

Converting Colors

RGB(113, 24, 230)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(113, 24, 230) contains.

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Color

RGB(113, 24, 230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	7118E6
RGB	113, 24, 230
RGB Percent	44%, 9%, 90%
CMY	0.5569, 0.9059, 0.0980
CMYK	0.51, 0.90, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	266°, 81%, 50%
HSV	266°, 90%, 90%
XYZ	21.4196, 9.8771, 75.6405
YIQ	74.0950, -13.0820, 82.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

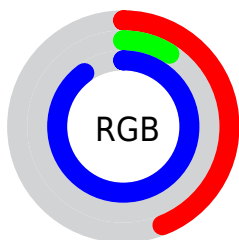
Format	Color
RYB	113, 24, 230
Decimal	7411942
CIELab	37.62, 73.15, -84.68
CIELCh	38, 111.898, 310.820
Yxy	9.8771, 0.2003, 0.0924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285602022 (0xFF7118E6)
YUV	74.0950, 76.8612, 34.1197
Hunter-Lab	31.4279, 66.6573, -120.6991

Details

The RGB color **113, 24, 230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600CC**. The color can be described as dark washed purple. A complement of this color would be **141, 230, 24**, and the grayscale version is **73, 73, 73**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 87, 255**, and **40, 0, 173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100, 1, 230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126, 47, 230**.

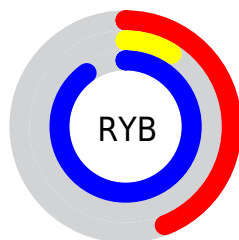
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (9%)

Blue (90%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (90%)

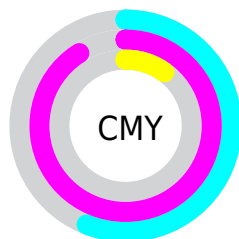


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 113, 24, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 113, 24, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 113, 24, 230


 113, 24, 230


255, 255, 255

 80, 0, 201


 175, 87, 255

 40, 0, 173

 206, 115, 255

 0, 0, 145


 237, 142, 255

 0, 0, 119

 255, 171, 255

 0, 0, 93


 255, 199, 255


 0, 7, 68


 255, 229, 255

 0, 3, 45

 0, 1, 23

 0, 0, 0

 113, 24, 230

 113, 24, 230

 100, 1, 230

 126, 47, 230


 99, 0, 230

 139, 70, 230

 152, 93, 230

 165, 116, 230

 178, 139, 230

 191, 162, 230

 204, 185, 230

 218, 208, 230

 231, 231, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 95, 255



113, 24, 230



210, 0, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 24, 230



154, 59, 0



0, 118, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 24, 230



141, 230, 24

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 115, 17



113, 24, 230



78, 96, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 24, 230



207, 0, 0



0, 110, 0



0, 120, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 24, 230



230, 0, 91



0, 110, 0



0, 117, 89

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 24, 230



216, 186, 255



24, 144, 230



104, 87, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 24, 230



110, 0, 255



213, 24, 230



108, 103, 115



77, 0, 179



22, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 24, 141



255, 0, 145



41, 230, 24



115, 103, 110



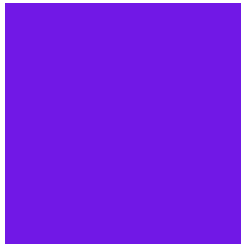
179, 0, 101



51, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 113, 24, 230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

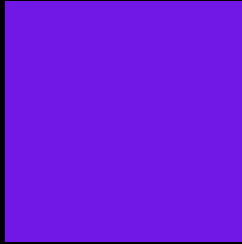
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 113, 24, 230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 113, 24, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 113, 24, 230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 113, 24, 230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

113, 24, 230

Protanopia

0, 86, 180

Deuteranopia

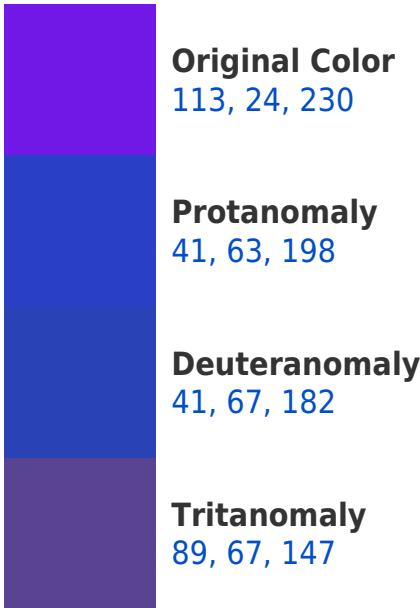
0, 92, 154



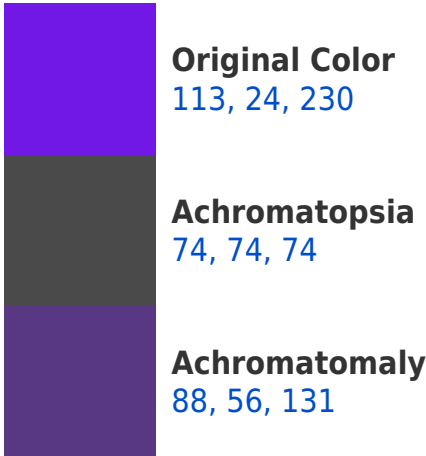
Tritanopia

75, 91, 99

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 113, 24, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 24, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 24, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 24, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 24, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 113, 24, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 24, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 24, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 24, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 24, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 24, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 24,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 113, 24, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 24, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113, 24,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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