

Converting Colors

RGB(112, 145, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(112, 145, 194) contains.

RGB(112, 145, 194)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(112, 145, 194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7091C2
RGB	112, 145, 194
RGB Percent	44%, 57%, 76%
CMY	0.5608, 0.4314, 0.2392
CMYK	0.42, 0.25, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	216°, 40%, 60%
HSV	216°, 42%, 76%
XYZ	26.5451, 27.5906, 54.9654
YIQ	140.7190, -35.3970, 8.2430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

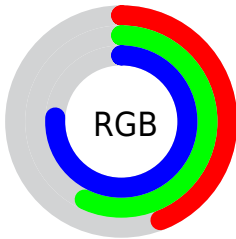
Format	Color
R _Y B	112, 136, 194
Decimal	7377346
CIE Lab	59.52, 1.32, -29.05
CIE LCh	60, 29.076, 272.608
Yxy	27.5906, 0.2433, 0.2529
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285567426 (0xFF7091C2)
YUV	140.7190, 26.2675, -25.1866
Hunter-Lab	52.5267, -1.7144, -25.2739

Details

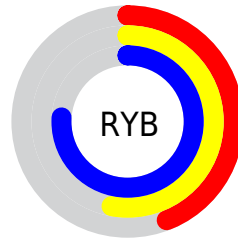
The RGB color **112, 145, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **194, 161, 112**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167, 199, 251**, and **58, 95, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 133, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 157, 194**.

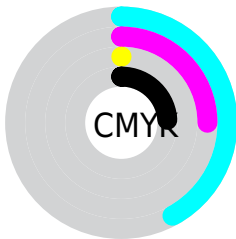
Distribution



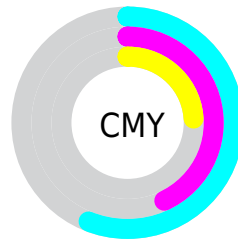
- Red (44%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (24%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 112, 145, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 112, 145, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 112, 145, 194


255, 255, 255


 167, 199, 251

 195, 227, 255

 223, 255, 255

253, 255, 255

 112, 145, 194

 85, 119, 167

 58, 95, 140

 30, 71, 114

 0, 49, 90

 0, 29, 66

 0, 3, 44

 0, 1, 22

 0, 0, 0

 112, 145, 194

 112, 145, 194

■ 93, 133, 194

■ 131, 157, 194

■ 73, 122, 194

■ 151, 168, 194

■ 54, 110, 194

■ 170, 180, 194

■ 34, 99, 194

■ 190, 191, 194

■ 15, 87, 194

■ 209, 203, 194

■ 0, 78, 194

■ 228, 215, 194

■ 248, 226, 194

■ 255, 238, 194

■ 255, 249, 194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73, 152, 188



112, 145, 194



150, 136, 186

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112, 145, 194



193, 126, 117



101, 155, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112, 145, 194



194, 161, 112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131, 150, 100



112, 145, 194



180, 134, 99

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112, 145, 194



192, 124, 142



159, 142, 92



71, 157, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112, 145, 194



170, 130, 175



159, 142, 92



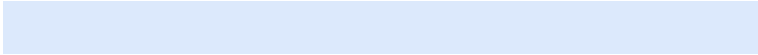
112, 154, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112, 145, 194



220, 233, 252



112, 194, 160



107, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



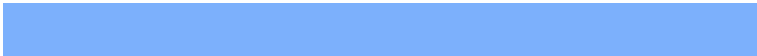
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112, 145, 194



124, 176, 252



119, 112, 194



87, 91, 97



0, 65, 161



0, 13, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 112, 145



252, 124, 176



187, 194, 112



97, 87, 91



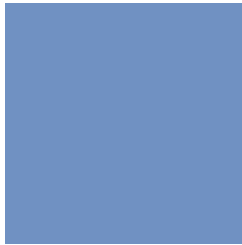
161, 0, 65



33, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 145, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

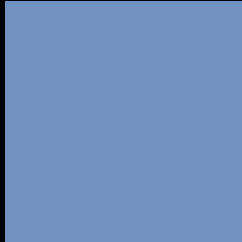
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 145, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

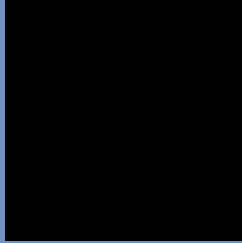
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

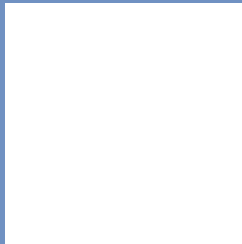
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 112, 145, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 145, 194.

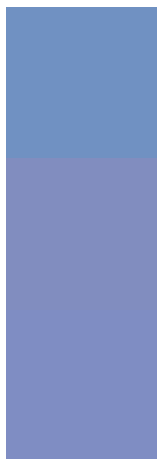


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 145, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


112, 145, 194

Protanopia

129, 141, 191

Deuteranopia

127, 141, 195



Tritanopia
104, 151, 163

Trichromacy



Original Color

112, 145, 194

Protanomaly

123, 142, 192

Deuteranomaly

122, 142, 195

Tritanomaly

107, 149, 174

Monochromacy



Original Color

112, 145, 194

Achromatopsia

141, 141, 141

Achromatomaly

130, 142, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 112, 145, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 145, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 145, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 145, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 145, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 112, 145, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 145, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 145, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 145, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 145, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 145, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 145,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 112, 145, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 145, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
145, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor