

Converting Colors

RGB(112, 108, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(112, 108, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(112, 108, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	706C6C
RGB	112, 108, 108
RGB Percent	44%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.5608, 0.5765, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.56
HSL	0°, 2%, 43%
HSV	0°, 4%, 44%
XYZ	14.7514, 15.2526, 16.3539
YIQ	109.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

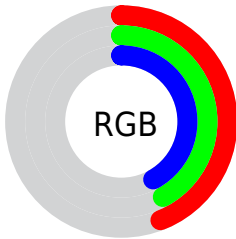
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 108, 108
Decimal	7367788
CIE Lab	45.98, 1.55, 0.55
CIE LCh	46, 1.646, 19.390
Yxy	15.2526, 0.3182, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285557868 (0xFF706C6C)
YUV	109.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591
Hunter-Lab	39.0545, -0.9236, 2.5108

Details

The RGB color **112, 108, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **108, 112, 112**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164, 159, 159**, and **64, 61, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112, 97, 97**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 119, 119**.

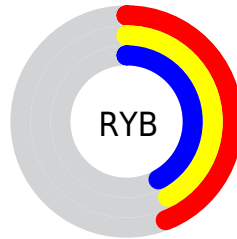
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (42%)

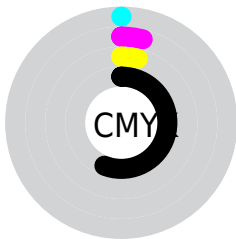
Blue (42%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (42%)

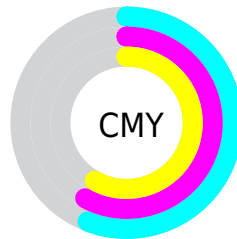


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 112, 108, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 112, 108, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 112, 108, 108

255, 255, 255

■ 164, 159, 159

■ 191, 186, 186

■ 219, 214, 214

■ 247, 242, 242

■ 112, 108, 108

■ 88, 84, 84

■ 64, 61, 61

■ 42, 39, 39

■ 22, 18, 18

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 112, 108, 108

■ 112, 97, 97

■ 112, 86, 86

■ 112, 74, 74


■ 112, 108, 108


■ 112, 119, 119


■ 112, 130, 130


■ 112, 142, 142


 112, 63, 63

 112, 153, 153


 112, 52, 52

 112, 164, 164


 112, 41, 41

 112, 175, 175

 112, 30, 30

 112, 186, 186

 112, 18, 18

 112, 198, 198

 112, 7, 7

 112, 209, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111, 108, 109



112, 108, 108



112, 108, 107

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112, 108, 108



107, 109, 107



107, 109, 112

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112, 108, 108



108, 112, 112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106, 110, 111



112, 108, 108



106, 110, 108

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112, 108, 108



109, 109, 106



106, 110, 110



109, 109, 111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112, 108, 108



111, 108, 106



106, 110, 110



107, 109, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112, 108, 108



145, 144, 144



112, 108, 112



74, 73, 73



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112, 108, 108



145, 140, 140



112, 110, 108



56, 53, 53



120, 0, 0



247, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108, 112, 112



140, 145, 145



108, 110, 112



53, 56, 56



0, 120, 120



0, 247, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 108, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 108, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

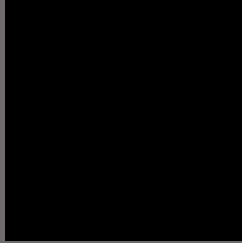
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

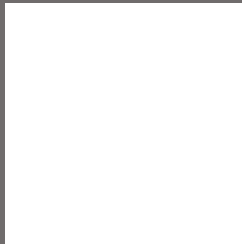
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 112, 108, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 108, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 108, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[112](#), [108](#), [108](#)

Protanopia

[111](#), [108](#), [108](#)

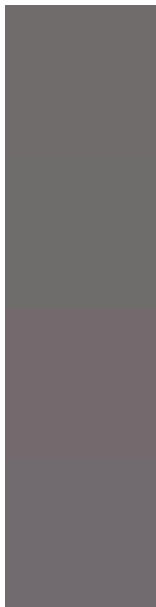
Deuteranopia

[119](#), [105](#), [109](#)



Tritanopia
113, 107, 115

Trichromacy



Original Color

112, 108, 108

Protanomaly

111, 108, 108

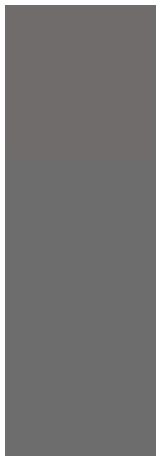
Deuteranomaly

116, 106, 109

Tritanomaly

113, 107, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

112, 108, 108

Achromatopsia

109, 109, 109

Achromatomaly

110, 109, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 112, 108, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 108, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 108, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 108, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 108, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 112, 108, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 108, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 108, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 108, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 108, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 108, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 108,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 112, 108, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 108, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
108, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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