

Converting Colors

RGB(112, 143, 115)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(112, 143, 115) contains.

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Color

RGB(112, 143, 115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	708F73
RGB	112, 143, 115
RGB Percent	44%, 56%, 45%
CMY	0.5608, 0.4392, 0.5490
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.20, 0.44
HSL	126°, 12%, 50%
HSV	126°, 22%, 56%
XYZ	19.5991, 24.3275, 19.8823
YIQ	130.5390, -9.4880, -15.2800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

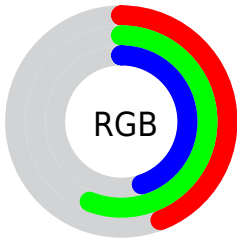
Format	Color
RYB	112, 140, 143
Decimal	7376755
CIELab	56.41, -16.74, 11.39
CIELCh	56, 20.242, 145.771
Yxy	24.3275, 0.3072, 0.3813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285566835 (0xFF708F73)
YUV	130.5390, -7.6607, -16.2587
Hunter-Lab	49.3229, -15.3858, 10.6259

Details

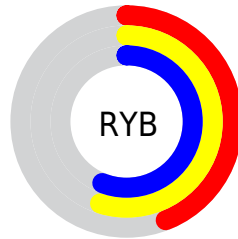
The RGB color **112, 143, 115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **143, 112, 140**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164, 197, 167**, and **63, 93, 67** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98, 143, 102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126, 143, 128**.

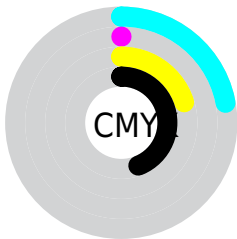
Distribution



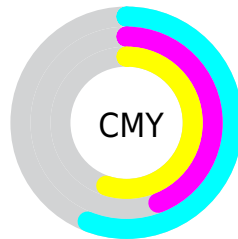
- Red (44%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 112, 143, 115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 112, 143, 115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 112, 143, 115


255, 255, 255


 164, 197, 167

 191, 225, 194


 219, 254, 222

 248, 255, 251

 112, 143, 115

 87, 117, 90

 63, 93, 67

 41, 69, 45

 19, 46, 24


 0, 27, 0


 0, 0, 0


 112, 143, 115

 98, 143, 102

 83, 143, 89

 112, 143, 115

 126, 143, 128

 141, 143, 141

■ 69, 143, 76

■ 155, 143, 154

■ 55, 143, 63

■ 169, 143, 167

■ 41, 143, 50

■ 184, 143, 180

■ 26, 143, 38

■ 198, 143, 192

■ 12, 143, 25

■ 212, 143, 205

■ 0, 143, 14

■ 226, 143, 218

■ 241, 143, 231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 139, 103



112, 143, 115



94, 145, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112, 143, 115



111, 138, 170



171, 123, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112, 143, 115



143, 112, 140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168, 123, 138



112, 143, 115



135, 132, 167

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112, 143, 115



91, 142, 164



156, 126, 155



165, 127, 107

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112, 143, 115



86, 145, 144



156, 126, 155



171, 123, 126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112, 143, 115



173, 186, 174



140, 143, 112



87, 94, 88



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112, 143, 115



138, 186, 142



112, 143, 130



64, 71, 65



0, 135, 13



0, 8, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143, 112, 140



186, 138, 181



143, 112, 125



71, 64, 71



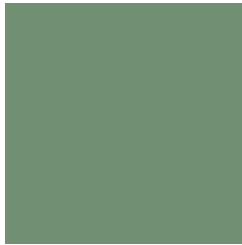
135, 0, 122



8, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 143, 115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 143, 115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

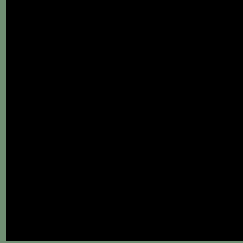
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 112, 143, 115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 143, 115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 143, 115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

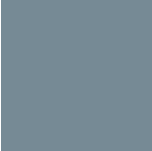
[112](#), [143](#), [115](#)

Protanopia

[143](#), [135](#), [111](#)

Deuteranopia

[154](#), [130](#), [118](#)



Tritanopia
118, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color
112, 143, 115

Protanomaly
132, 138, 112

Deuteranomaly
139, 135, 117

Tritanomaly
116, 140, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color
112, 143, 115

Achromatopsia
131, 131, 131

Achromatomaly
124, 135, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 112, 143, 115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 143, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 143, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 143, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 143, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 112, 143, 115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 143, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 143, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 143, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 143, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 143, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 143,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 112, 143, 115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 143, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
143, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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