

# Converting Colors

RGB(113, 115, 21)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(113, 115, 21) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(113, 115, 21)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717315
RGB	113, 115, 21
RGB Percent	44%, 45%, 8%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5490, 0.9176
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.82, 0.55
HSL	61°, 69%, 27%
HSV	61°, 82%, 45%
XYZ	13.0761, 15.8263, 3.0751
YIQ	103.6860, 28.9820, -29.6580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

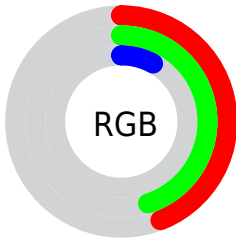
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	21, 115, 23
Decimal	7435029
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.75, -12.34, 47.28
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 48.860, 104.627
Yxy	15.8263, 0.4089, 0.4949
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285625109 (0xFF717315)
YUV	103.6860, -40.7642, 8.1684
Hunter-Lab	39.7823, -10.9474, 23.2647

# Details

The RGB color **113, 115, 21** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **23, 21, 115**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **168, 167, 74**, and **62, 67, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113, 115, 9**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 115, 33**.

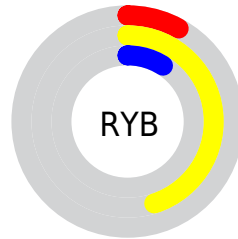
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (45%)

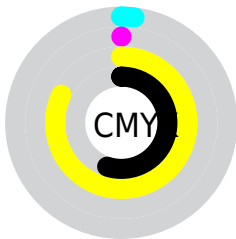
Blue (8%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (9%)

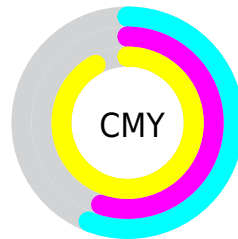


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (82%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (55%)


Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 113, 115, 21 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 113, 115, 21 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 113, 115, 21


 113, 115, 21

255, 255, 255

 87, 91, 0

 168, 167, 74

 62, 67, 0

 196, 194, 99

 37, 45, 0

 225, 222, 126

 6, 26, 0


 254, 250, 152

 0, 0, 0

 255, 255, 180

 255, 255, 208

 255, 255, 237

 113, 115, 21

 113, 115, 21

■ 113, 115, 9

■ 113, 115, 33

■ 113, 115, 0

■ 113, 115, 44

■ 114, 115, 56

■ 114, 115, 67

■ 114, 115, 79

■ 114, 115, 90

■ 115, 115, 102

■ 115, 115, 113

■ 115, 115, 125

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149, 101, 26



113, 115, 21



66, 124, 49

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 115, 21



0, 128, 168



174, 75, 134

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 115, 21



23, 21, 115

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 91, 170



113, 115, 21



0, 121, 190

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 115, 21



0, 130, 130



69, 109, 190



185, 72, 92

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 115, 21



0, 128, 74



69, 109, 190



165, 80, 147



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 115, 21



150, 150, 113



115, 23, 21



76, 77, 54



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 115, 21



147, 150, 3



66, 115, 21



59, 59, 53



120, 122, 0



245, 250, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 21, 115



6, 3, 150



70, 21, 115



53, 53, 59



3, 0, 122



5, 0, 250



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 113, 115, 21 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

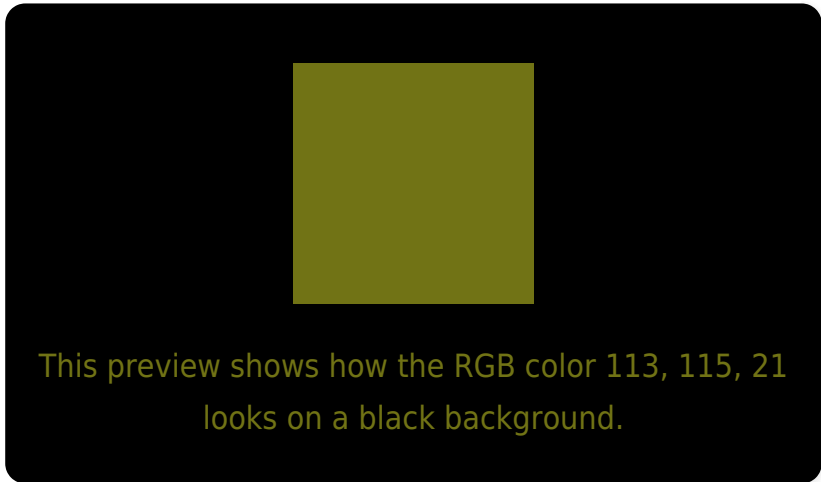
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 113, 115, 21 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 113, 115, 21.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 113, 115, 21.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


113, 115, 21

### Protanopia

125, 111, 20

### Deuteranopia

139, 105, 27



**Tritanopia**  
121, 107, 115

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
113, 115, 21

**Protanomaly**  
121, 112, 20

**Deuteranomaly**  
130, 109, 25

**Tritanomaly**  
118, 110, 81

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
113, 115, 21

**Achromatopsia**  
104, 104, 104

**Achromatomaly**  
107, 108, 74

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 113, 115, 21 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 115, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 115, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 115, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 115, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 113, 115, 21 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 115, 21) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 115, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 115, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 115, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 115, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 115,  
21) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 113, 115, 21 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 115, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
115, 21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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