

Converting Colors

RGB(113, 162, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(113, 162, 174) contains.

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Color

RGB(113, 162, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71A2AE
RGB	113, 162, 174
RGB Percent	44%, 64%, 68%
CMY	0.5569, 0.3647, 0.3176
CMYK	0.35, 0.07, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	192°, 27%, 56%
HSV	192°, 35%, 68%
XYZ	27.3704, 32.4074, 44.8571
YIQ	148.7170, -33.0560, -6.6560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

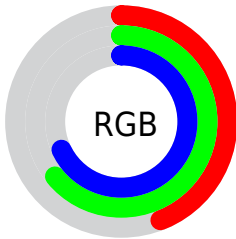
Format	Color
RYB	113, 140, 174
Decimal	7447214
CIELab	63.68, -13.26, -11.44
CIELCh	64, 17.514, 220.788
Yxy	32.4074, 0.2616, 0.3097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285637294 (0xFF71A2AE)
YUV	148.7170, 12.4645, -31.3238
Hunter-Lab	56.9275, -13.8014, -6.8695

Details

The RGB color **113, 162, 174** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **174, 125, 113**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167, 217, 229**, and **61, 110, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 159, 174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130, 165, 174**.

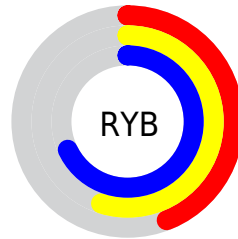
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (64%)

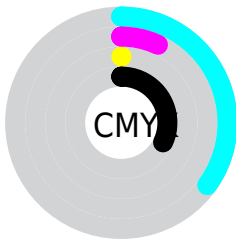
Blue (68%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (68%)

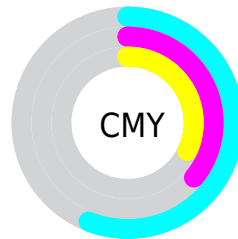


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (56%)


Magenta (36%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 113, 162, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 113, 162, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 113, 162, 174

255, 255, 255


 167, 217, 229


 195, 245, 255

 223, 255, 255

 252, 255, 255

 113, 162, 174

 87, 136, 147

 61, 110, 122

 35, 86, 97

 2, 63, 73

 0, 41, 51

 0, 21, 30

 0, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 113, 162, 174

 113, 162, 174

■ 96, 159, 174

■ 130, 165, 174

■ 78, 155, 174

■ 148, 169, 174

■ 61, 152, 174

■ 165, 172, 174

■ 43, 148, 174

■ 183, 176, 174

■ 26, 145, 174

■ 200, 179, 174

■ 9, 141, 174

■ 217, 183, 174

■ 0, 140, 174

■ 235, 186, 174

■ 252, 189, 174

■ 255, 193, 174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 163, 159



113, 162, 174



124, 159, 183

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 162, 174



179, 144, 165



160, 155, 124

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 162, 174



174, 125, 113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175, 150, 125



113, 162, 174



187, 143, 149

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 162, 174



164, 148, 178



185, 145, 135



143, 159, 130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 162, 174



137, 155, 185



185, 145, 135



166, 153, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 162, 174



202, 222, 227



113, 174, 124



100, 112, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 162, 174



132, 208, 227



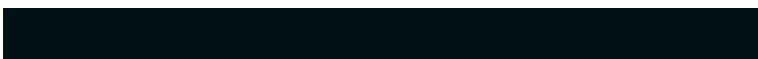
113, 132, 174



78, 85, 87



0, 121, 150



0, 18, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 113, 162



227, 132, 208



174, 155, 113



87, 78, 85



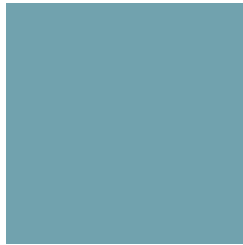
150, 0, 121



23, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 113, 162, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

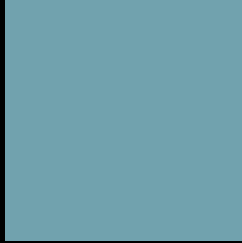
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 113, 162, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

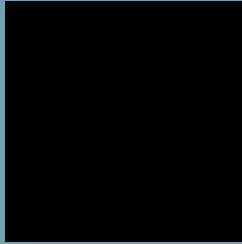
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 113, 162, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 113, 162, 174.

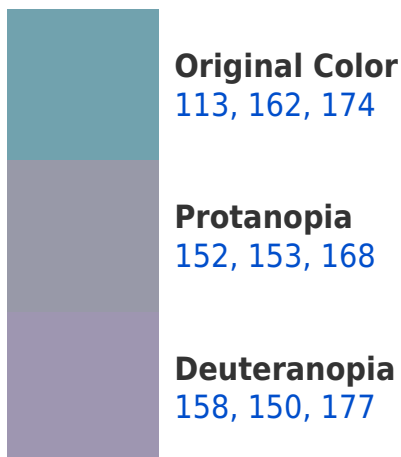



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 113, 162, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
113, 162, 175

Trichromacy



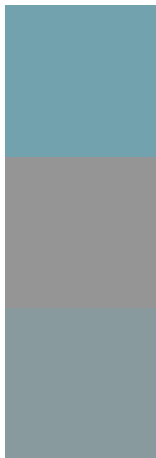
Original Color
113, 162, 174

Protanomaly
138, 156, 170

Deuteranomaly
142, 154, 176

Tritanomaly
113, 162, 175

Monochromacy



Original Color
113, 162, 174

Achromatopsia
149, 149, 149

Achromatomaly
136, 154, 158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 113, 162, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 162, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 162, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 162, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 162, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 113, 162, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 162, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 162, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 162, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 162, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 162, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 162,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 113, 162, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 162, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
162, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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