

Converting Colors

RGB(112, 174, 245)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(112, 174, 245) contains.

RGB(112, 174, 245)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(112, 174, 245)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70AEF5
RGB	112, 174, 245
RGB Percent	44%, 68%, 96%
CMY	0.5608, 0.3176, 0.0392
CMYK	0.54, 0.29, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	212°, 87%, 70%
HSV	212°, 54%, 96%
XYZ	38.2996, 40.3094, 92.1481
YIQ	163.5560, -59.7430, 8.9370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

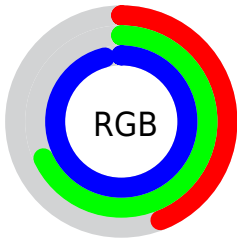
Format	Color
R _Y B	112, 154, 245
Decimal	7384821
CIE Lab	69.69, -0.04, -41.44
CIE LCh	70, 41.438, 269.941
Yxy	40.3094, 0.2243, 0.2361
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285574901 (0xFF70AEF5)
YUV	163.5560, 40.1519, -45.2146
Hunter-Lab	63.4897, -3.4285, -41.6099

Details

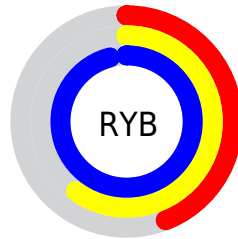
The RGB color **112, 174, 245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **245, 183, 112**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **171, 229, 255**, and **47, 122, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 161, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137, 187, 245**.

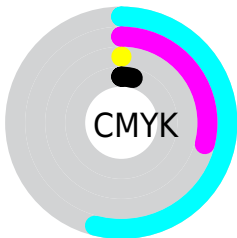
Distribution



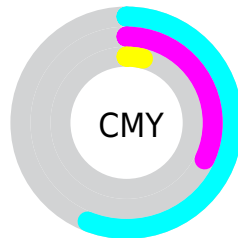
- Red (44%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 112, 174, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 112, 174, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 112, 174, 245


255, 255, 255


 171, 229, 255


 201, 255, 255

 230, 255, 255

 112, 174, 245

 82, 148, 216

 47, 122, 188

 0, 97, 161

 0, 74, 135

 0, 52, 109

 0, 31, 84

 0, 6, 61

 0, 3, 38

 0, 1, 15

■ 112, 174, 245

■ 112, 174, 245

■ 87, 161, 245

■ 137, 187, 245

■ 63, 148, 245

■ 161, 200, 245

■ 38, 135, 245

■ 186, 213, 245

■ 14, 122, 245

■ 210, 226, 245

■ 0, 114, 245

■ 235, 239, 245

■ 255, 252, 245

■ 255, 255, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13, 184, 234



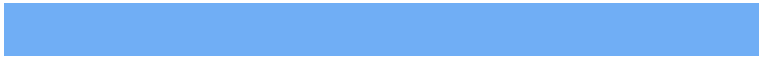
112, 174, 245



174, 161, 235

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112, 174, 245



241, 144, 135



110, 187, 131

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112, 174, 245



245, 183, 112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



155, 179, 103



112, 174, 245



224, 155, 106

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112, 174, 245



240, 140, 172



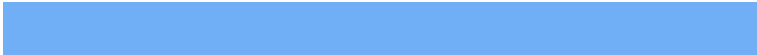
194, 168, 94



49, 190, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112, 174, 245



205, 151, 219



194, 168, 94



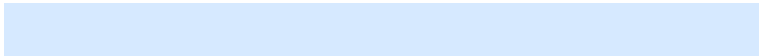
126, 185, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112, 174, 245



214, 233, 255



112, 245, 183



103, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112, 174, 245



89, 167, 255



116, 112, 245



110, 116, 122



0, 87, 186



0, 27, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 112, 174



255, 89, 167



241, 245, 112



122, 110, 116



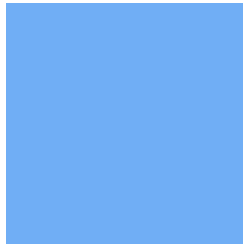
186, 0, 87



59, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 174, 245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

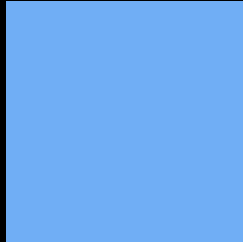
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 112, 174, 245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

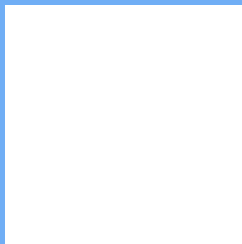
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 112, 174, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 174, 245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 112, 174, 245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
112, 174, 245

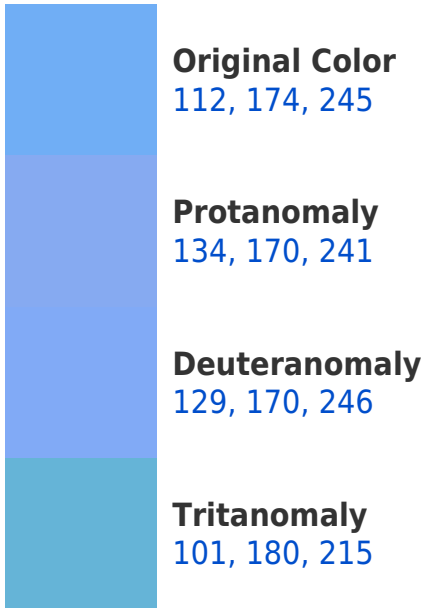
Protanopia
147, 167, 239

Deuteranopia
138, 168, 246

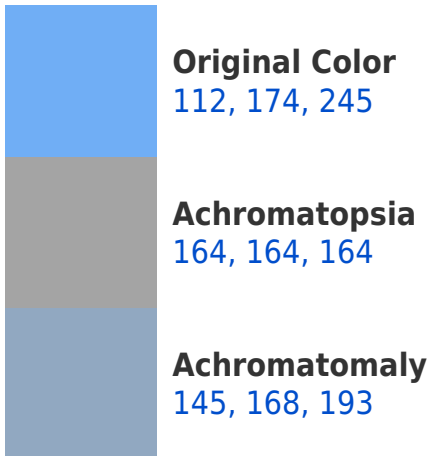


Tritanopia
95, 183, 198

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 112, 174, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 174, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 174, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 174, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 174, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 112, 174, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 174, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 174, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 174, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 174, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 174, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 174,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 112, 174, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 174, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
174, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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