

Converting Colors

RGB(111, 245, 127)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(111, 245, 127) contains.

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Color

RGB(111, 245, 127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6FF57F
RGB	111, 245, 127
RGB Percent	44%, 96%, 50%
CMY	0.5647, 0.0392, 0.5020
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.48, 0.04
HSL	127°, 87%, 70%
HSV	127°, 55%, 96%
XYZ	43.0387, 70.2166, 31.3635
YIQ	191.4820, -41.9860, -65.1060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

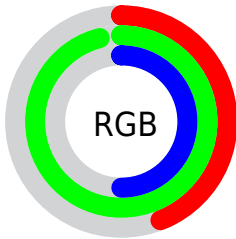
Format	Color
RYB	111, 231, 245
Decimal	7337343
CIELab	87.10, -60.46, 45.68
CIELCh	87, 75.774, 142.927
Yxy	70.2166, 0.2976, 0.4855
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285527423 (0xFF6FF57F)
YUV	191.4820, -31.7896, -70.5827
Hunter-Lab	83.7954, -54.9613, 36.4653

Details

The RGB color **111, 245, 127** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **245, 111, 229**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172, 255, 182**, and **41, 188, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 245, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 245, 149**.

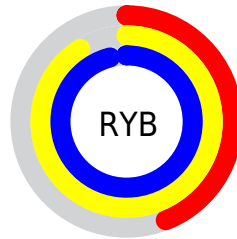
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (96%)

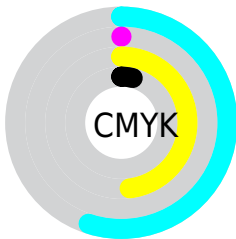
Blue (50%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (96%)

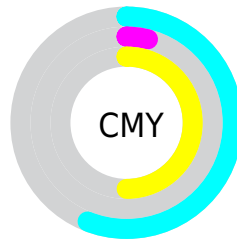


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (48%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (56%)


Magenta (4%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 111, 245, 127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 111, 245, 127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 111, 245, 127

255, 255, 255


 172, 255, 182


 202, 255, 210


 232, 255, 238


 111, 245, 127

 79, 216, 101

 41, 188, 75

 0, 160, 49

 0, 133, 21

 0, 106, 0

 0, 81, 0

 0, 57, 0

 0, 32, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 111, 245, 127

■ 111, 245, 127

■ 87, 245, 105

■ 136, 245, 149

■ 62, 245, 84

■ 160, 245, 170

■ 38, 245, 62

■ 185, 245, 192

■ 13, 245, 41

■ 209, 245, 213

■ 0, 245, 29

■ 234, 245, 235

■ 255, 245, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203, 231, 74



111, 245, 127



0, 252, 198

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111, 245, 127



0, 231, 255



255, 156, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111, 245, 127



245, 111, 229

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 153, 238



111, 245, 127



190, 206, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111, 245, 127



0, 247, 255



255, 176, 255



255, 180, 104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111, 245, 127



0, 253, 248



255, 176, 255



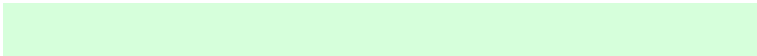
255, 152, 190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111, 245, 127



214, 255, 219



229, 245, 111



103, 128, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111, 245, 127



87, 255, 107



111, 245, 194



110, 122, 112



0, 186, 22



0, 59, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 111, 229



255, 87, 235



245, 111, 162



122, 110, 121



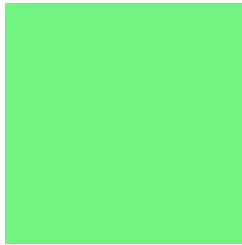
186, 0, 164



59, 0, 52

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 111, 245, 127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

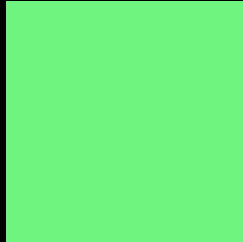
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 111, 245, 127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

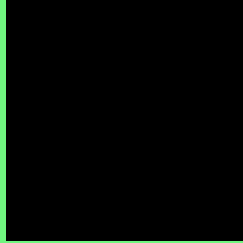
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

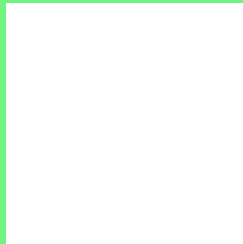
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 111, 245, 127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 111, 245, 127.

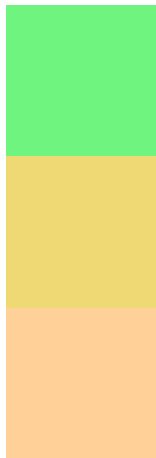


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 111, 245, 127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

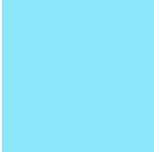
Dichromacy



Original Color
111, 245, 127

Protanopia
238, 217, 117

Deuteranopia
255, 208, 152



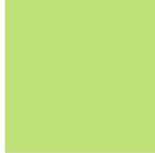
Tritanopia
140, 231, 250

Trichromacy



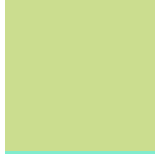
Original Color

111, 245, 127



Protanomaly

192, 227, 121



Deuteranomaly

203, 221, 143



Tritanomaly

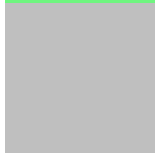
129, 236, 205

Monochromacy



Original Color

111, 245, 127



Achromatopsia

191, 191, 191



Achromatomaly

162, 211, 168

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 111, 245, 127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 245, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 245, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 245, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 245, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 111, 245, 127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 245, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 245, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 245, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 245, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 245, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 245,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 111, 245, 127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 245, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
245, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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