

Converting Colors

RGB(112, 153, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(112, 153, 134) contains.

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Color

RGB(112, 153, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	709986
RGB	112, 153, 134
RGB Percent	44%, 60%, 53%
CMY	0.5608, 0.4000, 0.4745
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.12, 0.40
HSL	152°, 17%, 52%
HSV	152°, 27%, 60%
XYZ	22.3764, 27.9484, 26.7695
YIQ	138.5750, -18.3370, -14.6010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

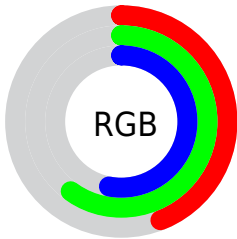
Format	Color
RYB	112, 139, 153
Decimal	7379334
CIELab	59.84, -18.17, 5.47
CIELCh	60, 18.975, 163.245
Yxy	27.9484, 0.2902, 0.3625
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285569414 (0xFF709986)
YUV	138.5750, -2.2555, -23.3063
Hunter-Lab	52.8663, -16.9634, 6.9842

Details

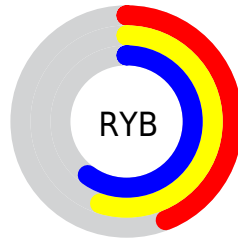
The RGB color **112, 153, 134** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **153, 112, 131**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165, 207, 187**, and **63, 102, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 153, 127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127, 153, 141**.

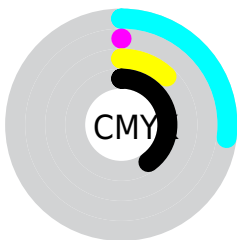
Distribution



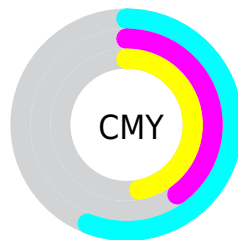
- Red (44%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 112, 153, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 112, 153, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 112, 153, 134

255, 255, 255

■ 165, 207, 187

■ 192, 236, 215

■ 220, 255, 243

■ 249, 255, 255

■ 112, 153, 134

■ 87, 127, 109

■ 63, 102, 84

■ 39, 78, 61

■ 15, 55, 40

■ 0, 33, 19

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 112, 153, 134

■ 97, 153, 127

■ 81, 153, 120

■ 112, 153, 134

■ 127, 153, 141

■ 143, 153, 148

■ 66, 153, 113

■ 158, 153, 155

■ 51, 153, 106

■ 173, 153, 162

■ 35, 153, 99

■ 189, 153, 169

■ 20, 153, 91

■ 204, 153, 177

■ 5, 153, 84

■ 219, 153, 184

■ 0, 153, 82

■ 234, 153, 191

■ 250, 153, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



130, 150, 119



112, 153, 134



99, 154, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112, 153, 134



135, 143, 176



176, 135, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112, 153, 134



153, 112, 131

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179, 132, 137



112, 153, 134



156, 137, 169

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112, 153, 134



113, 148, 176



172, 133, 154



165, 140, 113

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112, 153, 134



98, 153, 162



172, 133, 154



178, 134, 127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112, 153, 134



183, 199, 192



131, 153, 112



90, 99, 95



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112, 153, 134



135, 199, 169



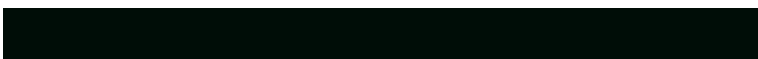
112, 152, 153



69, 77, 73



0, 140, 75



0, 13, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 112, 131



199, 135, 165



153, 113, 112



77, 69, 72



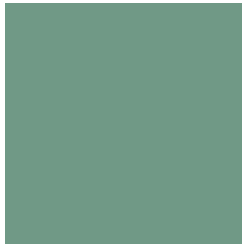
140, 0, 65



13, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 153, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

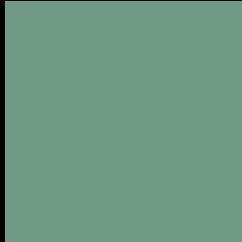
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 153, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

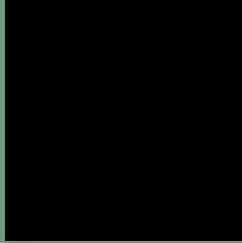
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

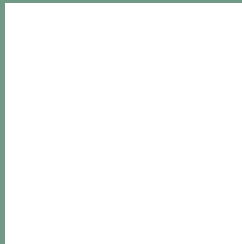
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 112, 153, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 153, 134.

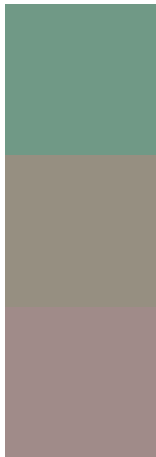


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 153, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
112, 153, 134

Protanopia
150, 143, 129

Deuteranopia
160, 139, 137



Tritanopia
117, 149, 161

Trichromacy



Original Color

112, 153, 134

Protanomaly

136, 147, 131

Deuteranomaly

143, 144, 136

Tritanomaly

115, 150, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color

112, 153, 134

Achromatopsia

139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly

129, 144, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 112, 153, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 153, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 153, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 153, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 153, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 112, 153, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 153, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 153, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 153, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 153, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 153, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 153,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 112, 153, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 153, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
153, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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