomaly

199, 220, 170



Tritanomaly

124, 235, 219

Monochromacy



Original Color

109, 242, 165



Achromatopsia

193, 193, 193



Achromatomaly

162, 211, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 109, 242, 165 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 242, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 242, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 242, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 242, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 109, 242, 165 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 242, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 242, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 242, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 242, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 242, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 242,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 109, 242, 165 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 242, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
242, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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