

Converting Colors

RGB(113, 147, 177)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(113, 147, 177) contains.

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Color

RGB(113, 147, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7193B1
RGB	113, 147, 177
RGB Percent	44%, 58%, 69%
CMY	0.5569, 0.4235, 0.3059
CMYK	0.36, 0.17, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	208°, 29%, 57%
HSV	208°, 36%, 69%
XYZ	25.1796, 27.5525, 45.5860
YIQ	140.2540, -29.8940, 2.1220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

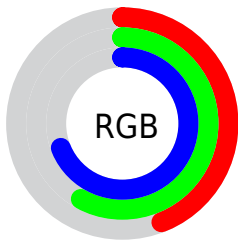
Format	Color
R _Y B	113, 135, 177
Decimal	7443377
CIE Lab	59.48, -4.23, -19.48
CIE LCh	59, 19.931, 257.747
Yxy	27.5525, 0.2561, 0.2802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285633457 (0xFF7193B1)
YUV	140.2540, 18.1158, -23.9018
Hunter-Lab	52.4904, -6.2321, -14.7479

Details

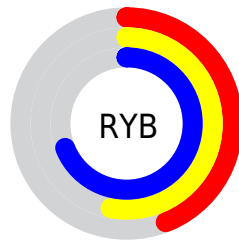
The RGB color **113, 147, 177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **177, 143, 113**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167, 201, 233**, and **62, 97, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 139, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 155, 177**.

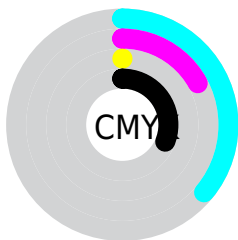
Distribution



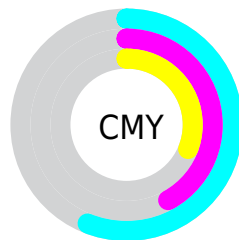
- Red (44%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 113, 147, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 113, 147, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 113, 147, 177


255, 255, 255


 167, 201, 233

 194, 229, 255


 223, 255, 255

 252, 255, 255

 113, 147, 177

 87, 121, 150

 62, 97, 124

 36, 73, 99

 5, 50, 75


 0, 30, 53

 0, 2, 32

 0, 0, 3

 0, 0, 0

 113, 147, 177

 113, 147, 177

■ 95, 139, 177

■ 131, 155, 177

■ 78, 130, 177

■ 148, 164, 177

■ 60, 122, 177

■ 166, 172, 177

■ 42, 114, 177

■ 184, 180, 177

■ 24, 106, 177

■ 202, 188, 177

■ 7, 97, 177

■ 219, 197, 177

■ 0, 94, 177

■ 237, 205, 177

■ 255, 213, 177

■ 255, 222, 177

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96, 151, 169



113, 147, 177



137, 141, 176

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 147, 177



179, 131, 133



126, 150, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 147, 177



177, 143, 113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 145, 110



113, 147, 177



175, 134, 118

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 147, 177



174, 131, 151



163, 140, 109



107, 153, 135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 147, 177



152, 137, 171



163, 140, 109



132, 149, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 147, 177



204, 218, 230



113, 177, 143



100, 108, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 147, 177



131, 183, 230



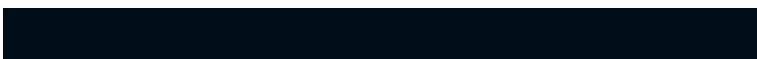
113, 115, 177



80, 85, 89



0, 81, 153



0, 14, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 113, 147



230, 131, 183



177, 175, 113



89, 80, 85



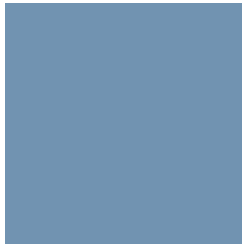
153, 0, 81



26, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 113, 147, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 113, 147, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

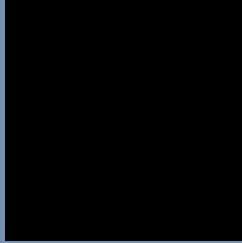
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

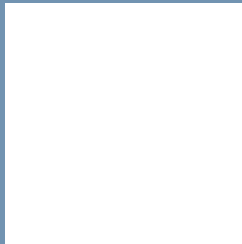
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 113, 147, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 113, 147, 177.

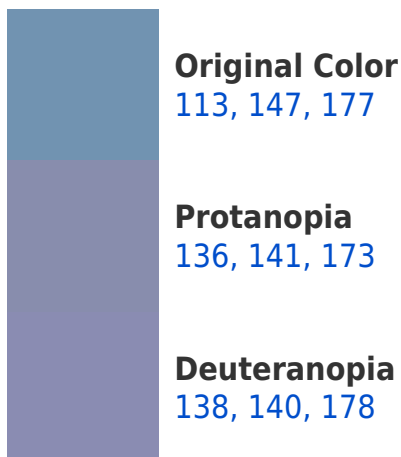



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 113, 147, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
109, 150, 162

Trichromacy



Original Color
113, 147, 177

Protanomaly
128, 143, 174

Deuteranomaly
129, 143, 178

Tritanomaly
110, 149, 167

Monochromacy



Original Color
113, 147, 177

Achromatopsia
140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly
130, 143, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 113, 147, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 147, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 147, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 147, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 147, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 113, 147, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 147, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 147, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 147, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 147, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 147, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 147,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 113, 147, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 147, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
147, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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