

Converting Colors

RGB(114, 175, 205)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(114, 175, 205) contains.

RGB(114, 175, 205)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(114, 175, 205)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72AFCD
RGB	114, 175, 205
RGB Percent	45%, 69%, 80%
CMY	0.5529, 0.3137, 0.1961
CMYK	0.44, 0.15, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	200°, 48%, 63%
HSV	200°, 44%, 80%
XYZ	33.2888, 38.6451, 63.4624
YIQ	160.1810, -45.9860, -3.6020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

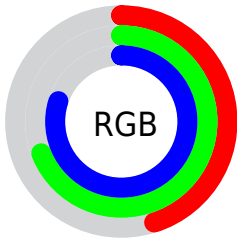
Format	Color
R _Y B	114, 151, 205
Decimal	7516109
CIE Lab	68.49, -11.75, -21.39
CIE LCh	68, 24.402, 241.210
Yxy	38.6451, 0.2459, 0.2854
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285706189 (0xFF72AFCD)
YUV	160.1810, 22.0958, -40.5007
Hunter-Lab	62.1652, -13.2041, -17.0115

Details

The RGB color **114, 175, 205** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **205, 144, 114**, and the grayscale version is **160, 160, 160**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170, 231, 255**, and **58, 123, 151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 168, 205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 182, 205**.

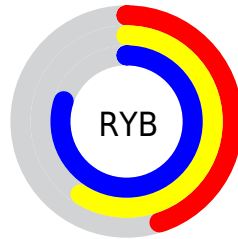
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (69%)

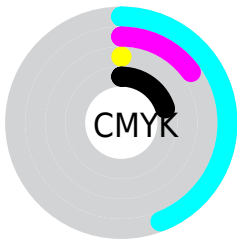
Blue (80%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (80%)

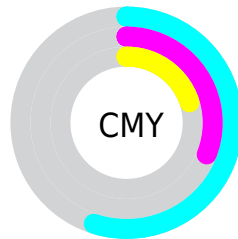


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 114, 175, 205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 114, 175, 205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 114, 175, 205


255, 255, 255


 170, 231, 255

 198, 255, 255

 227, 255, 255

 114, 175, 205

 86, 148, 177

 58, 123, 151

 26, 98, 125

 0, 74, 100

 0, 51, 76

 0, 30, 53

 0, 2, 32

 0, 0, 4

 0, 0, 0

■ 114, 175, 205

■ 114, 175, 205

■ 94, 168, 205

■ 134, 182, 205

■ 73, 161, 205

■ 155, 189, 205

■ 53, 155, 205

■ 176, 195, 205

■ 32, 148, 205

■ 196, 202, 205

■ 12, 141, 205

■ 217, 209, 205

■ 0, 137, 205

■ 237, 216, 205

■ 255, 222, 205

■ 255, 229, 205

■ 255, 236, 205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102, 179, 189



114, 175, 205



141, 169, 211

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114, 175, 205



210, 151, 167



159, 173, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114, 175, 205



205, 144, 114

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182, 166, 123



114, 175, 205



211, 153, 145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114, 175, 205



196, 154, 189



201, 158, 129



133, 177, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114, 175, 205



162, 164, 208



201, 158, 129



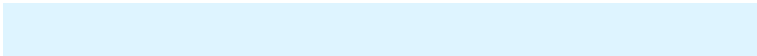
167, 171, 126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114, 175, 205



222, 244, 255



114, 205, 143



107, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



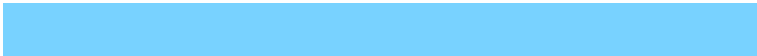
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114, 175, 205



120, 210, 255



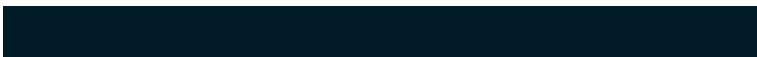
114, 131, 205



92, 99, 102



0, 111, 166



0, 26, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



205, 114, 175



255, 120, 210



205, 188, 114



102, 92, 99



166, 0, 111



38, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 114, 175, 205 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

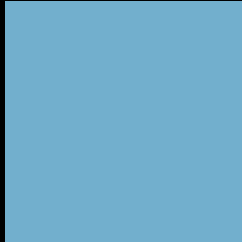
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 114, 175, 205 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 114, 175, 205 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 114, 175, 205.

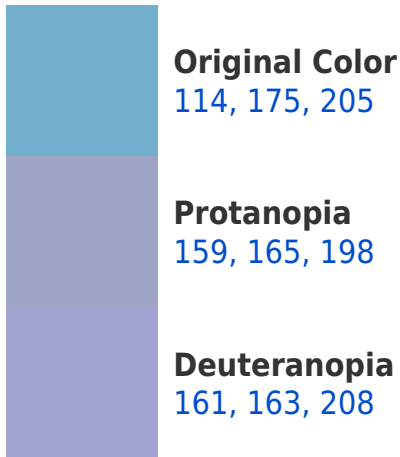


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 114, 175, 205.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

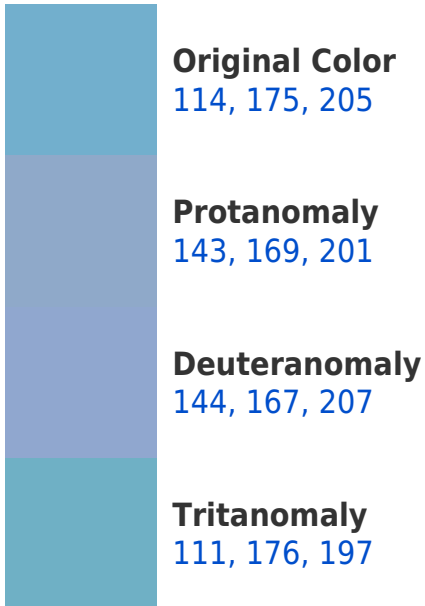
Dichromacy



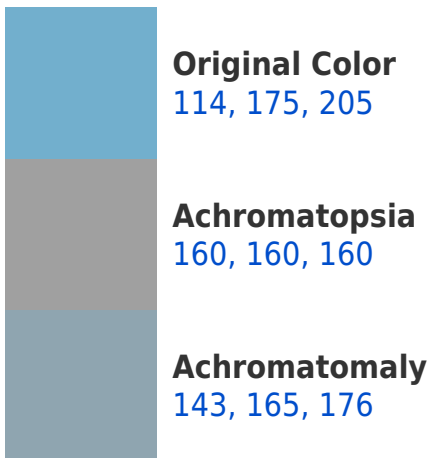


Tritanopia
110, 177, 192

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 114, 175, 205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 175, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 175, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 175, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 175, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 114, 175, 205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

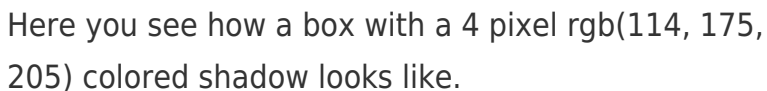
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 175, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 175, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 175, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 175, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 175, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 175,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 114, 175, 205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 175, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
175, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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