

Converting Colors

RGB(114, 242, 179)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(114, 242, 179) contains.

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Color

RGB(114, 242, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72F2B3
RGB	114, 242, 179
RGB Percent	45%, 95%, 70%
CMY	0.5529, 0.0510, 0.2980
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.26, 0.05
HSL	150°, 83%, 70%
HSV	150°, 53%, 95%
XYZ	46.8282, 70.3363, 53.7560
YIQ	196.5460, -56.0650, -46.7290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

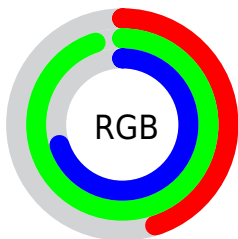
Format	Color
RYB	114, 199, 242
Decimal	7533235
CIELab	87.16, -49.76, 19.79
CIELCh	87, 53.549, 158.307
Yxy	70.3363, 0.2740, 0.4115
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285723315 (0xFF72F2B3)
YUV	196.5460, -8.6502, -72.3928
Hunter-Lab	83.8668, -47.0987, 20.7037

Details

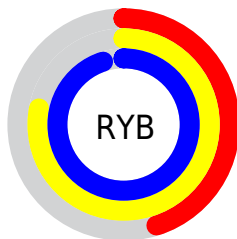
The RGB color **114, 242, 179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **242, 114, 177**, and the grayscale version is **197, 197, 197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173, 255, 235**, and **49, 185, 126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 242, 167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **138, 242, 191**.

Distribution



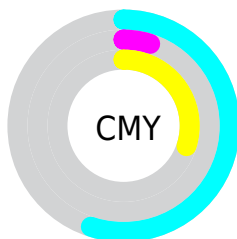
- Red (45%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 114, 242, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 114, 242, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 114, 242, 179

255, 255, 255


 173, 255, 235

 203, 255, 255


 233, 255, 255

 114, 242, 179

 83, 213, 152

 49, 185, 126

 0, 157, 101

 0, 131, 77

 0, 105, 53

 0, 79, 31

 0, 55, 9

 0, 33, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 114, 242, 179

■ 114, 242, 179

■ 90, 242, 167

■ 138, 242, 191

■ 66, 242, 155

■ 162, 242, 203

■ 41, 242, 143

■ 187, 242, 215

■ 17, 242, 131

■ 211, 242, 227

■ 0, 242, 123

■ 235, 242, 239

■ 255, 242, 250

■ 255, 242, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182, 234, 136



114, 242, 179



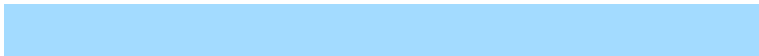
0, 245, 231

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114, 242, 179



163, 219, 255



255, 185, 158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114, 242, 179



242, 114, 177

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 177, 206



114, 242, 179



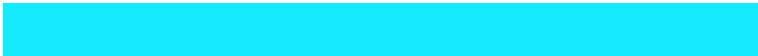
242, 200, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114, 242, 179



22, 234, 255



255, 183, 255



255, 202, 124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114, 242, 179



0, 244, 255



255, 183, 255



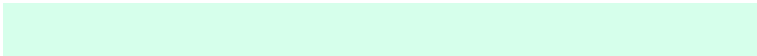
255, 181, 173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114, 242, 179



214, 255, 235



178, 242, 114



103, 128, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114, 242, 179



94, 255, 176



114, 242, 242



108, 120, 114



0, 184, 93



0, 56, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 114, 177



255, 94, 173



242, 114, 114



120, 108, 114



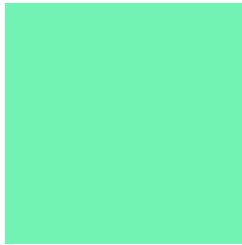
184, 0, 90



56, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 114, 242, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

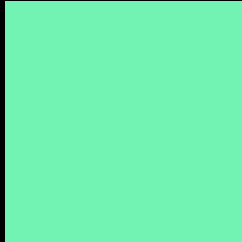
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 114, 242, 179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

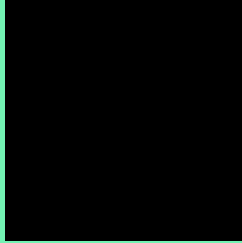
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 114, 242, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 114, 242, 179.

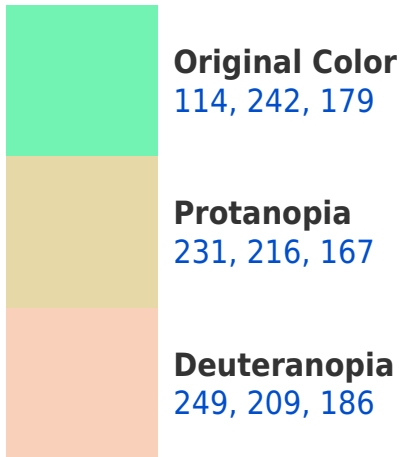


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 114, 242, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
135, 233, 251

Trichromacy



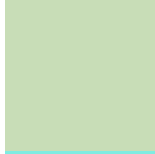
Original Color

114, 242, 179



Protanomaly

188, 225, 171



Deuteranomaly

200, 221, 183



Tritanomaly

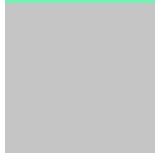
127, 236, 225

Monochromacy



Original Color

114, 242, 179



Achromatopsia

197, 197, 197



Achromatomaly

167, 213, 190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 114, 242, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 242, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 242, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 242, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 242, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 114, 242, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 242, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 242, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 242, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 242, 179); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 242, 179); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 242, 179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 114, 242, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 242, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
242, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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