

Converting Colors

RGB(114, 122, 83)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(114, 122, 83) contains.

RGB(114, 122, 83)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(114, 122, 83)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	727A53
RGB	114, 122, 83
RGB Percent	45%, 48%, 33%
CMY	0.5529, 0.5216, 0.6745
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.32, 0.52
HSL	72°, 19%, 40%
HSV	72°, 32%, 48%
XYZ	15.4603, 18.1210, 10.8665
YIQ	115.1620, 7.7510, -13.8250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

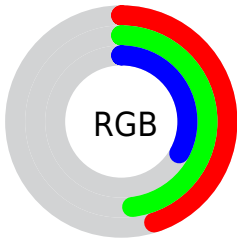
Format	Color
RYB	83, 122, 91
Decimal	7502419
CIELab	49.64, -10.00, 20.41
CIElCh	50, 22.728, 116.116
Yxy	18.1210, 0.3478, 0.4077
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285692499 (0xFF727A53)
YUV	115.1620, -15.8559, -1.0191
Hunter-Lab	42.5688, -9.6670, 14.6633

Details

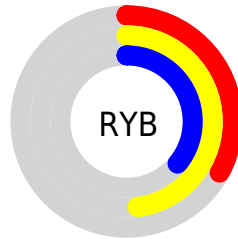
The RGB color **114, 122, 83** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **91, 83, 122**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166, 174, 133**, and **65, 73, 37** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111, 122, 71**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117, 122, 95**.

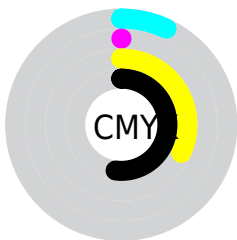
Distribution



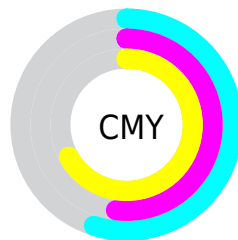
- Red (45%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 114, 122, 83 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 114, 122, 83 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 114, 122, 83 ■ 114, 122, 83

255, 255, 255 ■ 89, 97, 60

■ 166, 174, 133 ■ 65, 73, 37

■ 194, 202, 159 ■ 43, 51, 16

■ 222, 230, 186 ■ 23, 30, 0

■ 250, 255, 214 ■ 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 255, 242

■ 114, 122, 83 ■ 114, 122, 83

■ 111, 122, 71 ■ 117, 122, 95

■ 109, 122, 59 ■ 119, 122, 107

■ 106, 122, 46

■ 122, 122, 120

■ 104, 122, 34

■ 124, 122, 132

■ 101, 122, 22

■ 127, 122, 144

■ 99, 122, 10

■ 129, 122, 156

■ 97, 122, 0

■ 132, 122, 168

■ 134, 122, 181

■ 137, 122, 193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134, 116, 80



114, 122, 83



92, 126, 96

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114, 122, 83



64, 126, 149



154, 104, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114, 122, 83



91, 83, 122

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140, 108, 140



114, 122, 83



89, 121, 156

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114, 122, 83



57, 128, 134



117, 114, 153



156, 105, 102

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114, 122, 83



77, 128, 108



117, 114, 153



151, 105, 128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114, 122, 83



155, 158, 142



122, 91, 83



77, 79, 70



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114, 122, 83



146, 158, 98



95, 122, 83



60, 61, 55



99, 125, 0



201, 252, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 83, 122



110, 98, 158



110, 83, 122



56, 55, 61



26, 0, 125



52, 0, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 114, 122, 83 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 114, 122, 83 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

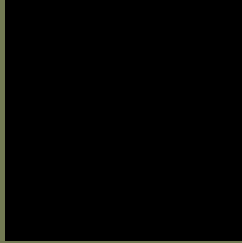
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 114, 122, 83 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 114, 122, 83.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 114, 122, 83.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

114, 122, 83

Protanopia

127, 118, 81

Deuteranopia

140, 113, 85



Tritanopia
120, 117, 126

Trichromacy



Original Color

114, 122, 83

Protanomaly

122, 119, 82

Deuteranomaly

131, 116, 84

Tritanomaly

118, 119, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color

114, 122, 83

Achromatopsia

115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly

115, 118, 103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 114, 122, 83 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 122, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 122, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 122, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 122, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 114, 122, 83 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 122, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 122, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 122, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 122, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 122, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 122,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 114, 122, 83 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 122, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
122, 83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor