

Converting Colors

RGB(110, 108, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(110, 108, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(110, 108, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E6C6B
RGB	110, 108, 107
RGB Percent	43%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5765, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.03, 0.57
HSL	20°, 1%, 43%
HSV	20°, 3%, 43%
XYZ	14.4468, 15.1017, 16.0634
YIQ	108.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

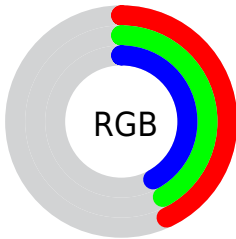
Format	Color
RYB	110, 109, 107
Decimal	7236715
CIELab	45.77, 0.57, 0.83
CIELCh	46, 1.006, 55.181
Yxy	15.1017, 0.3167, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285426795 (0xFF6E6C6B)
YUV	108.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295
Hunter-Lab	38.8609, -1.6478, 2.6947

Details

The RGB color **110, 108, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **107, 109, 110**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162, 159, 158**, and **63, 61, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **110, 101, 96**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 115, 118**.

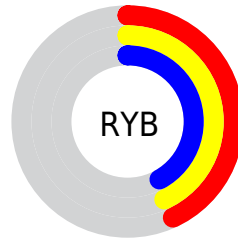
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (42%)

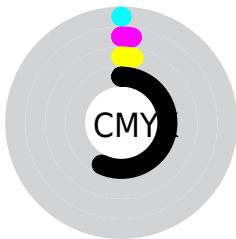
Blue (42%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (42%)

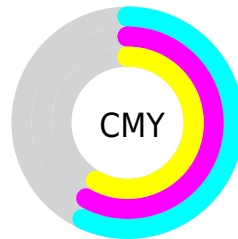


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 110, 108, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 110, 108, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 110, 108, 107

255, 255, 255

■ 162, 159, 158

■ 189, 186, 185

■ 216, 214, 213

■ 245, 242, 241

■ 110, 108, 107

■ 86, 84, 83

■ 63, 61, 60

■ 41, 39, 38

■ 20, 18, 17

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 110, 108, 107

■ 110, 101, 96

■ 110, 93, 85

■ 110, 86, 74

■ 110, 108, 107

■ 110, 115, 118

■ 110, 123, 129

■ 110, 130, 140

■ 110, 79, 63

■ 110, 137, 151

■ 110, 71, 52

■ 110, 145, 162

■ 110, 64, 41

■ 110, 152, 173

■ 110, 57, 30

■ 110, 159, 184

■ 110, 49, 19

■ 110, 167, 195

■ 110, 42, 8

■ 110, 174, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110, 108, 108



110, 108, 107



109, 108, 107

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110, 108, 107



107, 109, 108



108, 108, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110, 108, 107



107, 109, 110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107, 108, 110



110, 108, 107



106, 109, 109

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110, 108, 107



107, 109, 107



107, 109, 110



109, 108, 109

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110, 108, 107



109, 108, 107



107, 109, 110



108, 108, 110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110, 108, 107



143, 142, 141



110, 107, 109



71, 71, 71



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110, 108, 107



143, 140, 139



110, 109, 107



56, 55, 54



120, 40, 0



247, 82, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 109, 110



139, 141, 143



107, 108, 110



54, 55, 56



0, 80, 120



0, 165, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 110, 108, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 110, 108, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

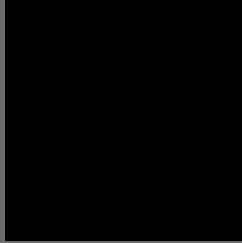
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

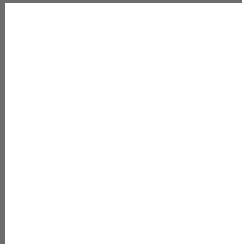
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 110, 108, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 110, 108, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 110, 108, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[110](#), [108](#), [107](#)

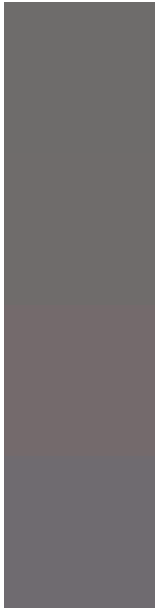
Protanopia
[111](#), [108](#), [107](#)

Deuteranopia
[119](#), [105](#), [108](#)



Tritanopia
111, 107, 115

Trichromacy



Original Color

110, 108, 107

Protanomaly

111, 108, 107

Deuteranomaly

116, 106, 108

Tritanomaly

111, 107, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

110, 108, 107

Achromatopsia

108, 108, 108

Achromatomaly

109, 108, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 110, 108, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(110, 108, 107) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 108, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 108, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 108, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 110, 108, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 108, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 108, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 108, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 108, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 108, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 108,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 110, 108, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 108, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
108, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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