

Converting Colors

RGB(111, 169, 133)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(111, 169, 133) contains.

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Color

RGB(111, 169, 133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6FA985
RGB	111, 169, 133
RGB Percent	44%, 66%, 52%
CMY	0.5647, 0.3373, 0.4784
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.21, 0.34
HSL	143°, 25%, 55%
HSV	143°, 34%, 66%
XYZ	24.9771, 33.4489, 27.3301
YIQ	147.5540, -23.0120, -23.4920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

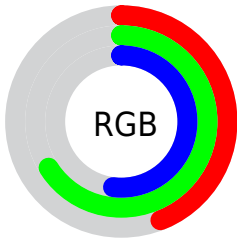
Format	Color
RYB	111, 153, 169
Decimal	7317893
CIELab	64.52, -26.82, 12.67
CIELCh	65, 29.662, 154.710
Yxy	33.4489, 0.2913, 0.3900
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285507973 (0xFF6FA985)
YUV	147.5540, -7.1751, -32.0579
Hunter-Lab	57.8350, -24.1227, 12.4668

Details

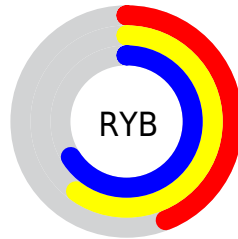
The RGB color **111, 169, 133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **169, 111, 147**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164, 225, 186**, and **60, 117, 83** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 169, 123**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128, 169, 143**.

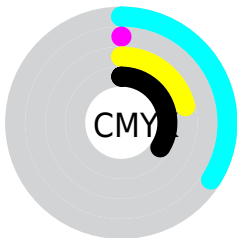
Distribution



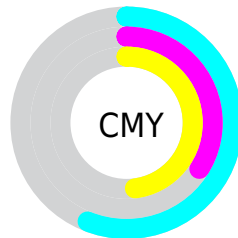
- Red (44%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (34%)




- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 111, 169, 133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 111, 169, 133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 111, 169, 133


255, 255, 255


 164, 225, 186


 192, 253, 214

 220, 255, 242

 249, 255, 255

 111, 169, 133

 85, 142, 108

 60, 117, 83

 35, 92, 60


 5, 68, 38


 0, 45, 18

 0, 24, 0

 0, 0, 0

 111, 169, 133

 94, 169, 123

 111, 169, 133

 128, 169, 143

■ 77, 169, 112

■ 145, 169, 154

■ 60, 169, 102

■ 162, 169, 164

■ 43, 169, 91

■ 179, 169, 175

■ 26, 169, 81

■ 195, 169, 185

■ 10, 169, 70

■ 212, 169, 196

■ 0, 169, 64

■ 229, 169, 206

■ 246, 169, 217

■ 255, 169, 227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142, 164, 112



111, 169, 133



81, 171, 160

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111, 169, 133



127, 158, 209



207, 139, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111, 169, 133



169, 111, 147

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208, 136, 153



111, 169, 133



166, 148, 200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111, 169, 133



89, 165, 204



194, 140, 180



194, 147, 109

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111, 169, 133



69, 171, 178



194, 140, 180



209, 138, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111, 169, 133



197, 219, 206



148, 169, 111



96, 110, 101



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111, 169, 133



129, 219, 163



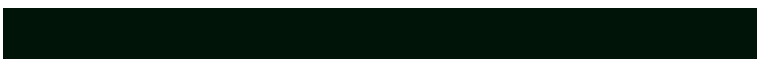
111, 169, 161



76, 84, 79



0, 148, 56



0, 20, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 111, 147



219, 129, 185



169, 111, 119



84, 76, 81



148, 0, 92



20, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 111, 169, 133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 111, 169, 133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

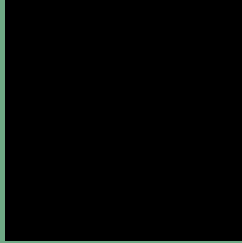
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 111, 169, 133 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 111, 169, 133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 111, 169, 133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
111, 169, 133

Protanopia
165, 155, 126

Deuteranopia
178, 150, 137



Tritanopia
120, 163, 176

Trichromacy



Original Color
111, 169, 133

Protanomaly
145, 160, 129

Deuteranomaly
154, 157, 136

Tritanomaly
117, 165, 160

Monochromacy



Original Color
111, 169, 133

Achromatopsia
148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly
135, 156, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 111, 169, 133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 169, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 169, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 169, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 169, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 111, 169, 133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 169, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 169, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 169, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 169, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 169, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 169,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 111, 169, 133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 169, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
169, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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